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The Defense Program

THE ARMY MOVES FORWARD

TREMENDOUS strides in the reorganization and expansion of the Army to an extent never before embarked upon in peace times, have marked the past twelve months during which General George Marshall, Chief of Staff, has shouldered a military task heretofore encountered only when this nation was at war.

As a matter of fact the bulk of the task came in the late Fall and Winter, for the authority to order out the National Guard and Reserves, requested by the War Department early in the year, was not enacted until 27 Aug., while the Selective Service Act designed to fill out the ranks of the Regular and National Guard organizations, was not made law until the following month. Subsequently funds were appropriated to put these laws into effect. When it is realized that 40 new "cities," including housing, electricity, sewerage systems, mess halls and all that go to care for thousands of men, had to be built to house the National Guard units, the enormity of the task can be envisioned. Yet by Spring, there will be approximately 1,400,000 soldiers in the field as compared with barely over 200,000 at the beginning of 1940.

During 1940 the Army was reorganized, rebuilt, "streamlined" and new equipment designed to meet the specific problems revealed by the conflict in Europe.

Repeated flying visits to army posts and stations throughout the United States, Hawaii, Alaska, Puerto Rico and the Canal Zone, helped give the Chief of Staff a "picture" of American defenses and American defense needs. These visits have been and are being steadily translated into active developments.

At the beginning of the year, with President Roosevelt asking for an appropriation of \$1,007,356,596 for the Army, General Marshall told Congress the funds then requested would provide equipment for the existing army, and after that full equipment for a Protective Mobilization force of about 750,000 men, followed by increased personnel to provide for completion of another Infantry Division and organization of needed Corps and Army troops. It was not until later in the year that funds were forthcoming for the program as now envisioned.

The 1940-41 Training Directive set forth the program in brief: "The primary objective is to prepare units to take the field on short notice at existing strength, ready to function effectively in combat."

A most far-reaching change in Army organization was taken when General Marshall announced the separation of the mechanized elements of the Infantry and Cavalry and their incorporation into an Armored Force. Accompanying this was an announcement by the Chief of Staff of a change in the high command to coordinate all troop training with the creation of the nucleus of a General Headquarters to be located at the Army War College and with Brig. Gen. Lesley J. McNair as Chief of Staff. With these changes came an announcement of a big air expansion program in which the Army arranged to train 7,000 pilots a year along with an addi-

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Three Navy Personnel
Boards Draft Reports

Three important pieces of Navy legislation are expected to be at the Capitol for Congressional consideration within a few days after the 77th Congress convenes on 3 Jan. 1941.

The legislation will be embodied in the recommendations of three boards which have made extensive studies into Navy personnel needs.

One board will report on the advisability of creating a technical staff corps for specialists now in the line of the Navy.

A second report will go into problems of the existing staff corps.

The third report will discuss personnel needs of the naval air arm in view of the new program calling for 10,000 planes.

Naval aviation personnel needs have been the subject of study of the so-called Horne Board. This board first met in the summer of 1939, as directed by the Naval Aviation Personnel Act of 1939, and last January rendered a report to Congress. However, the board's findings were outmoded almost as soon as rendered because of the projected many-fold expansion of the naval air force. Accordingly, the board was reconvened this past October and held sessions through 25 Nov. The amended report of the board is now being studied by officials of the various bureaus of the Navy Department.

The second session of the board, like the first, was presided over by Rear Adm. Frederick J. Horne, member of the Navy Department General Board. Also on both boards were Capt. G. D. Murray, USN, and Comdr. E. T. Short, USN. The Marine officer on the first board, Col. L. G. Merritt, was succeeded by Lt. Col. H. C. Major, and the recorder, Lt. Comdr. Apollo Soucek, was succeeded by Lt. Comdr. A. W. Wheelock. Comdr. T. S. Coombs, USN, was a member of the second Horne board.

Latest findings of the board will not be made public until submission to Congress. The board's first report, published as House Document No. 566, held that Regular navy aviators should be kept in the line, but that continuous assignments to aviation duties should not prejudice their careers as officers. It held that at least 45 per cent of all naval pilots should be permanent officers, either regulars or Reservists retained on active duty for long periods, that 109 Naval Academy graduates each year should be qualified as naval pilots, as a proportionate share for the aviation branch, on the basis of 1,731 of the 3,827 pilots needed by 1945 being permanent officers, and that the resultant shortages of officers in both line and aviation should be met by calling Reservists to duty. It was recommended that air specialties be set up for warrant officers, that enlisted men qualified as naval aviation pilots should not lose that rating upon appointment as warrant officers, that the number of naval aviation pilots should not exceed 20 per cent of total pilot strength.

It was thought that many of these recommendations, as well as others of a similar nature, should be restudied in the face of changing conditions.

With return of Assistant Secretary of
(Continued on Next Page)

The New Congress and Defense

Because of the rapidity with which, at its final session, the Congress expiring next week expanded the armed forces it was impossible for the War and Navy Departments to foresee all the appropriations which would be necessary for the most gigantic defense effort ever undertaken by this or any other country in time of peace. On this account additional millions will be asked of the coming Congress at its first session not only for regular maintenance but also to round out the legislative program enacted by the 76th Congress.

In this category is the \$300,000,000 which the new Congress will be asked to provide for making "major alterations" to combatant vessels of the Navy in order to improve their defense against aircraft attacks. The reasons why such an appropriation will be required have already been set forth in a statement by Secretary

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Admiral Stark Greets
Naval Service by Radio

A Christmas greeting to the Navy was extended by Admiral Harold N. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, on Christmas eve over the nation-wide facilities of the red network of the National Broadcasting Company.

The broadcast was arranged by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

On 7 January, at 6:15 P.M. EST, in another NBC broadcast arranged by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff of the Army, will extend New Year's greetings to the Army and tell of the plans for 1941.

In last Tuesday's broadcast, Admiral Stark was introduced by Col. John Callan O'Laughlin, publisher of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, who said:

"Good evening, Ladies and Gentlemen. Included in this salutation are the officers and men of the United States Navy, afloat and ashore. This is Colonel John Callan O'Laughlin speaking to you from Washington. In the studio with me is Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations. For many years, as Publisher of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, it has been my privilege to be in close contact with the leaders of our Armed Forces. This year, on the eve of the Christmas Holiday, it seems to be appropriate that the highest officer of the Navy, upon whom falls the great responsibility of insuring at all times the maximum readiness of the Fleet and Squadrons for War, should extend, by radio, his greetings to the officers and men of the Service and to their folks at home.

"May I present Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations."

Admiral Stark then spoke as follows:

"Thank you, Colonel O'Laughlin. And I wish also to thank the National Broadcasting Company for making it possible to extend over its network my Christmas Greetings and best New Year wishes to the officers and men of our Navy. When I say Navy, of course, I include the Marine Corps, which is part of the Navy and one of its most efficient arms.

"The past year has seen the launching
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New Army Regulations
Clarify Command Chain

To clarify status of the chain of commands caused by separating tactical functions from the Corps Areas, the War Department has issued a new edition of Army Regulations 000-20 which supersedes the edition of 1935 including changes No. 1 of 1938.

The regulations add a sub-paragraph b to paragraph 3 to provide that "commanders of elements of field forces or harbor defense stationed in or undergoing training in a Corps Area are ineligible to assume command of the Corps Area unless assigned to that duty by War Department orders. The provisions of this sub-paragraph do not apply to territorial departments."

The regulations insert a new paragraph 4 clarifying the eligibility of officers for command of Army posts. It also states that an officer who is ineligible to command the station to which he is assigned is ineligible to command a Corps Area.

Also new Army regulations governing administration of Posts, Camps and Stations were issued by the War Department on 20 Dec. to re-define the term "post," define the duties of the officer commanding and the post commander, and outline training facilities and supervision of training.

The term "post" is expanded to include air base and airdrome. Permanent military posts within the continental limits of the United States, including Alaska will be established only with the express authority of Congress. Posts in the insular possessions of the United States will be established under the direction of the Secretary of War.

Paragraph 3 of the new orders reads:

"Officer Commanding—*a*. A general officer commanding a post or a post commander who is also the commander of a tactical unit will leave the supervision of appropriate details of post administration to the post executive and the supervision of appropriate details of administration pertaining to units to the commanders of those units. He is encouraged to delegate to the post executive any or all of his duties pertaining to post administration except those defined in *b* below.

"*b*. The following duties of a post commander may not be delegated:

"(1) Those duties which are imposed upon post commanders by law, such as those mentioned in the pertinent Articles of War appropriation acts, and other statutory provisions.

"(2) Those duties which, on account of their manifest importance, or because of special existing local conditions, may not be appropriately delegated."

Following are the remaining sections of the new regulations:

"4. Duties, general, post commander—*a*. A post commander is responsible for insuring that the provisions of Army Regulations are strictly observed and that local instructions are guided by their spirit and intention. When interpretation is necessary, post commanders are expected to interpret the regulations reasonably, intelligently, and with due regard to the interests of the service.

"*b*. The duties of a post commander include responsibility for the following:

"(1) Safety and defense of the post.

"(2) Welfare, discipline, conduct, bearing and appearance of military personnel.

"(3) Instruction, tactical efficiency, and preparedness for war service of all troops of the garrison not exempted by the provisions

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President's "Lease and Mortgage" Plan To Help Britain Excites Wide Comment

Considerable press comment has been aroused by President Roosevelt's "lending the fire hose" plan to speed help to Great Britain, whereby the United States would lend supplies to England, accompanied by a mortgage which would be liquidated at the close of hostilities in Europe through the return or replacement in kind of the supplies lent.

The New York *Daily News* views with disfavor any scheme to lend money or supplies to Great Britain. "Make it a sale or a gift," the *News* urged editorially, and suggests that "the United States ought to buy—not lease—such British territory in this part of the world as would be of strategic value to the United States . . . It will be a gift, anyway, if it isn't a sale, no matter what we call this gift. The money won't be paid back after this war, any more than after the last war." On the other hand, the Tucson (Ariz.) *Star*, points out that Britain's "dollar resources will be largely exhausted by the end of 1941" and says the question of what our government should do "resolves itself down to the question of whether it and the people it represents want to see British power broken and a Hitler-dominated Europe. The decision is going to be made. That much is certain. The big issue is whether we want the decision made in our favor or against us."

The President's proposal is called a "welcome step in the direction of recognizing the basic realities in this whole question of financing American aid to Britain" by the New York *Herald Tribune*. "We must, for our own safety's sake, go on supplying Great Britain, whether Great Britain can pay or not. When she can no longer pay we can either give the stuff or lend it . . . the only important thing about the financing is that we do not again allow bookkeeping to blind us to the realities of fact." As to the practicability of the plan, however, the *Herald Tribune* is not so sure. "In the end . . . it would be far better for this country to recognize candidly and at once that, after a certain point, war supplies to Great Britain must essentially and inevitably be a gift."

In other quarters, the question is regarded as essentially one for the determination of Congress. Such a view is expressed by the Seattle (Wash.) *Times*, which says "It is up to Mr. Roosevelt to recommend or disapprove; but the question must go to Congress before anyone can answer it; and Congress itself will have questions to ask." And the St. Louis (Mo.) *Star-Times* also declares Congress should decide, but pointing to Hitler's recent speech directed against America, adds, "with

this speech of Hitler's in hand, the sponsors of aid to Britain should approach the debate in Congress with confidence." Furthermore, "since this aid depends upon Britain's ability to purchase war supplies in this country, it is logical to assume that the American people would approve the removal of credit restraints to make these purchases possible."

An approving comment is made by the Washington *Post* which says the President's announcement "will impart a new strength to the upturned thumb of the British." "Britain wants to be assured, as do American manufacturers with long-run commitments from the British, that they can keep on buying our materials after they have exhausted their marketable resources in America. And they want to insure on this side their own domestic schedule of output against destruction. Now both the assurance and the insurance are under discussion, according to the President . . . over a plan whereby the United States Government would act as a sort of factor or financial middleman for the British purchaser."

"Final judgment on this or any other plan must await detailed study," is the view of the Baltimore *Sun*, which warns that "the acceleration of production on British (and American) orders already placed is a matter quite as important as, if not more important than, the financing of orders yet to come," emphasizing the fact that "British victory is dependent upon the maintenance of a dominant position on the seas that will allow the free movement of foodstuffs and military supplies into British ports." Going a step further, the *Sun* avers "it is obvious that this country has high stakes . . . in eventual British success," which it says "will be dependent in no small degree upon the flow of airplanes and supplies from the United States."

A call to bring the matter out into the open is sounded by the Syracuse (N.Y.) *Herald-Journal*, which declares "the 'cash-and-carry' and the Johnson Acts were enacted because it was believed that they reflected public opinion. If sentiment has now changed, then the open and above-board procedure is to repeal any laws which no longer square with that sentiment." But in a friendlier tone, the same editorial adds that "it is recognized that the British are rendering a service to America in giving this country time to whip its defense into shape." Support of this stand is found in an editorial in the Topeka (Kans.) *Capital*, which decries any effort to "detour the Johnson Act."

The New Congress and Defense (Continued from First Page)

Knox. This money will be sought in the 1942 appropriations bill to be available 1 July 1941. Other millions will be asked for expenditure for other purposes included in the naval program authorized by the Congress—purposes which could not be foreseen when the original bills were enacted. As these requests are approved by the Director of the Budget they will be submitted to the appropriate committee for approval.

To increase the United States Marine Corps to a minimum strength of 50,000 is a recommendation upon which the new Congress will be requested to act promptly that the additional personnel may be obtained and start training as soon as possible. Funds also will be asked by the Navy to train not less than 240,000 men during 1942 in order that the men may have completed preliminary training as the new ships go into commission. Additional funds also will be requested for recruiting the required number of aviation cadets which are to begin their training next spring.

No more money will be asked immediately for work on the new naval bases recently acquired, but when he was inspecting in the Canal Zone Secretary Knox declared that its defenses were not as strong as he hoped soon to see them. It is expected that additional funds will be requested for strengthening the land, sea and air defenses of the canal and that the War and Navy Departments will present to the Congress a united front in urging prompt action on this vital matter.

Legislation will be pressed for the establishment of a Coast Guard Reserve, patterned after the Naval Reserve, that the

new component may be available for active duty in time of national emergency. This measure will provide that chief warrant officers and warrant officers and enlisted men of the regular Coast Guard would be eligible for commissions in the Coast Guard Reserve.

Congress will again be asked to enact legislation providing for the payment of retired officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps of general and flag rank full active duty pay and allowances when called to service. The Navy Department believes that officers above the rank of Colonel in the Army or Marine Corps and of the rank of Captain in the Navy should be allowed full pay and allowances of grade or rank when on active duty.

New items in the legislative program of the War Department have yet to be released by the budget nor has the total appropriation for the military establishment which the new Congress will be called on to provide yet been vouchsafed to the Department. As in the case of the Navy, however, the haste with which the expiring Congress at its last session provided for the expansion of the land and air forces makes it logical to expect that supplemental or deficiency appropriations will be requested of the new Congress to round out the land and air defense programs voted by the expiring Congress.

In the meantime it is certain that the Department will vigorously oppose the enactment of all proposed amendments to the selective service law changing the ages of selectees. To the contention that only young men of the age of twenty-one should be called to this service the rejoinder is made by those who have studied the question that the Department deliberately fixed the ages in the law now on the statute books for good and sufficient reasons.

Aside from making available a larger pool of man power, the higher ages insure the Army getting many men who have had some training in a trade and will therefore be all the sooner ready for efficient service in this emergency. Another advantage of the higher ages is that the reduction of unemployment made possible by the expansion of the Army will not be limited to young men of 21 years of age who are out of work but will include men up to 35. Ultimately it is expected that a training law will be recommended providing for the training of young men after they become eighteen. The bulk of the men undergoing annual training should such a system be adopted a few years hence would be between eighteen and twenty-one or twenty-two years of age.

It is estimated the defense program will

cost not less than \$8,000,000,000 during the coming year and that the measures to aid Britain will cost another \$3,000,000. These estimates are tentative however and probably an authoritative statement on the subject will not be forthcoming until the New Year is far spent. The President already has announced that he will not give out figures in his broadcast on the defense program on Sunday night, 28 December which are not known to all governments. Appropriations for non-defense projects it is predicted will be curtailed in view of the additional sums to be requested for the defense program.

Navy Personnel Boards (Continued from First Page)

the Navy Lewis Compton to Washington 26 Dec. from an extensive inspection tour of West Coast shipbuilding facilities, the second of the two boards, that to study advisability of creating a technical staff corps, will accelerate its work in order to complete its report by the first of the year. The report is not due at the Capitol until 10 days after Congress convenes, or on 13 Jan., but it is desired to finish the document sooner in order that bureau chiefs may become familiar with its contents.

Assisting Mr. Compton on the board are Admiral Joseph M. Reeves, USN-Ret., and Capt. Daniel J. Callaghan, and though Mr. Compton was on the West Coast and Captain Callaghan in the Caribbean, Admiral Reeves continued his work uninterrupted during this month.

Upon his return to Washington, the night of 26 Dec., Mr. Compton declared that he would make the work of the board his "first order of business" and would consult with Admiral Reeves the following morning.

The technical staff corps board is referred to as the Maas board, because the senior minority member of the House Naval Affairs Committee had included in the act which abolished the Construction Corps and transferred its members to the line, the proviso that a board should submit a report within 10 days of the convening of Congress to "make recommendations as to the advisability of establishing a Technical Staff Corps as an adjunct to the line of the Navy but separate therefrom."

There are 348 officers of the line designated for specialist duty, exclusive of 12 officers recently designated for engineering duty only. The group includes 210 officers of the former Construction Corps, 76 engineering duty only officers, 50 aeronautical engineering duty only officers,

2 aerologists, 3 ordnance experts, 4 radio engineers and 3 communications experts.

The third report to go to Congress will be one by the same three-man board—Mr. Compton, Admiral Reeves and Captain Callaghan—which before taking up the technical staff corps question conducted an investigation into the distribution, promotion and retirement of officers of the staff corps. The report of this board, together with legislative recommendations, has been in the hands of bureau chiefs and the fleet commander for study prior to submission to Congress. The study into means of equalizing staff corps promotions with those of the line was ordered by the President after he had vetoed amendments to the Line Selection Act of 1938.

Both of the investigations of the three-man board are an outgrowth of studies made for the past 50 years, the latest being one made last year by a committee headed by Rear Adm. Ernest J. King. This board, composed of a representative of each staff corps and of each group of line specialists, failed to produce any recommendations, the majority report being dissented to in no less than four minority reports.

The new, smaller board set itself three principles of action: Is any proposed recommendation for the best interests of the Navy as a whole? Does it promote the efficiency of the staff corps? Does it meet the particular needs and conditions of the staff corps involved?

Tell your friends to subscribe to the Army and Navy Journal and keep in touch with the service personnel.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Army to activate 600 additional units?

Navy mess dues not deductible from income?

Maryland's Governor offers to waive requirements for State automobile license plates?

Field Artillery organization in triangular divisions?

Organized Marine Reserve aviation squadrons mobilized?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot get this vital information from any other source.

Federal and State Income Taxes
Instructions relative to the making of official reports on the incomes of military and civilian personnel of the War Department were issued to the service this week. Reports will be made on all who received \$800 or more during the calendar year 1940.

After quoting the laws requiring the rendering of such reports, the instructions state:

"Under regulations of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Treasury Department, T. D. 3011 (parts 28 to 33), approved by the Acting Secretary of the Treasury, 24 Sept. 1940, promulgated in pursuance of the above-quoted provision of law, it is required, in the case of payments of \$800 or more in 1940 or subsequent calendar years made by the United States to persons in its service (military or civil), consisting of wages, salaries, or compensation in any other form, that reports for each calendar year will be made on or before 15 Feb. of the following year."

"For the purpose of these reports, wages, salaries, or other compensation will include gross amount earned as base and longevity pay, flying pay, and all other additions to pay, including reenlistment allowance. However, rental or subsistence allowances received by or credited to officers; subsistence and quarters allowances; commuted rations received by or credited to enlisted men; credits of exchange relief under the provisions of the act of 26 March 1934 (48 Stat. 406), as amended; accumulated clothing allowance paid to enlisted men on discharge; deposits repaid on discharge and mileage, per diem, or other forms of travel allowances and other reimbursements of like character will not be included."

"Note.—The items which are required to be included in these reports are not necessarily the only items which individual taxpayers should include as income in their income tax returns, for example, mileage allowances and per diem (with exemption claimed for actual expenses), and also reimbursement for transportation of dependents, should be reported by the taxpayers as income, although such items are not required in the reports of disbursing officers on Treasury Department Form 1099 (see par. 6)."

"For the purposes of this report an amount is deemed to have been paid when it is credited or set apart to the individual without any substantial limitation or restriction as to the time or manner of payment or condition upon which payment is to be made and which is made available to said individual so that it may be drawn by him or her at any time and its receipt brought within his or her own control and disposition."

"For the calendar year 1940, and for each subsequent calendar year unless and until instructions are issued to the contrary, each disbursing officer will prepare on Treasury Department form 1099 reports of the exact amount paid to each person (military and civil) in and under the Army or the War Department who is paid by each such disbursing officer, and who is entitled to wages, salary, or compensation at the rate of \$800 or more per annum, said forms to be accompanied by covering Treasury Department Form 1096 and forwarded direct to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue on or before 15 Feb. following the end of each calendar year. The necessary supply of these forms will be secured by each disbursing officer from the nearest Collector of Internal Revenue. In such reports the total wages, salary, or compensation as above defined will be set forth in one sum on Form 1099. When completed, all Forms 1099 will be transmitted direct to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., accompanied by Form 1096 with notation of the total number of Forms 1099 which are transmitted thereby. Form 1096 will be signed by the officer making the report, using name and grade, but need not be sworn to when transmitted by an officer of the Army."

Relative to State Taxes

"Information relative to the salaries of Federal officers and employees is made available by the Bureau of Internal Revenue to States having income tax laws by opening to their inspection copies of Federal income tax returns; however, it is the policy of the War Department to furnish such additional information relating to the compensation of personnel paid through military agencies as may be required and requested by State authorities for the purpose of administering the provisions of the above acts in accordance with State law."

"In addition to data which may from time to time be requested by State authorities and which will be furnished by the activity or agency preparing payrolls, disbursing officers will furnish to the Governor or appropriate State agency, after the close of each calendar year, at the same time that such information is furnished to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, a copy of Treasury Department Form 1099, which is furnished the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, covering payments made to all military and civil personnel, regardless of marital status, who are entitled

to wages, salaries, or compensation at the rate of \$800 or more per annum."

"With each group of Forms 1099 forwarded to State authorities, the disbursing officer will forward a covering letter containing a statement in substance as follows:

"These reports are submitted on personnel actually present for the time being within the geographical boundaries of the State of The furnishing of these reports is not to be taken as a determination by the military authorities or the War Department that any person named therein is a citizen or resident of or domiciled in such State nor that any person named therein is in any way subject to the taxing jurisdiction of the said State. It merely means that the person is stationed at the place named."

"Circular No. 353, Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, Washington, D. C., 1940, addressed to the heads of Executive departments, independent establishments, and agencies as amended by Circular No. 354, 27 Jan. 1940, provides in part as follows:

"The following States have income tax laws:

Alabama	Mississippi
Arizona	Missouri
Arkansas	Montana
California	New Mexico
Colorado	New York
Delaware	North Carolina
District of Columbia	North Dakota
Georgia	Oklahoma
Idaho	Oregon
Indiana	South Carolina
Iowa	South Dakota
Kansas	Utah
Kentucky	Vermont
Louisiana	Virginia
Maryland	West Virginia
Massachusetts	Wisconsin
Minnesota	

"The District of Columbia income tax has been held to have no application to the following:

"Persons in the military or foreign service, who were not domiciled in the District of Columbia at the time of enlistment or appointment, assigned to service in the District for a definite period and temporarily residing therein while performing the duties of such assignment, and who have not voluntarily established a domicile in the District of Columbia."

Air Corps Non-Flying Courses

The War Department announced this week that shortly after the first of the year it will offer to eligible former Flying Cadets and to civilians who meet the prescribed requirements, a course of training to qualify them as Air Corps squadron engineering officers. This course carries with it no pilot instruction and prepares only for ground duty.

The status, as well as pay and allowances of cadets undergoing this specialized non-pilot course of training is the same as that for cadets receiving pilot training. They are designated "Flying Cadets", and upon satisfactory completion of the course (requiring about nine months) are eligible for commission as 2nd Lieutenant, Air Corps Reserve. Applicants for this course must meet the general requirements for appointment as flying cadets. They must be unmarried citizens of the United States between the ages of twenty to twenty-six inclusive, of good character, sound physique, and in excellent health. While the physical requirements are less rigid than those required for pilot training, candidates must meet the standards prescribed for appointment in the Officers Reserve Corps of the Army.

First priority candidates for the engineering course must be college graduates with a degree in engineering. Candidates with senior standing in engineering colleges will be eligible in the second priority. The training program will include theoretical and practical engineering training in both civil and Air Corps schools pertaining to the maintenance of aircraft. The following subjects will be given: Fundamental of aerodynamics, Airplane design, Airplane engines and installation, Airplane engines laboratory, Airplane stress analysis, Structure and aerodynamics of military airplanes, Aircraft instruments, Propeller design, and Aircraft detail design.

Applicants for Air Corps engineering training will receive twelve weeks of training at either New York University or Purdue University. Fifty applicants will enter each university every three months beginning with January, 1941. This preliminary training will be followed by approximately six months of training

at the Air Corps Technical School, Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill.

In addition to the engineering school, schools for the training of squadron armament and communications officers, as well as photographic officers, will be established. The armament and photographic schools will be located at Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., and the communications school at Scott Field, Belleville, Ill.

The requirements for admission to these schools are a college degree together with some training or experience relative to these various fields. Approximately nine months of training is required to complete the course in each of these schools. The status of applicants while undergoing the courses of training will be that of Flying Cadet.

Applicants for admission to the communications, armament and photographic schools are not being accepted at this time.

Army Identification Tags

New regulations setting forth types of identification tags and the methods of wearing them were issued this week by the War Department. The Quartermaster Corps was charged with the storage and issue of identification tags and embossing machines, while the Medical Department was charged with the storage and issue of machines for transcribing entries from identification tags.

The new portions of AR 600-40, as changed this week, read as follows:

"35. Tags, identification.—a. Two identification tags of monel metal, each approximately 2 inches long by 1½ inches wide, and about 0.025 inch thick, the corners rounded and the edges smooth, will be worn by each member of the Army when in the field, when traveling on transports, and when the field kit is worn in garrison; one tag to be suspended from the neck underneath the clothing by a cord or tape, 40 inches in length, passed through a small hole in the tag, the second to be suspended about 2½ inches above the first one, on the same cord or tape, both held securely in place by knots.

"b. Each tag has a capacity of five lines of type, and will be embossed, by a machine provided for that purpose, as follows:

"First line: Name of wearer.
"Second line: Army serial number.
"Third line: Name of person to be notified in case of emergency.

"Fourth line: Street address of person to be notified in case of emergency.
"Fifth line: City and state address of person to be notified in case of emergency.

"c. Identification tags are prescribed as a part of the uniform, and will be habitually worn in the possession of the owner. The tags embossed as herein provided will be issued to each member of the Army as soon as practicable after entry into the service."

New 45,000-Ton Battleship

The keel of the battleship Missouri, the Navy's new 45,000 ton battleship that will be one of the largest ever built, probably will be laid on 6 Jan. at the New York Navy Yard in Brooklyn. The Missouri keel will be laid on ways No. 1, which have been reconstructed and lengthened by 300 feet since the launching of the 35,000 ton battleship North Carolina. Rear Adm. Clark H. Woodward, commanding of the Third Naval District, will officiate at the ceremony which will be barred to the public, both to avoid interruption to work and to prevent the possibility of sabotage. Capt. Joseph J. Brosch, industrial manager of the yard; Capt. L. N. McNair, captain of the yard, and Capt. Thomas B. Richey, in charge of construction, will help to drive the rivets that are to join the first two giant sections of the keel.

The speed-up in the Navy's construction program is making possible the laying of the Missouri's keel three months earlier than originally scheduled, and there will be three huge battleships simultaneously under construction at the yard when the Missouri is begun. The North Carolina is expected to be commissioned 15 July 1941, four months ahead of schedule, and the Iowa, the first 45,000-tonner to be built and a sister ship of the Missouri is also feeling the effects of the speed-up that is expected to reduce normal production time on the important phases of battleship construction by one-third. Both the Missouri and the Iowa will mount nine 16-inch guns in triple turrets, will be particularly heavy-armored, and will have speeds of about 38 knots.

TUNE IN TUNE IN

for a

New Year's Message

From

**GENERAL
GEORGE C.
MARSHALL**

Chief of Staff of the Army

Through the generous cooperation of the National Broadcasting Company and its superb facilities, the General will be enabled to wish the Army and the Nation a Happy and successful New Year, and tell them of the Army's plans for 1941.

This broadcast has been arranged by the

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

The General's message will come on the Red Network

6:15 p.m. E.S.T.
Tuesday, January 7

TUNE IN TUNE IN

THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Defense Program

(Continued from First Page)

tional 3,600 bombardiers. Test parachute platoons, reconnaissance platoons and additional armored divisions were scheduled.

With the completion in August of General Marshall's first full year as Chief of Staff came the report of great strides by the Army recruiting service which was bringing a steadily increasing number of enlistments in the Army month after month, and the European war took on a grimmer tone that led General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies, to publicly urge increased help to Great Britain including the transfer of 50 overage destroyers to England.

The Fall brought additional reorganization moves in the Army. General Marshall announced formation of a new Morale Division to coordinate the administration of all activities under the jurisdiction of The Adjutant General relating to the Army morale.

Recommendations made earlier were bearing fruit. The Infantry Board announced that studies of the use of parachute troops were under way at Fort Benning, Ga., and Hightstown, N. J. The new Air Corps was organized by the creation of four Air Districts and an increase from four to 17 wings. Maj. Gen. Delos Emmons was given the temporary rank of Lieutenant General, Air Corps, to bring the Air Force up to par with the four Armies, and plans were announced for the Air Corps to train nearly 2,500 men a year in specialties other than piloting.

Another move by General Marshall was the separation of the Corps Area commands from Army and tactical commands, making the Corps Area commands similar to the Service of Supply set up in France during the World War by General Pershing. Increases in Army personnel were assured by the signing by President Roosevelt of the Selective Service Act and the designation of 16 Oct. as registration day. Plans called for having 800,000 selective trainees in service by 15 June 1941.

In December the General Headquarters Air Force was taken from the Chief of Air Corps and placed as "an element of the field forces" under the command of the General commanding the Field Forces, General Marshall. Progress of the Infantry was disclosed in the new Infantry Manual making the first major revision in Infantry tactics since the World War.

This month, with the year rapidly coming to a close, General Marshall announced activation of nearly 600 new units to be manned principally by selectees with cadres formed by existing units, the activation to begin 4 Jan. 1941.

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NEAR HOYT STREET

10th Infantry March

The 10th United States Infantry has adopted as its Regimental March, a march entitled "Courage and Fidelity (The March of the 10th Infantry)" composed by Warrant Officer Harry R. Bradley, USA, the Regimental Band Leader, and M. Sgt. Robert J. McDuff, Service Company, 10th Infantry, the Regimental Sergeant-Major. Warrant Officer Bradley composed the music and Master Sergeant McDuff wrote the words.

At the direction of Lt. Col. James N. Peale, Regimental Commander, the march was played for the first time at the Regimental Guard Mounting formation held on the afternoon of 20 Dec. The words "Courage and Fidelity" in the title, which was suggested by Colonel Peale at the time orders were issued for the march to be composed, were taken from the motto of the 10th Infantry, which is "Courage and Fidelity."

Following is the chorus of the march: For the Tenth is marching—making history. Who holds the ground?—The Infantry! Queen of Battles—Rent lines asunder! Force to the front—mid battle's thunder! Forward always—into eternity! Earning again the motto "Courage and Fidelity."

First Corps Area

Camp Edwards, Mass.

The arrival of troops from Camp Devens was easily the main news event at the post during the week. They arrived before noon mess on Wednesday and during the afternoon were greeted by the commanding officer who introduced his staff by name and explained the functions of each. The orientation program was outlined and early training consisted of hardening marches about the reservation where officers were detailed to explain the various functions. These selectees arrived by train, the first passenger train to arrive at this post and it is interesting to note that the conductor of this train was also in charge of the first passenger train to arrive at Camp Devens in 1917.

Lt. Col. Francis Shearer, 208th CA (AA) arrived at the post to pay his respects to the commanding officer, and inspected quarters and accommodations for his regiment which will arrive at a later date, and expressed himself well pleased with the arrangements.

Officers of the 68th CA (AA) attended a conference of all officers concerned with the reception and sponsoring of the 208th CA (AA) when it arrives at the post for its tour of duty. The 68th will sponsor the regiment and arrangements are being made to receive the command with as little confusion as possible.

Lt. Col. B. W. Petton, QMC, Assistant Corps Area Quartermaster, visited the post on an inspection trip and visited the railhead and all quartermaster areas with the idea of making recommendations for improvement of present plans.

Lt. Col. C. H. Moore, G-1, 26th Division also visited the post, called upon the camp commander and other officers concerned with the housing of the division and inspected the accommodations for the Division which is expected to arrive in January.

Other visitors of note were Congressman Eugene Gifford, Major Lockhart, CQM, and John Alden, Commander of the local GAR post of New Bedford, who is 95 years old. Mr. Alden made many humorous comments in comparing the accommodations at this post with conditions as he remembers them during the campaign of 1861-1865, particularly in the method of training troops.

Alan Gordon of Harwich, appointed field director for Camp Edwards by National Headquarters of the Red Cross at Washington, presented his credentials and has been assigned a temporary office connected with the Corps Area Service Command.

Lieutenants John D. Keefe, Inf., and Stanley S. Lane, QMC, reported for duty and were assigned to the Corps Area Service Command.

Workmen have started to break ground in the area off Connery Avenue, prepara-

tory to the erection of buildings which will house the Corps Area Command.

Westover Field, Chicopee Falls, Mass. Col. Richard H. Ballard, Commanding Officer of Westover, outlined the part Westover Field is expected to play in the defense of New England during a radio address over the Colonial Network, Wednesday afternoon. New heavy bombardment planes to be included among 100 ships at the base, 3000 enlisted men and 300 officers are expected by late Spring, he declared in the radio address.

The U. S. Army Engineers under the supervision of Col. John S. Bragdon of Providence, R. I., moved in Monday and took charge of all further construction at Westover, the constructing quartermaster being relieved. Practically all the entire staff that was employed at the Constructing Quartermaster's headquarters were retained by the Engineer Corps.

The Military Hop held last Saturday night marked the departure of Lt. Col. Murdock A. McFadden, Capt. James M. Lamont, and Lt. Maurice Matisoff, all of the Constructing Quartermaster's office, who went to the Springfield Armory; and Lt. Col. Amory V. Elliot who went to Mitchel Field. The feature of the evening was the debut of the Westover Field Orchestra and the presentation of the "Westover March," the words of which were written and music composed by Owen T. Durant of Springfield. Mr. Durant at the time autographed the first copy and presented it to Col. Richard H. Ballard.

The formation of the NCO Club got off to a good start Monday night. Serving on the organization committee are Tech. Sgt. Leonard Court, First Sgt. Robert C. Bedwell and Staff Sgt. Wilfrid V. Moquin, AC; Master Sgt. Herman Schwartz and Tech. Sgt. Elmer Simmons, Finance Department; Staff Sgt. James W. Choate, MD; Tech. Sgt. Edwin Gladue and Staff Sgt. Stanley A. DeLoche, QMC.

Army Base, Boston, Mass. Maj. Howard W. Nester, AC-Res., spoke over Station WAAB and the Colonial Network of 19 stations on Thursday on the subject "Development of U. S. Army Air Corps in New England."

Curbing High Rents

Acting further on the problem of profiteering in the renting of quarters to officers and non-commissioned officers of the Army, the War Department this week notified the commanding generals of all Armies, Corps Areas and Departments to take up with the Department all such conditions which can not be corrected by local cooperation.

This is in line with the announcement by Secretary Stimson, reported in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL last week, that a Community Service Committee is to be organized for the purpose of helping to curb high rents and coordinate morale efforts.

"Reports reaching the War Department," says the letter sent out this week, "indicate that exorbitant rental charges for quarters for military personnel in the vicinity of posts, camps and stations in certain localities are seriously affecting the morale of large numbers of our expanding forces. Every effort to minimize this growing evil is enjoined upon all concerned."

"Commanding officers will endeavor to secure the cooperation of the local civilian authorities in the vicinity of their posts, camps and stations with a view of conducting a thorough investigation of properties available for the housing of military personnel and establishing an equitable rental scale for such property. Should it be impossible to secure such cooperation a report of conditions will be submitted to the War Department."

Cooperation of the State of Georgia in bettering social conditions and curbing excessive rental charges in that part of the state near the Fort Benning military reservation was pledged last Friday by Governor Frank M. Dixon in a long distance telephone conversation with Maj. Gen. Lloyd R. Fredenhall, commanding general of Fort Benning.

CAC Knox Trophy Winner

The Knox trophy for 1940 has been awarded to Battery B, 41st Coast Artillery, Fort Kanehameha, T. H., the War Department announced yesterday. The winning battery, commanded by Capt. William J. McCarthy, conducted its practice with 8-inch railway guns.

Second place was won by Battery C, 70th Coast Artillery, (AA), Camp Stewart, Ga., Capt. Harlan C. Parks, commanding, firing with 3-inch anti-aircraft guns.

The third place went to Battery A, 6th Coast Artillery, Fort Winfield Scott, Calif., Maj. E. Carl Engelhart, commanding, firing with 6-inch seacoast guns.

General Short to Hawaii

Maj. Gen. Walter C. Short, commander of the I Army Corps, has been ordered by the War Department to command the Hawaiian Department. He will sail from San Francisco on 31 Jan. to succeed Lt. Gen. Charles D. Herron who is due to retire in March. Maj. Gen. Philip B. Peyton, now commanding the 8th Division at Fort Jackson, S. C., will succeed General Short in command of the I Corps. The new commander of the 8th Division has not yet been announced.

Knox Trophy Competition

The following batteries represented the commands of which they form a part in competing for the 1940 Knox Trophy, awarded annually to the battery of the Regular Army Field Artillery having the highest efficiency rating:

First Army, Battery C, 33rd FA, Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., and Battery A, 6th FA, Fort Hoyle, Md.

Second Army, Battery B, 3rd FA, Fort Riley, Kans.; Battery C, 19th FA, Battery C, 21st FA, and Battery B, 46th FA, all of Fort Knox, Ky., and Battery B, 80th FA, Fort Des Moines, Ia.

Third Army, 77th FA, Fort D. A. Russell, Tex.

Fourth Army, Battery A, 10th FA, Fort Lewis, Wash., and Battery E, 76th FA, Fort Ord, Calif.

Hawaiian Department, Battery A, 8th FA, Battery C, 11th FA, and Battery E, 13th FA, all of Schofield Barracks, T. H.

Panama Canal Department, Battery A, 2d FA, Fort Clayton, C. Z.

Puerto Rican Department, Battery E, 25th FA, Henry Barracks, P. R.

As reported in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL in its issue of 21 Dec., the Knox Trophy was won by Battery C, 11th FA, stationed at Schofield Barracks, T. H. and commanded by Capt. Charlie Wesner. The Knox Medal awarded for excellence as an enlisted student at the Field Artillery School was won by Staff Sgt. James Lynn, Battery B, 18th FA, Fort Sill, Okla.

Both the trophy and the medal are awarded each year by the Society of the Sons of the Revolution in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The rating is based on firing efficiency, tactical ability, and proficiency in the use of field artillery means of communication. Rules for the tests are made by the Chief of Field Artillery.

Army Relief Society

Orders for Lt. Col. R. Ernest Dupuy's widely-praised book, "Where They Have Trod," published by the Frederick A. Stokes Company, may still be placed through the Army Relief Society to which the publishers are giving a generous percentage of the proceeds of copies sold through that organization.

The book sells for \$3.00 and purchases may be credited to the Army Relief Society by sending orders to Mrs. Frank R. McCoy, 28 East 63rd Street, New York City, or to Frederick A. Stokes Company, 443 Fourth Avenue, New York City, marked "Army Relief." Orders also may be placed with the nearest branch or section president of the Army Relief Society. In Washington orders may be placed through Brig. Gen. William R. Smedburg, Jr., 1870 Wyoming Avenue, N. W., telephone NOrth 6148.

Warrant Officers' Eligible List

Continuing a service begun last year with the publication 25 Nov. 1939 of the list of eligibles for warrant officer, U. S. Army, there is published below the list of warrant officer eligibles as of 17 Dec.

The list has been renumbered to bring it into conformity with the present numbers on the Adjutant General's master list. Numbers on the list last year were the original numbers assigned to eligibles, and did not show nine names added to the list since its publication. The new numbers take these additional numbers into account.

No new names have been added to the list since last year. Several names, however, have been dropped from the list, and this accounts for the gaps in the numbering; e.g., the noncommissioned officer who was No. 292 on the list has been removed. Most of the names removed were due to death or discharges; a few removals were the result of disciplinary action.

Names of warrant officer eligibles now serving under Reserve officer commission are still carried on the list, since these men will be eligible for appointment as warrant officer when their tours of active duty are over. As previously stated, if their number on the list has been reached, while on commissioned service, upon expiration of officer service these men will be immediately appointed to warrant grade without regard to vacancies.

Men listed below who were also listed on page 324 of the 23 Nov. 1940 issue as eligible for administrative assignments, will fill such assignments as enlisted men. They will not be eligible for appointment as warrant officers until their numbers are reached.

Two men listed below occupy higher positions on the list than at time of initial publication. They are J. H. Ruder, No. 343 (old No. 383) and H. H. Allen, No. 445 (old No. 442—actually an advance of three files).

315 Denny, J. W. 371 Manverse, H. H. 316 Johnson, O. 372 Weiser, C. W. 317 Cohen, S. H. 373 Willison, T. L. 318 Savage, J. J. 374 Walker, R. B. 319 Merrick, B. V. 375 Giroux, R. 320 Frazer, J. W. 376 Wallace, B. 321 Waters, W. W. 377 Peckham, R. C. 322 Lawson, E. L. 378 Erwine, B. R. 323 Meagher, T. C. 379 Bentien, C. G. 324 Brooks, T. V. 380 Boyd, W. S. 325 Tomlinson, W. 381 Denning, H. H. 326 Wildman, V. 382 Stanowich, S. 327 Adams, Frank 383 Abelow, S. Z. 328 Bakewell, J. H. 384 Wilkie, Lorne 329 Schneider, A. C. 385 Wolfe, G. G. 330 Oldom, F. 386 O'Brien, N. J. 331 Spangler, T. M. 387 Melnick, C. J. 332 Briggs, R. J. 388 Ward, E. J. 333 Freeman, A. 389 Von Euw, J. B. 334 Murphy, W. M. 390 Weiford, C. E. 335 Cayer, W. A. 391 Marquez, J. 336 Simmons, W. K. 392 Mobley, E. A. 337 Scott, R. J. 393 Ogilvie, K. W. 338 Lans, W. A. 394 Gado, A. L. 339 Mullaly, D. L. 395 Coleman, J. C. 340 Lockhart, H. C. 396 Coyne, C. D. 341 Ruder, J. H. 397 Fix, H. M. 342 Pope, B. W. 398 Golembieski, F. E. 343 Migliora, C. A. 399 Gardner, W. B. 344 Christensen, A. 400 Richeson, V. 345 Jensen, L. E. 401 Johnson, M. 346 Killigore, A. 402 Williams, L. B. 347 Anderson, C. L. 403 Strecke, A. C. 348 Bond, H. H. 404 Penland, B. 349 Jackson, J. 405 Boland, W. L. 350 Harrison, R. G. 406 Sayre, H. D. 351 Curry, H. E. 407 Stonefield, C. W. 352 Redding, E. A., Jr. 408 Hart, W. E. 353 Dewey, C. C. 409 Nielsen, C. W. 354 Perry, C. J. 410 Short, R. M. 355 Smith, C. E. 411 Burke, S. C. 356 Hodges, J. R. 412 Erickson, D. G. 357 Jones, E. S. 413 Steipel, A. 358 Sperry, C. W. 414 Toups, A. L. 359 Wegner, C. A. 415 Haney, C. G. 360 Robinette, H. E. 416 Weinstein, J. 361 Cates, J. M. 417 Hollifield, H. G. 362 Davis, S. J. 418 Denton, S. A. 363 Apple, W. V. 419 Brockhausen, F. C. 364 Maple, G. F. 420 Clark, F. D. 365 Miller, A. E. 421 Forney, D. M. 366 Sutherland, J. E. 422 Rollison, R. A. 370 Williams, W. H. 423 Stout, J. W.

424 Baker, D. H. 537 Dembosky, A. E. 538 Hansen, V. L. 539 Oed, Paul 540 Hopkins, R. T. 541 Pitre, H. J. 542 Zane, George 543 Montgomery, J. 544 Fennell, J. 545 Marth, H. J. 546 Sharp, R. 547 Boston, G. R. 548 Rahn, S. M. 549 Robison, W. C. 550 Ledoux, E. L. 551 Grossman, P. 553 Croy, W. D. 554 Liming, C. C. 555 Mertens, H. C. 556 Lucas, J. A. 557 Harmonson, L. 558 Malone, W. F. 559 Timmerman, F. 560 Rega, J. A. 561 Todd, J. C. 562 Lawton, P. C. 563 Gray, H. H. 564 Herman, L. I. 565 Holbrook, P. E. 566 Beattie, James 567 Novak, M. J. 568 Lawrence, P. H. 569 Ingle, W. H. 570 Bishop, J. D. 571 Matlick, W. W. 572 Axford, I. W. 573 Gunn, H. E. 574 Ventch, W. F. 575 Caronna, C. 576 Hancock, R. A. 577 Curtis, E. P. 578 Allen, M. E. 579 Berg, R. J. 580 Bishop, R. M. 581 Greswick, J. B. 582 Friedenthal, R. F. 583 Westerman, E. J. 584 Donnell, J. W. 585 Buderer, G. L. Jr. 586 Deschotes, A. 587 Hay, J. L. 588 Barger, R. L. 589 Hall, E. P. 590 McMillan, F. W. 591 Sanwald, F. J. 593 Mahoney, A. W. 594 Moore, J. O. 595 Bamford, J. C. 597 Farrar, A. S. 598 McLane, A. O. 599 Helland, E. O. 600 Lang, W. P. 601 Goodrich, G. H. 602 Gault, E. C. 603 Montgomery, J. 604 Siebenaler, F. J. 605 Holzhauser, E. E. 606 Whitehead, J. E. 607 Moye, L. B. 608 Beach, M. M. 609 Pulliam, G. W. 610 Fishkin, A. E. 611 Edelman, M. 612 Whittet, W. A. 613 Allen, J. E. 614 McKinley, H. G. 615 Cassell, T. G. 616 Lavorgna, R. 617 Hahn, R. W. 618 Lane, L. R. 619 Sewell, M. A. 620 Conklin, H. W. 621 Genny, Robert 622 Lennick, R. 624 Skene, F. W. 625 Ludwig, P. R. 626 Mills, Jeff 627 Hewitt, A. G. 628 Duchene, J. 629 Rogers, J. V. 630 Hastings, E. P. 631 Jones, C. V. 632 Scofield, M. E. 633 Hoffman, J. K. 634 Colby, Ralph 635 Smith, R. C. 636 Harrison, B. 637 Nash, P. L. 638 Murphy, J. F. 639 Robinson, A. V. 640 Card, L. H. 641 Franklin, R. H. 642 Semple, W. A. 643 Grey, J. R. 644 Test, C. F. 645 Heslin, S. V. 646 Issenmann, A. F. 647 Arakelian, D. 648 Barnes, K. C. 649 Lewis, R. K. 650 Fraser, H. C. 651 Thompson, G.

632 Kemp, E. 701 Gordon, J. B. 633 Winkler, L. 702 Kealey, G. I. 634 Robinson, W. A. 703 Bembene, F. D. 635 Howe, M. E. 704 Stevens, Loyd 636 Banta, F. L. 705 Brazier, K. L. 637 Connolly, J. T. 706 St. Clair, R. M. 638 Wiener, S. 707 Walker, N. R. 639 McTulloch, J. E. 711 Gies, H. M. 640 Gilson, L. 712 Meuer, G. A. 641 Nichols, C. V. 713 Forsberg, E. R. 642 Johnson, W. E. 714 Hayes, J. C. 643 Schrader, E. C. 715 Feeley, J. J. 644 Savacool, E. F. 716 Dyer, J. A. 645 Stewart, J. E. 717 Middlekauff, R. M. 646 Wilson, A. L. 718 Hull, Harry D. 647 Hale, M. B. 719 Himmelstein, L. 648 Kocknavate, J. 720 Espenshade, F. S. 649 Smith, Samson 721 Meredith, R. A. 650 Gross, G. E. 722 Malony, R. E. 651 Ballard, O. O. 724 Norem, A. F. 652 Kuziak, John 725 Smith, S. L. 653 Totman, T. C. 726 Hillman, E. K. 654 Taggart, S. J. 727 Lambert, J. C. 655 Stevens, E. 728 Brown, W. H. 656 Weir, G. M. 729 Ormsby, A. M. 657 Smith, F. L. 730 Hanson, A. 658 Lantz, Warren 731 Cox, J. T. 659 Thompson, DeW. 732 Cole, L. E. 660 Shea, J. C. 733 Neuendorf, R. C. 661 Novak, F. W. 734 Smith, H. H. 662 Trudell, H. J. 735 Kennedy, J. H. 663 Drexel, C. G. 736 Poudre, L. J. 664 Arnold, T. E. 737 Ferrell, O. C., Jr. 665 Higgins, L. A. 738 Bryant, C. R. 666 Finegan, C. P. 739 Loveless, W. M. 667 Ledoux, S. 740 Edmundson, C. 668 Tokoly, R. F. 741 Low, C. A. 669 Sperry, M. C. 742 Cummings, E. M. 670 Smith, O. H. 743 George, A. M. 671 Nolen, G. M. 744 Beller, E. J. 672 Shannon, L. T. 745 Gibbs, F. H. 673 Wurtzler, H. W. 746 Case, L. G. 674 Hawkins, M. H. 747 Smith, R. L. 675 Elliott, J. R. 748 Greenberg, S. 676 Clark, C. A. 749 Richardson, J. C. 677 Bobulski, F.

President's Xmas Message

"To the Army and Navy:

"To the fine personnel of our rapidly increasing military and naval forces, I extend the sincerest of holiday greetings. At this Christmas time you are engaged in intensive preparation which has as its purpose the assurance of the adequacy of our national defense. You have earned the gratitude and admiration of every citizen of the United States. Whether you be on the land or the sea during this holiday season, I trust your Christmas will be a merry one, and that the New Year will bring happiness and success.

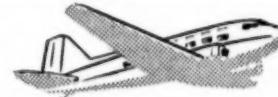
(Signed) Franklin D. Roosevelt,
Commander in Chief."

Army Veterinary School

Sergeants Donald J. Keefe, Jr., Dorwin S. Schafer, Herbert H. Shoemaker.
Privates 1st class Olen T. Everett, Robert E. Hamm, Matthew P. Kukowski, Hooper Ray, Harvey A. Scholz, Harlan Steel, John O. Tallman.

Tech. Sgt. Bradley Honored

The McKinney Medal, given for attaining the highest standing in scholarship, conduct, soldierly bearing and leadership, was awarded to Tech. Sgt. Jack Bradley, Jr., Med. Dept., USA, in the recently terminated class for non-commissioned officers at the Medical Field Service School, Carlisle Barracks, Pa. Sergeant Bradley is stationed at Carlisle Barracks.



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THE UNITED STATES NAVY and MARINE CORPS

Admiral Stark Greeted Service (Continued from First Page)

of a vast building program to create for America a 'two-ocean fleet'; a double line of defense for this nation and this hemisphere.

"Congress has appropriated the money but that is only the initial step. The big job ahead is to build it, to man it, to make it ready.

"The year 1940, now coming to its close, has taught the world a bitter lesson in the danger of unpreparedness. During this brief period, unpreparedness has cost many nations their independence.

"We often speak of the cost of preparedness but it is trivial compared to the cost of unpreparedness as witnessed and now realized by many nations abroad. We must not repeat their mistake.

"In fact, we may even quote *Him* whose birth we are commemorating and who told us over nineteen centuries ago:—that

"When a strong man armed, guardeth well his palace, he sleepeth in peace; but when a stronger than he shall come upon him and overcome him, he taketh from him all his armor wherein he trusted, and divideth his spoils."

"May the Navy ever be effectually on guard with that protection which we as a strong nation need.

"During the past year the Navy has had in service:—15 battleships, 6 aircraft carriers, 37 cruisers, 150 destroyers, and 70 submarines, and approximately 2,000 planes; also a number of fleet auxiliaries.

"This is a considerable force but world events have proved it is not nearly enough. Realizing this, the Congress in June of this year, authorized an 11 per cent increase in naval strength. In July, Congress authorized a further increase in naval strength of approximately 70 per cent. Thus, Congress adopted the policy of creating the so-called two-ocean fleet, a force large enough to provide for emergencies in either or both oceans. In taking such action this Congress but reflected the will of the nation.

"This large increase is now in the process of being created. It will take time. It cannot be done next year or the year after or even the year after that. But it has been started and excellent progress is being made. You may rest assured that the Navy will spare no effort to expedite this program, not merely to complete it on time, but ahead of time.

"The all importance of time and of timing is now being realized by all—as are also the words—*too late*.

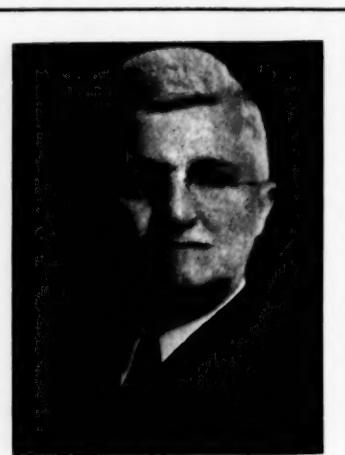
"We must exert every ounce of our national energy to insure that the words 'too late,' are not chalked up as the final reckoning on our own national score-board.

"The new Navy, when completed, will have 32 battleships, 18 aircraft carriers, 91 cruisers, 365 destroyers and 185 submarines. Along with these surface and submarine ships there will be a fleet air arm of over 10,000 planes. All this means the strongest Navy ever built.

"But it must be remembered that a Navy is not solely a collection of ships. It is ships, bases, airplanes and most important, men. It is just as necessary to have the men and officers trained and ready to man the new ships, as it is to have the ammunition ready for the guns.

"To the thousands of men who have joined the Navy since a year ago today to aid their country in meeting the present emergency; to the large body of Reserve officers and men who have left their civilian occupations to help in this hour; and to your families; I would like to send special greetings. To most of you this will be your first Christmas separation. I know what it means for I spent my first eleven Christmases in the Navy away from home and family.

"It was more than forty years ago that I went to Annapolis as a midshipman. The blue-jackets of our men-of-war in those days were typical of the courageous, hard-hitting men of the earlier generation who had fought our sailing ships. In a way it was a transition period. Today, the modern sailor of the United States



ADMIRAL STARK

Navy is equally strong-hearted, loyal and hard-hitting. But there is this difference. The man who enlists in the Navy today is much more purposeful, more 'career-minded'; and he has reason to be.

"For the Navy today not only offers young men regular pay, ample food, suitable clothing, housing and medical attention, but also wide opportunities for education and advancement. According to his abilities, the blue-jacket may learn a useful trade or profession which will fit him for civil life after he leaves the service. Or, if he elects to make the Navy his life's work, he may aspire to advancement through all the lower ratings and up to and including that of a commissioned officer. Each year one hundred enlisted men of the Navy may take the examinations for the Naval Academy at Annapolis. Many officers now in the Fleet have come by this route.

"We are tremendously proud of our men. It is particularly noteworthy to find groups of four or five, and in one case (the Patten family of Iowa) even six brothers, all in the service.

"Mothers and fathers with sons in the Navy have demonstrated the most splendid and practical patriotism possible, and I assure each of you that the Navy is keenly aware of its responsibility to your sons. It demands much, but in turn it gives much.

"But what the Navy is in men and ships and planes is merely a reflection of the country itself.

"The Navy is just one part of our national life. It draws its sustenance and its very being from the welded mass of all our people. The Navy's moral fiber, its backbone, its will to win, rest on the people back home. Even the character of our ships and their weapons are determined by the inventive genius of the man who plans them, and the man who builds them, as well as by the man who fights them.

"The obligation to defend America lies not only on the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps and the Coast Guard and the Merchant Fleet, but on every citizen in the land.

"We are all in the same boat. It is the National Team that counts, and in the last analysis we will all go up or down together.

"The late Theodore Roosevelt said:—

"The Navy of the United States is the right arm of the United States and is emphatically the peacemaker."

"To the officers and men of the Navy who have the honor, the great responsibility, and the sacred trust in wielding that right arm, I extend the most heartfelt wish for a successful new year. To them and to their firesides and to friends of the Navy everywhere, and in the spirit of this Christmas Eve, I say,

"A Merry Christmas to all

"And to all a Good Night."

In closing Colonel O'Laughlin said, "Thank you, Admiral Stark. I know your message has brought good cheer to the

men of our Navy, at their far-flung posts of duty. On January 7, General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, will address a radio greeting to the Army.

"This is Col. John Callan O'Laughlin speaking, wishing you all a Merry Christmas, and saying 'Good Night.'"

13 CEC Commanders Selected

Recommendations of a selection board, calling for the promotion to captain of Comdr. Ben Moreell, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks with temporary rank of rear admiral, and 12 other commanders of the Civil Engineer Corps were approved this week by the President.

Those selected for promotion to captain, together with their present assignments, are:

Henry F. Bruns, Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor.
John T. Mathews, Hq. 11th Naval Dist.
Paul J. Searles, Navy Yard, Boston.
Ben Moreell, Chief of Bureau of Yards and Docks.

Carl A. Trexel, Bu. Yards and Docks.
Alden K. Fogg, Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Robert E. Thomas, Navy Yard, Bremerton.
Edward C. Selbert, NAS, Alameda.

William Henry Smith, Navy Yard, New York.
Edward L. Marshall, Bu. of Yards and Docks.

John J. Manning, Bu. of Yards and Docks.
William M. Angas, Navy Yard, Charleston.
Lewis B. Combs, Bu. of Yards and Docks.

Rear Adm. Norman M. Smith, (CEC), USN-Ret., was president of the selection board which convened 9 Dec. to make the selections.

The 48-year-old Chief of Bureau of Yards, Rear Adm. Ben Moreell, has held rank of rear admiral since 1 Dec. 1937. Action of the selection board will assure him a captaincy when his tour of duty is ended.

City of Flint Master Decorated

A Navy Cross awarded by President Roosevelt to Lt. Comdr. Joseph A. Gainard, USNR, master of the SS City of Flint, was presented to Commander Gainard 20 Dec. by Secretary of the Navy Knox, before a group of Navy, Coast Guard and Maritime Commission officials.

Commander Gainard was cited "For distinguished services in the line of his profession so ably demonstrated while Master of the Steamer City of Flint at the time of its seizure upon the high seas and during its detention by armed forces of a belligerent European power. His skill, fine judgment, and devotion to duty were of the highest order and in accordance with the best traditions of the Naval Service."

It is reported that Commander Gainard, who served in the Naval Reserve Force during the World War, will be assigned to active duty in the Navy.

3 More Divisions to Duty

The Navy Department announced this week that the following additional Organized Naval Reserve divisions are being ordered to active duty during December and January:

Div. 47, St. Paul, Minn., 4 officers and 80 men, to USS Ward.

Div. 10, Rochester, N. Y., 2 officers and 60 men, to USS Castor.

Div. 3, Charleston, S. C., 5 officers and 100 men, to Charleston Navy Yard.

Finish Ship in 10 Months

Secretary of the Navy Knox announced this week that the Federal Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company of Kearny, N. J., will deliver for commissioning in January 1941, the 1650-ton destroyer Edison for which the keel was laid on 18 March 1940. The period of construction, ten months, is a visible sign of speed-up in comparison with the previous contract periods of from eighteen to thirty-one months, he said.

As a matter of further comparison, Mr. Knox pointed out, in the World War, the average time of construction for twelve-hundred-ton destroyers was nine months, and their design was much less complex than the present-day destroyers.

Warrant Officers Appointed

Acting appointments as warrant officers in the Navy have been tendered to the following enlisted men who will rank from the dates given after their names:

Boatswains—Robert W. Smith, CBM, USS Medusa, 18 Dec.; Frank O'Neil, QM 1c, USS Wando, 20 Dec., and George E. Paris, QM 1c, USS Spearfish, 20 Dec.

Machinist—Joseph H. Laliberte, CMM, USS Pruitt, 20 Dec.

Navy Men Commended

Secretary of the Navy Knox this week announced that Silver Life Saving Medals had been issued to Arthur William O'Leary, signalman, first class, and to Joe Allan Hartzog, ship's cook, third class, "in recognition of services in bravely assisting in rescuing a shipmate from drowning on 1 July 1939."

Secretary Knox also announced a letter of appreciation had been sent to Louis Marczis, seaman second class, for his part in extinguishing a fire on board the Norwegian tanker SS Willy in the harbor of Charleston, S. C., on 29-30 April 1940. The tanker carried 8,000 tons of aviation gasoline at the time of the fire.

Rear Adm. C. W. Nimitz, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, has sent a letter of commendation to Ellsworth William Stevens, electrician's mate, first class, for his "ingenuity in designing an experimental type of telephone head harness to be worn under steel helmets."

Naval Mission to Ecuador

Personnel of the newly established naval mission to Ecuador was announced this week by Secretary of the Navy Knox. Two officers now on duty in the Office of Naval Operations and two chief petty officers have been assigned to the mission. The officers are Lt. Comdr. Joseph R. Barbaro and Lt. (jg) Ralph Cullinan, USN-Ret., and the men are Chief Yeoman Hobart R. Massengill and Chief Machinist's Mate Frank B. Shippe.

Commander Barbaro served with the electoral mission in Nicaragua in 1930.

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Secretary Knox's Birthday

Secretary of the Navy Knox will observe his birthday on New Year's day, 1 Jan. 1941. Although the occasion is a legal holiday, the Secretary probably will spend most of the day at work if his activities during the six months he has served as Secretary of the Navy are any criterion.

Secretary Knox, whose full name is William Franklin Knox, was nominated for the office of Secretary of the Navy by President Roosevelt on 20 June and took the oath of office on 11 July, following confirmation of his appointment by the United States Senate. Since that time he has more than lived up to his announcement on taking office that he planned to be "a traveling secretary." He has visited units of the United States Fleet at numerous stations, including a trip to Pearl Harbor, T. H., to inspect the main battle fleet in the Pacific, as well as shore stations, air fields, shipbuilding yards and docks, and numerous industrial organizations working on Naval construction, including the Sperry Gyroscopic Company.

At a Senate hearing just before his confirmation as Secretary Mr. Knox declared that he was strongly in favor of all help short of war to the Allies; that he was distinctly not an interventionist, and that he believed the United States should build and man the strongest navy in the world. His actions since then have definitely followed that pattern.

A strong supporter of the 70 percent increase in U. S. Navy tonnage, Secretary Knox has consistently called for speed, and more speed, in the construction program. To meet the needs of the rapidly expanding Navy he asked Congress in August to provide for increased enrollment in the Naval Academy at Annapolis by approving appropriations for six Naval Academy appointees by each member of Congress instead of only four, and in October he was able to announce that with a draft of 4,200 enlisted men accompanying units of the United States Fleet back to Hawaii from the West Coast, vessels in the fleet would be practically 100 percent fully manned.

In September, Secretary Knox announced the 1940 Naval Policy, superseding the 1937 Naval Policy with a new program "with some teeth in it." The new policy called for developing "the Navy to a maximum in fighting strength and ability to control the sea in defense of the Nation and its interests." With a further view to keeping the Navy at maximum strength he opposed proposals to segregate Naval aviation in a separate group similar to the Marine Corps, and again in behalf of expanded Naval aviation strength he played a leading role in conferences called to develop standardized designs for American and British planes to expedite production. Modernization of the Fleet also has been a favorite interest of the new Secretary and only this month he asked Congress to appropriate \$300,000,000 for "major alterations" to combatant vessels to improve their defense against aircraft attacks.

Believing that the Navy has a definite role to play in national defense, apart from combatant activities and new construction, one of his earliest requests to Congress was for enactment of legislation giving officers of the Naval intelligence service police powers to make arrests, serve warrants and subpoenas, and authority to carry out such other enforcement actions as may be necessary to prevent sabotage and espionage.

Secretary Knox served in both the World War and Spanish American War with the armed forces. He was a member of the celebrated Troop D, 1st U. S. Volunteer Cavalry (Rough Riders) in the Spanish American War and in August 1917 was commissioned a Captain in the Field Artillery. Promoted in December to the rank of Major he served overseas with the 153rd Artillery Brigade, 78th Division, and after the War was an active Colonel in the 365th Field Artillery Reserve.

Hawaiian Dept. Chaplain

Fort Shafter, T. H.—Chaplain Claude S. Harkey (Lieutenant Colonel), USA, Schofield Barracks, T. H., has been announced as Department Chaplain.

U. S. COAST GUARD

THE Treasury Department is renewing efforts to secure reduced railroad fares for members of the Coast Guard during the Christmas holiday period, which previously had been refused by the American Association of Railroads although similar reductions were granted by the railroads to members of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps.

The fact that the Coast Guard constitutes, under the law, a definite branch of the United States Military service is being stressed and the Treasury Department is hopeful of securing these benefits for the Coast Guard next year if it fails to secure a refund this season. Members of the Coast Guard traveling on railroads during the current Christmas vacation period are keeping receipts to expedite the securing of refunds if the campaign proves successful.

Operations

The Cutter Daphne, Lt. G. N. Bernier, commanding, sailed from San Francisco on 17 Dec. for two months' duty in the Ketchikan District basing at Cordova, Alaska.

The Cutter Northland which has been on an extended cruise in Greenland waters departed Ivigtut, Greenland, for her home port, Boston, Mass., on 20 Dec. The Northland has been cooperating with the Department of State on this cruise.

Coast Guard cutters enjoyed a relatively quiet week from the rescue standpoint for the period 13-20 Dec. On 17 Dec.

Gen. Drum Addresses Society

The principle of local military units made up of the men who sought security for themselves was a principle founded in America 185 years ago, Lt. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, commanding general of the First Army, declared in an address 19 Dec. before the Society of Colonial Wars meeting in New York City. The first organization of those characteristics, he said, was the 60th Royal American Regiment, and its present descendant, the King's Royal Rifle Corps, is now on duty in the current war in Europe.

Excerpts from General Drum's address follow:

"185 years ago, during the Season of Christmas Holidays, the 62nd Royal American Provincial Regiment was formed in this country, December 25, 1755, established as the birth-day of this famous Organization.

"In 1757 the original Regiment was designated as the 60th Royal Americans. The Earl of Loudon was appointed as the first Colonel-in-Chief.

"It is interesting for me to note that my headquarters today is located at Governors Island, New York, the home of this first American Regiment.

"The British Government had a particular purpose in mind in the formation of a local Regiment from our Colonials living in this country.

"General Braddock had suffered a serious defeat on the 8th of July in 1755 during the French and Indian War. The European troops had been badly defeated by the small French and Indian Detachments along the Ohio River. It was clearly discernible that tactical troops, formed on the German model, with their rigid tactical formations, were entirely unsuited for combat in the wilderness that was Colonial America.

"The British Government raised the 60th Royal American Regiment for the sole purpose of trusting the defense of the colonies to men familiar with the terrain, the climate and the habits of their probable opponents.

"In this respect, I think that the first great principle of democratic government was exercised. Here in the new country men sought security for their families and security for their homes.

"The British Government formed from among these men, a military organization designed to produce the best possible protection.

"Looking over the history of military developments in Great Britain and throughout the English Empire, it is clear that this principle of local military units made up of the men who sought security for themselves, was a principle established here in America 185 years ago.

"Today, the 60th Royal Americans, by title, no longer exists but a famous regiment in the British Army is the proud descendant of that original Royal Organization. The King's

the Cutter CGC-170 rescued three men from the sinking Tug Boat Annie in a position in Mobile (Ala.) Bay, and on 20 Dec. the Cutter Argo took the disabled Oil Screw Eva M. Martin in tow from a position about 10 miles south of Isle of Shoals (N. H.) and towed the craft to Gloucester, Mass.

In other rescue activities the Cutter Mojave, cooperating with the U. S. Maritime Commission, took the vessel SS Polybius in tow at Southwest Pass, Mississippi River, and is proceeding with the tow to Baltimore, Md. The Cutter Modoc is enroute to New Orleans to take the U. S. Maritime Commission vessel SS West Cheswold in tow to Baltimore. On 20 Dec. Hatteras Inlet lifeboat and the Cutter Mendota were reported proceeding to the assistance of the disabled Trawler Malalo, reported to have lost her rudder near Diamond Shoal Lightship.

Surface vessels and aircraft of the Jacksonville, Norfolk, Philadelphia and New York Districts have been engaged during the past week in warning small craft, without radio, of the approach of a northeast storm moving along the Atlantic seaboard.

Hearings on appropriations for the Coast Guard are expected to start next week before a Congressional sub-committee studying Treasury Department budget requests. Rear Adm. R. R. Waesche, the Commandant of the Coast Guard, will head a delegation appearing before the committee.

Royal Rifle Corps is on duty in the current war in Europe.

"During all these 185 years in the American colonies—in Canada,—in the West Indies,—South Africa,—China,—India,—Japan,—and Western Europe,—the traditions of the 60th Royal American Regiment have been glorified by the King's Royal Rifle Corps. Today, England recognizes the same principle of local defense that was the foundation of this early American Regiment.

"Once again the democratic principles which the Anglo-Saxon race has always cherished, are in jeopardy. Once again, civilized mankind is called upon to defend our personal liberties. In America our own National Defense Program has been expanded as a result of circumstances abroad!

"We are convinced that the decision as to what we shall defend must remain a matter of our own choosing. Whether Geography, Trade, or a philosophy of Government shall determine our choice remains to be written in history.

"Irrespective of these material decisions, we all agreed that our sense of self-preservation has been aroused and America is becoming alert to National danger.

"It is my earnest hope that the fires of defense will burn more brightly than they do even now. We must train ourselves not only to be good soldiers, but also to be vigilant citizens.

"We must not let the limited doctrine implied in the phrase, 'Keep war out of America' mislead us into a blind policy which would end in the loss rather than the protection, of American liberties.

"There are those who believe we should confine our defense efforts alone to the shores and land frontiers of the United States. They are as limited in their views as the man who would shut the doors and close the windows of his cabin in the middle of a forest fire.

"There may be occasions where it would be necessary to take more drastic action in order to prevent the spread of the conflagration

of war to our shores.

"The final decision must rest with an aroused American community,—aroused as never before to the dangers which threaten all of us."

Nat. Guard FA Officers

Additional field training of approximately thirty days with Regular Army Field Artillery (Howitzer) units will be given to 135 National Guard officers from 9 Field Artillery Regiments. These Field Artillery Regiments have either been recently formed or converted from Cavalry organizations.

Fifteen officers from each of the 9 National Guard Field Artillery regiments will undergo a course of instruction to be conducted by the Regular Army units shown at the stations and during the periods indicated:

Regiment	Training Begins	Instructing Unit
177th FA (Mich.)	Jan. 11	21st FA, Camp Custer, Mich.
180th FA (Mass.)	Dec. 14	5th FA, Madison Bn., N. Y.
181st FA (Tenn.)	Jan. 10	80th FA, Ft. Des Moines, Iowa
183rd FA (Idaho)	Jan. 10	9th FA, Fort Lewis, Wash.
190th FA (Penn.)	Dec. 13	36th FA, Fort Bragg, N. C.
184th FA (Ill.)	Dec. 13	349th FA, Ft. Sill, Okla.
186th FA (N. Y.)	Dec. 26	21st FA, Bn., Ft. Knox, Ky.
187th FA (N. Y.)	Dec. 26	17th FA, Fort Bragg, N. C.
188th FA (N. D.)	Feb. 21	80th FA Bn., Ft. Des Moines, Iowa

Officer personnel from each National Guard regiment eligible for this training are: Regimental Executive, Regimental Plans and Training Officer, Battalion Commanders or Executives (not both), Battalion Plans and Training Officers, Firing Battery Commanding Officers or Executives (not both), and Battery Commander, Headquarters Battery, or Executive (not both).

One junior officer from each battery is authorized to fill quotas.

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SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1940

Happy New Year to the Services

"The nation that cannot resist aggression is constantly exposed to it."—CLEVELAND.

TO THE GOVERNOR of every State in the Union the New Year will bring an opportunity to suit timely action to their words of praise for their fellow Americans in the Armed Forces of the United States. These men go wherever their duty takes them. More and more their duty makes an automobile well nigh a necessity, the entire cost of which still comes out of their own pockets. Having purchased an automobile tag in one state they are frequently compelled to buy a new one when ordered to another State. Some members of the Services have had to spend as much as seventy dollars in one year for three different tags. Quick to comprehend the unfairness of such a tax Governor O'Conor is calling on his fellow Governors throughout the Union to join Maryland in enacting promptly a uniform law by the terms of which members of the Services will be permitted to continue to use their tags in any state to which they are ordered until the tags expire. The Governor will submit a recommendation to his own State Legislature when it convenes next month that Maryland take the lead in this reciprocal arrangement. It is to be hoped his appeal to the other Governors will not fall on deaf ears. Congress should long ago have authorized compensation for the service personnel utilizing privately owned automobiles on government business. But even when this belated act of justice to the Services is forthcoming they should be permitted to use their tags for the period for which they were issued, regardless of the State to which they are ordered. Here is a case where the dictates of common justice are the dictates of common sense. Governor O'Conor has taken the lead in a matter that deserves the cooperation and support of every other Governor. His proposal will be greatly appreciated by the Services and is certain to command the powerful support of Public Sentiment the country over.

ON ACTIVE DUTY, sedulously helping in the program of preparedness, are more than 1,000 retired officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps. They, of all the classes of personnel comprising the National Defense team, are the only ones to which there has yet been extended no opportunity for permanent promotion. This was not so during the last World War, for at that time officers of the Army recalled from the retired list were restored to their position on the promotion list and given advancement in the same manner as other officers on the active list. Today this is not possible, for there are no laws which would permit such promotions. Retired Army officers recalled to service are, however, eligible for advancement under the temporary rank law, and will be so promoted. Such rank, however, is forfeited when they return to the retired list. It is manifestly unjust that there should be no opportunity for permanent promotion for retired officers, particularly when it is recognized that these officers were recalled to active duty because of their experience and especial fitness for the specific positions subsequently assigned to them. Most of them were established in homes and civilian activities which they patriotically relinquished when the call to the colors came. Aside from the problem of promotion there are problems of pay and rank concerning retired officers on active duty which deserve study and correction. Because of the various laws affecting retirement, some return to active duty with the advanced rank held by them on the retired list while others return in lower ranks. Likewise with their pay. In the Navy, active duty is credited toward increasing longevity pay, but the added years do not serve to alter the percentage basis on which retired pay is computed when they return to the retired list. If the Departments themselves do not initiate legislation rectifying these inequities, the committees of Congress should hold hearings and pass an Act giving all recalled retired officers the right to the rank held by them on the retired list, with its corresponding active duty pay, and to set up a system of promotion for those held on the active list for indefinite periods.

THE DECISION OF THE American railroads not to extend to the enlisted men of the United States Coast Guard the same special furlough rates they offered to enlisted men of the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps is one that should not be permitted to stand. The basic law setting up the Coast Guard states that it "shall constitute a part of the military forces of the United States." The fact that during peace times the Coast Guard operates under the Treasury in the enforcement of laws and the assuring of safety at sea serves to give it most effective, and often very dangerous, training for the service it will perform with the Navy in time of war. Yet even after the Secretary of the Treasury called the attention of the railroads to their failure to include the Coast Guard in the preferential rate, the American Railroad Association still declined to rectify the discrimination. Prompt action should be taken by the Interstate Commerce Commission or Congress to secure rebates to Coast Guardmen who used the railroads during their Christmas furloughs.

Service Humor

Fine Business

A beggar held out two hats to a passerby. "Mister," he said, "will ye gimme a nickel for a cup of coffee?"

"Sure," replied the passerby, "but what's the idea of the two hats?"

"Well," said the beggar, "business was so good that I had to open a branch."

—Bamboo Breezes.

Once Is Enough

"Sorry, old man, but I'm looking for a little financial succor again."

"You'll have to hunt further as I'm not the little financial sucker I used to be."

—Exchange.

These Jokes Never End

Two Scotchmen entered a train and sat behind a very pretty girl.

"That's a bonnie lassie in front," remarked one of them. "Shall we speak to her?"

"Nay, mon, wait till she pays her fare."

—5th Corps Area News.

Nature's Mistake

George Bernard Shaw is a past master at the ready retort. A woman sitting next to him at dinner remarked: "What a wonderful thing is youth!"

"Yes—And what a crime to waste it on children," G.B.S. replied sagely.

—Contributed.

Oh-Oh!

Visitor: "What a sweet and innocent looking face your little girl has!"

Mother: "I hadn't noticed it. Mary, what have you been up to now?"

—Pointer.

"Uneasy Lies the Head"

A member of the faculty in a London medical college was appointed an honorary physician to the king. He proudly wrote a notice on the blackboard in his classroom:

"Professor Jennings informs his students that he has been appointed honorary physician to His Majesty, King George."

When the professor returned to his classroom in the afternoon he found written below his notice this line: "God save the King."

—Jungle Cat.

Well, things are looking up for this department, just when Ye Humor Ed. was thinking of going into some more cheerful occupation, like undertaking. Two last lines for the ditty published 14 Dec. deserve especially honorable mention. "L. W. J." submits:

"Turn out the guard," cried Corporal Mack,

"And order out every man Jack!"

"The enemy?" asked Files,

"No, much worse, by miles,

I need protection—my wife is back."

"W. A. F." also obviously a Benedict, suggests for the last line: "The newest thing in women's styles."

For completion 11 Jan. we offer this limerick by "A. B. T.":

It is said that a rookie named Knight

Was rarin' and ravin' to fight,

But a day on the range

Brought a definite change,

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

F. J. S.—The bill providing quarters allowance for enlisted men of the first three grades in the Army of the United States who are occupying government quarters which are not suitable for their dependents will be put into effect when the President approves an executive order prescribing the terms under which the allowance shall be paid.

E. F. C.—Assignment of warrant officer eligibles qualified for administrative (clerical) duty to such duty in place of warrant officers, does not affect their enlisted status nor their standing on the warrant officer eligible list. Appointments to warrant officer will continue to be made in order from the present list.

F. J. A.—The oldest Field Artillery organization with continuous history is Battery D, 5th Field Artillery, organized 6 Jan. 1776 by Capt. Alexander Hamilton.

E. J. R.—The War Department has authority to call retired officers to active duty with or without consent, but so far has ordered only those retired officers to duty that have consented to serve.

In the Journal

10 Years Ago

House Military Affairs Committee adopts resolution praising General Charles P. Summerall, recently retired Chief of Staff, as an outstanding soldier. General Summerall also is lauded as outstanding soldier of Florida in series of functions at Tampa, Fla.

20 Years Ago

Rear Adm. Thomas Washington, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, says it is to be desired that a liberal policy in regard to discharges from the Navy should be adopted. Men of good quality can be enlisted in whatever numbers are required by the Navy, he reports.

30 Years Ago

Engineer-in-Chief Hutch I. Cone, USN, Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, stresses the value of repair ships to the fleet, before the House Naval Committee. In most cases repairs made to machinery on board ship are done as well as they could be done anywhere, he says.

50 Years Ago

Several chemists have been engaged at the Torpedo Station at Newport in manufacturing a new smokeless powder, said to have been proven in experimental tests to be superior to other smokeless powders, both in absence of smoke and in explosive force.

75 Years Ago

Proposals of Generals Grant, Sherman and Logan to send 20,000 men to Mexico to oust Maximilian are well received by the general public. However, President Johnson continues to maintain a hands-off policy regarding Mexican affairs.

War Department
Organized Reserves

ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War
Henry L. Stimson
Undersecretary of War
Robert P. Patterson
Chief of Staff
General George C. Marshall

MAJ. GEN. E. S. ADAMS, AG
Lt. Col. Ernest A. Rudelius, (Inf.), prior
orders amended; to hq., II Corps, Wilmington,
Dela.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPT
MAJ. GEN. VIRGIL L. PETERSON, IG
Lt. Col. Lathe B. Row, (Inf.), from Ft.
Hayes, Ohio, to Hawaiian Dept. Sail N. Y.
2 Apr. 1941.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.
MAJ. GEN. ALLEN W. GULLION, JAG
Lt. Col. Ernest H. Burt, from Philippine
Dept., to off. of JAG, Wash., D. C.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS
MAJ. GEN. EDMUND B. GREGORY, QMG
Lt. Col. Henry A. Wingate, prior orders
amended; from Boston, Mass., 3 Jan., to hq.,
II Corps, Wilmington, Dela.

Lt. Col. Orville Jackson, from New York,
N. Y., 15 Jan., to hq., 6th CA, Chicago, Ill.
Maj. James A. Murphy, from 2nd Div., Ft.
Sam Houston, to qm., Camp Hulen, Texas.

Maj. Garnett H. Wilson, prior orders re-
voked; to hq., III Corps, Pres. of Monterey,
Calif.

Maj. Sidney F. Wharton, (Inf.), prior orders
amended; from Ft. Lewis, Wash., to
asst. CO, Seattle QM Dep., Wash.

Following officers, from Ft. Hoyle, to Edge-
wood Arsenal, Md.: Maj. Edward V. Freeman,
Capt. John F. Farra, jr., (Inf.).

Capt. Ralph H. Davey, jr., from asst.
constr. qm., to constr. qm., Hickam Fld., T.
H.

Capt. Terrence R. J. Hickey, from Hawaiian
Dept., to asst. constr. qm., San Fran., Ft.
Mason, Calif.

Capt. Henry R. McKenzie, from off. of Asst.
Sec. of War, to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT
MAJ. GEN. JAMES C. MAGEE, SG
Medical Corps

Col. Sidney L. Chappell, from Pres. of San
Fran., Calif., to Vancouver Bks., Wash.
Col. Ernest R. Gentry, from Ft. Jay, N. Y.,
to Ft. Dix, N. J.

Col. William B. Meister, from Wash., D. C.,
to Charleston, S. C.

Col. Ralph G. De Voe, prior orders amended;
to hq., II Corps, Wilmington, Dela.

Col. William B. Borden, from Ft. Snelling,
Minn., 5 Jan., to Camp Eustis, Va.

Lt. Col. Floyd W. Hunter, from Lincoln,
Neb., 8 Jan., to 35th Div., Camp Joseph T.
Robinson, Ark.

Lt. Col. Charles M. O'Connor, from Ft.
Snelling, Minn., 5 Jan., to Camp Grant, Ill.

Lt. Col. Leon A. Fox, from off. of SG, 30
Dec., to Eastern Div. Corps of Engrs., No. 2,
N. Y. Ave., Northwest, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Carlton D. Goodiel, from Wash., D. C.,
1 Feb., to 2nd Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Maj. George Horsfall, from Ft. Omaha, Neb.,
1 Feb., to Armored Force, Ft. Knox, Ky.

Capt. Milford T. Kubin, from Denver, Colo.,
2 Jan., to off. of SG, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Frederic B. Westervelt, prior orders
amended; from Hawaiian Dept., to MD Repl.
Center, Camp Grant, Ill.

Capt. Wayne G. Brandstadt, from Army
Med. Center, to Eastern Div. Corps of Engrs.,
Wash., D. C.

Capt. Edward J. Doyle, from Army Med.
Center, to Eastern Div. CE, Wash., D. C.

Dental Corps

Maj. James H. Pence, from Ft. Leaven-
worth, Kan., 15 Jan., to Camp Grant, Ill.
Maj. James S. Cathro, prior orders
amended; from USMA, West Point, N. Y.,
2 Jan. 1941.

1st Lt. Kenneth C. DeGon, DC-Res., app.
1st Lt. DC, Reg. Army, 21 Dec.; to Army
Med. Center, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. George H. Parrot, Jr., DC-Res., app.
1st Lt. DC, Reg. Army, 21 Dec.

Following 1st Lts., DC-Res., app. 1st Lts.,
DC, Reg. Army, 21 Dec., at station indicated:
Jack M. Messner, Army Med. Center, Wash.,
D. C.; Robert L. Walsh, Fitzsimons Gen'l
Hosp., Denver, Colo.; Eugene H. Wood, Pres.
of San Fran., Calif.; Hubert B. Palmer, Ft.
Bliss, Tex.

Nurses Corps

Janet R. Cecil, retired, 31 Dec., disability
incident to service.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. HOWARD K. LOUGHRY, C. of F.
Lt. Col. Lawrence P. Worrall, from Panama
Canal Dept., to off. of Ch. of Fin., Wash.,
D. C.

Capt. Charles H. Miles, Jr., (Inf.), from
Pres. of San Fran., Calif., to Hawaiian Dept.
Sail S. F. 1 March 1941.

OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Department
Marine Corps

NAVY ORDERS

Secretary of the Navy

Frank Knox

Undersecretary of the Navy

James V. Forrestal

Assistant Secretary of the Navy

Lewis Compton

Chief of Naval Operations

Admiral Harold R. Stark, USN

19 December 1940

Capt. Randall Jacobs, det. Asst. Chief of
Bureau, Bu. Nav. Navy Dept. in Dec.; to Cdr.
Train, Patrol Force.

Lt. Col. Clay Anderson, from Rapid City,
S. D., 1 Feb., to Engr. Repl. Center, Ft. Bel-
voir, Va.

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Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)
 Angeles, Calif., to 3rd CA Serv. Command, Arlington Cantonment, Va.
 Lt. Col. Frank C. DeLangton, from Ft. Ringgold, to 8th CA Serv. Command, Ft. Brown, Texas.

HOTEL DIRECTORY

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In SAN FRANCISCO**CALIFORNIA Hotel**

\$2.50 single, \$3.50 double, \$4.00 twins, 10% discount to Army and Navy. Special family rates. All rooms outside with shower and tub and with free individual radio. Popular price Coffee Shop. Garage adjoining. **DOWN TOWN** cor. Taylor and O'Farrell.

TREMAIN Apartment Hotel

Full housekeeping facilities—dineette and kitchenette. Full hotel service. Garage in building. \$3.00 single and \$4.00 double. Weekly, monthly and special family rates. 10% discount to Army and Navy. **DOWN TOWN** cor. Leavenworth and O'Farrell.

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Preferred by Army and Navy Officers

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 A ROBERT S. MEYER HOTEL \$250

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 In Philadelphia It's the **BELLEVUE-STRATFORD**
 Moderately Priced Centrally Situated
 Claude H. Bennett, Manager

WASHINGTON, D. C.

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 Modern Fireproof Apartment Hotel. Newly Furnished.
 Excellent Dining Room.
 R. H. FATT, Mgr.

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 A residential and trans. hotel of refinement. Attractive furn. & unfurn. housekeeping apts.

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 600 20th Street N. W.
 Four Squares West of White House
 One room, kitchen and bath furnished apartments by day, week or month. National 5425
 CAPT. & MRS. MARSHALL MCKIBBIN, Mgrs.

Lt. Col. Donald R. Dunkle, from Wash., D. C., to 3rd CA Serv. Command, Ft. Myer, Va.
 Lt. Col. Charles B. Hazeltine, from Ft. Riley, Kan., GSC, to hq., III Corps, Pres. of Monterey, Calif.

Lt. Col. Catesby ap. C. Jones, from New York, N. Y., to GSC, hq., 1st CA, Boston, Mass.

Lt. Col. Paul R. Davison, from CGSS, 2 Jan., to 10th Cav., Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

Capt. William H. Wood, from West Point, N. Y., to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Texas.

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. ROBERT M. DANFORD, C. of FA
 Following officers, to org. indicated, Ft. Sill, Okla.:

To the 349th Field Artillery—Col. Alfred L. P. Sands, Lt. Col. George H. Cushman, Jr., Lt. Col. Edmund B. Edwards, Lt. Col. Ross B. Warren, Lt. Col. Derrick deS. Trenholm, Maj. James V. Carroll, Maj. Richard C. Singer, Capt. Earl L. Barr, Capt. Franklin G. Smith, Capt. Lee W. Cather, Capt. Daniel T. Workizer, Capt. William P. Grieves, Capt. Harry J. Lemley, Jr., Capt. Duncan Sinclair, Capt. James W. Totten, Capt. Raymond L. Cato, Capt. Fred P. Campbell.

To the 18th Field Artillery—Lt. Col. Charles R. Doran, Col. Theodore L. Futch, Lt. Col. Henry P. Gant, Maj. William D. McNair, Maj. Marion P. Echois, Maj. Eugene M. Link, Capt. Malin Craig, Jr., Capt. John E. Theimer, Capt. John J. Duffy, Capt. Carl W. Miller, 2nd Lt. Robert R. Williams, 2nd Lt. Kenneth McR. Lemley, 2nd Lt. Raymond L. Shoemaker, Jr., 2nd Lt. James W. Walters, Jr., 2nd Lt. William E. Farthing, Jr., 2nd Lt. Charles P. Brown, 2nd Lt. Ben L. Burdick, 2nd Lt. John Dibble, Jr.

To the 2nd Observation Battalion—Maj. Leslie L. Hittle.

To the 77th Field Artillery—Maj. George P. Privett, Capt. Robert L. Cardell, Capt. Harrison B. Harden, Jr., 2nd Lt. Thomas L. Bryan.

Capt. Roscoe C. Batson, prior orders amended; to II Corps, Wilmington, Dela.

Col. Carl A. Baehr, prior orders amended; from Madison Bks., N. Y., to GSC, ch. of staff, II Corps, Wilmington, Dela.

Following Lt. Cols., from station indicated, 10 Jan., to FA Repl. Center, Ft. Sill, Okla.: Charles W. Mays, Austin, Texas; Everett M. Graves, Dallas, Texas.

Lt. Col. Lawrence A. Kurtz, prior orders revoked.

Lt. Col. H. Spencer Struble, from Buffalo, N. Y., 5 Jan., to FA Repl. Center, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

Lt. Col. Dana C. Schahl, from Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt., to CGSS, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

Lt. Col. Alpha Brumage, from Iola, Kan., 8 Jan., to 35th Div., Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Ark.

Lt. Col. Andrew R. Reeves, from Fayetteville, Ark., to GSC, hq., VII Corps, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Following officers, from station indicated, to Hawaiian Dept. Sill N. Y. 6 Feb. 1941: Lt. Col. Ward C. Goessling, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Capt. Robert C. Gildart, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Capt. Donald C. Little, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; 1st Lt. Robert J. Beaver, Ft. Riley, Kan.; 1st Lt. Samuel K. Eaton, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; 2nd Lt. Peter C. Manson, Ft. Jackson, S. C.

Lt. Col. Theodore E. Buechler, from Van Nuys, Calif., to GSC, to off. of Ch. of Staff, D. C.

Maj. Lawrence H. Caruthers, from Hutchinson, Kan., 8 Jan., to 35th Div., Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Ark.

Maj. Albert R. S. Barden, from Ft. Sill, Okla., 15 Jan., to 2nd Cav. Div., Ft. Riley, Kan.

Maj. Harold A. Doherty, from Corvallis, Ore., to Hawaiian Dept. Sill S. F. 1 March 1941.

Capt. Camden W. McConnell, prior orders amended; from Hawaiian Dept., to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Texas.

Following officers, from station indicated, to Hawaiian Dept. Sill S. F. 1 March 1941: Capt. Stuart F. Crawford, Ft. D. A. Russell, Texas; Capt. Philip H. Draper, Jr., Ft. Ord, Calif.; Capt. John W. Ferris, Ft. D. A. Russell, Texas; Capt. Roger W. Goldsmith, Ft. Ord, Calif.; 1st Lt. Claude L. Shepard, Jr., Ft. Sam Houston, Texas; 2nd Lt. Charles P. Brown, Ft. Sill, Okla.; 2nd Lt. George F. Car-

ter, Ft. Lewis, Wash.; 2nd Lt. William Traub, Ft. D. A. Russell, Texas.

1st Lt. Clifton F. von Kann, from Hawaiian Dept., to 77th FA, Ft. Sill, Okla.

2nd Lt. Misha N. Kadick, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Hawaiian Dept. Sill N. Y. 6 Feb. 1941.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH A. GREEN, C. of CAC

Lt. Col. William C. Washington, from New York, N. Y., 1 Feb., to CA Repl. Center, Ft. Eustis, Va.

Lt. Col. Benjamin Bowering, from Topeka, Kan., 1 Feb., to CA Repl. Center, Hitchcock, Texas.

Lt. Col. Allison W. Jones, from Detroit, Mich., 1 Feb., to CA Repl. Center, Ft. Eustis, Va.

Lt. Col. Frederick W. Cook, from Lansing, Mich., 1 Feb., to CA Repl. Center, Ft. Eustis, Va.

Lt. Col. George R. Owens, from Little Rock, Ark., 1 Feb., to Misc. Station, Hollyridge, N. C.

Lt. Col. Abraham L. Bullard, from Helena, Ark., 16 Jan., to 206th CA, Ft. Bliss, Texas.

Lt. Col. Roy S. Gibson, (Inf.), from Camp Upton, N. Y., 1 Feb., to Misc. Station, Hollyridge, N. C.

1st Lt. Reamer W. Argo, from Newark, Dela., to Panama Canal Dept. Sill N. Y. 18 Feb. 1941.

Lt. Col. William H. Sweet, from Ft. Barrancas, Fla., to Panama Canal Dept. Sill Charles-ton 20 Feb. 1941.

Lt. Col. Edward L. Supple, from Duluth, Minn., 15 Feb., to Misc. Station, Hollyridge, N. C.

Lt. Col. Richmond T. Gibson, from Chicago, Ill., 15 Feb., to Misc. Station, Hollyridge, N. C.

Lt. Col. Edward B. McCarthy, from Denver, Colo., to CA Repl. Center, Ft. Eustis, Va.

Following Lt. Cols., from station indicated, to Misc. Station, Hollyridge, N. C.: Morris E. Conable, Portland, Ore.; Linton Y. Hartman, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Capt. Herbert T. Benz, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Benjamin M. Warfield, from Ft. Crockett, 15 Feb., to 5th CA Hitchcock, Texas.

Capt. William M. Vestal, from Ft. Hancock, N. J., to Panama Canal Dept. Sill N. Y. 18 Feb. 1941.

2nd Lt. Clarence E. Gushurst, from Randolph Fld., Texas, to 6th CA, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. GEORGE A. LYNCH, C. of Inf.

Col. Per Ramee, from Kansas City, Mo., 8 Jan., to 35th Div., Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Ark.

Following officers, from Inf. Sch., to 4th CA Serv. Command, Ft. Benning, Ga.: Col. Walter S. Fulton, Col. Sam I. McCants, Lt. Col. John R. Eden, Lt. Col. Frank Lockhead, Lt. Col. Remington Orsingher, Maj. John D. Frederick, Maj. Herbert B. Laux, Maj. Truman C. Thorson, Maj. Albert C. Morgan, Capt. Marvin J. Coyle.

Lt. Col. James J. Pirtle, from Phila., Pa., to GSC, hq., 5th CA, Ft. Hayes, Ohio.

Lt. Col. Louis J. Lampke, prior orders revoked.

Lt. Col. Andrew J. Powell, from Ft. Ontario, N. Y., 15 Jan., to 4th CA Serv. command, Camp Livingston, La.

Lt. Col. Edwin H. Johnson, from Ft. Ontario, N. Y., 15 Jan., to 4th CA Serv. Command, Wilmington, N. C.

Lt. Col. Egmont F. Koenig, prior orders revoked.

Lt. Col. Robert O. Shoe, prior orders amended; from Ft. Benning, Ga., to GSC, hq., II Corps, Wilmington, Dela.

Lt. Col. Burton L. Lucas, prior orders amended; from Pres. of San Fran, Calif., to GSC, hq., II Corps, Wilmington, Dela.

Lt. Col. Paul Murray, from Boston, Mass., to 1st CA Serv. Command, Camp Edwards, Mass.

Lt. Col. John E. Doyle, from Spartanburg, S. C., to IGD, hq., 6th CA, Chicago, Ill., 26 Dec.

Lt. Col. Edward J. Renth, from Lawrence, Kan., 8 Jan., to 35th Div., Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Ark.

Lt. Col. Paul E. Leiber, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., to GSC, hq., VII Corps, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Lt. Col. William D. Powell, from Ft. Franklin, E. Warren, Wyo., to GSC, hq., III Corps, Pres. of Monterey, Calif.

Lt. Col. Chesley R. Miller, from Kalamazoo, Mich., to 6th CA Serv. Command, Ft. Custer, Mich.

W. O. Edward C. Hertweck, from Chicago, Ill., to Philippine Dept. Sill N. Y. 2 April 1941.

M. Sgt. Floyd B. Haney, 20th Bomb. Sq., app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to AC, Langley Fld., Va.

M. Sgt. Edwin Taylor, QMC, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; from Hamilton Fld., to AGD, hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran, Calif.

T. Sgt. Thomas Slihot, Jr., QMC, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to hq., 3rd CA, Balto., Md.

1st Sgt. Carl Funk, Hq. and Hq. Btry., 11th FA, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to AGD, Hawaiian Dept.

Maj. James D. Givens, from Hillsgrave, R. I., 3 Jan., to instr., AC, La. NG, New Orleans, La.

Capt. Maurice F. Daly, from Maxwell Fld., Ala., to Philippine Dept. Sill Charleston 4 April 1941.

1st Lt. Leland S. McGowan, from Brooks Fld., Texas, 1 Feb., to Selfridge Fld., Mich.

1st Lt. Karl L. Polifka, prior orders amended; from Moffett Fld., Calif., to 1st Photo. Sq., Moffett Fld., Calif.

1st Lt. Waymond A. Davis, from Brooks Fld., Texas, to Wright Fld., Ohio.

PROMOTIONS

Capt. Martin H. Burkes, FA, to Maj., 10 Dec.

Following Lt. Cols., temp. app., to Col., 1 Dec.: Harry Albert Flint, Cav.; Walter Melville Robertson, Inf.; John Henry Lindt, CAC; Pearl Lee Thomas, Cav.; Sidney Vincent Birmingham, Cav.; Bird Spencer DuBois, CAC; Isaac Spalding, FA; Harry James Malony, FA; Henry Lytton Flynn (Cav.), GSC; Robert Fee Hyatt, FA; Harold Marvin Rayner, Cav.

Following Lt. Cols., to Col., 1 Dec.: Ordinance Department—Levin H. Campbell, Jr., (brigadier general, Army of the United States); Philip G. Blackmore, (colonel, Army of the United States); Chemical Warfare Service—John A. Baird, (colonel, Army of the United States); Field Artillery—Claude K. Rhinehart, (colonel, Army of the United States); Jonathan W. Anderson, (colonel, Army of the United States); Coast Artillery Corps—Henry C. Davis, Jr., (colonel, Army of the United States); Octave De Carré, (colonel, Army of the United States); Claude M. Thiele, (colonel, Army of the United States). Infantry—Andrew G. Gardner, (colonel, Army of the United States); Albert S. Kuegle, (colonel, Army of the United States); Serafin M. Montesinos, (colonel, Army of the United States). Air Corps—Follett Bradley, (brigadier general, Army of the United States; temporary colonel).

Ch. Frederick W. Hagan, (capt.), promoted to maj., 3 Dec.

Capt. Robert E. Bitner, MC, to maj., 12 Dec.

Following officers to capt., date indicated: 1st Lt. Thomas E. Patton, MC, (captain, Army of the United States), 1 Dec.; 1st Lt. Albert W. Kuske, MC, (captain, Army of the United States), 3 Dec.; 1st Lt. Walter J. Reedy, MC, (captain, Army of the United States), 3 Dec.; 1st Lt. Jay J. Palmer, MC, (captain, Army of the United States), 3 Dec.; 1st Lt. Charles S. Winston, DC, (captain, Army of the United States), 1 Dec.

Following 1st Lts., to Capt., 17 Dec.: Henry C. Vedder, MC; 1st Lt. Leon J. Numainville, MC.

Maj. Byron A. Falk, SC, to Lt. Col., 21 Dec.

Following officers temp. promoted to rank indicated, 23 Dec.: Lt. Col. Orlando Ward, (FA), GSC, to Col.; Lt. Col. Stephen G. Henry, Inf., to Col.; Maj. Harold DeL. Stetson, QMC, to Lt. Col.; Capt. Everett C. Hayden, QMC, to Maj.

TRANSFERS

Maj. Frederick Pearson, Inf., to FD, 16 Nov.

Maj. O. D. Wells, Inf., to QMC, 3 Dec.

ORDERS TO RETIRED OFFICERS

Maj. Sam M. Brabson, to Orlando Air Base, Fla.

Maj. Harry R. Springer, to San Antonio Gen'l Dep., Texas.

Col. Edward N. Woodbury, 19 Jan., to Seawane Military Acad., Tenn.

Maj. Lawrence B. Pilisbury, 21 Jan., to Lettermen Gen'l Hosp., San Fran., Calif.

Col. James H. Tierney, to Walla Walla H. S., Wash.

WARRANT OFFICERS

W. O. Eugene G. Mulling, from Edgewood Arsenal, Md., to 3rd CA Dist., Ft. Monroe, Va.

W. O. Louis Kovacs, from Ft. Meade, S. D., to Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

W. O. August Siedler, prior orders revoked.

W. O. Enon R. McElfresh, prior orders amended; to II Corps, Wilmington, Dela.

W. O. Robert Hippelheuser, prior orders amended; to hq. II Corps, Wilmington, Dela.

W. O. Percy S. Warren, from Bklyn., N. Y., to Philippine Dept. Sill N. Y. 2 April 1941.

W. O. Rudolph Foss, from 2nd Div., to hq., 8th CA, Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

W. O. William E. Deal, from hq., 8th CA, to 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

W. O. Charles F. Ludwick, from Pres. of San Fran., Calif., to 3rd Div., Ft. Lewis, Wash.

W. O. Edward C. Hertweck, from Chicago, Ill., to Philippine Dept. Sill N. Y. 2 April 1941.

M. Sgt. Floyd B. Haney, 20th Bomb. Sq., app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to AC, Langley Fld., Va.

M. Sgt. Edwin Taylor, QMC, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; from Hamilton Fld., to AGD, hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

T. Sgt. Thomas Slihot, Jr., QMC, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to hq., 3rd CA, Balto., Md.

1st Sgt. Carl Funk, Hq. and Hq. Btry., 11th FA, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to AGD, Hawaiian Dept.

Continued on Next Page

Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

M. Sgt. Irvin L. Patton, det., QMC, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; from Ft. Ruger, T. H., to AGD, Hawaiian Dept.

M. Sgt. James L. Todd, Hq. Co., 1st Engr. Bn., app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; from Ft. DuPont, Dela., to Engr. Sect., Schenectady Gen'l Dep., N. Y.

T. Sgt. Joseph S. Wilcox, det., MD, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; from Ft. Riley, Kan., to AGD, hq., 6th CA, Chicago, Ill.

M. Sgt. Clarence C. Myers, det., MD, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; from Hot Springs Nat'l Pk., Ark., to AGD, hq., 4th CA, Atlanta, Ga.

M. Sgt. Olin Brown, 2nd Balloon Sq., app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to AC, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

M. Sgt. Dennis O. Black, FD, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec., to FD, Pres. of Monterey, Calif.

M. Sgt. Clyde W. Doyell, 3rd Trans. Sq., AC, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; from Duncan Fld., to AC, Gulf Coast Tr. Center, San Antonio, Texas.

M. Sgt. James C. Knowles, DEML, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to AGD, hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

M. Sgt. Leo W. Bundy, 15th Sign. Serv. Co., app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to SC, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

M. Sgt. Carroll T. Bruton, 15th Sign. Serv. Co., app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to SC, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

S. Sgt. Frank C. Flick, DEML, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to AGD, hq., 2nd CA, Governors Isl., N. Y.

M. Sgt. Harrison J. Hill, det., FD, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 17 Dec.; to FD, Anchorage, Alaska.

M. Sgt. Elmer L. Lawson, DEML, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 21 Dec.; from San Fran., Calif., to AGD, hq., 7th CA, Omaha, Neb.

T. Sgt. William A. Waters, DEML, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 21 Dec.; from Ft. Shafter, AGD, Hawaiian Dept.

M. Sgt. John W. Frazer, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 21 Dec.; from AC Adv. Flying Sch., to AC Moffett Fld., Calif.

M. Sgt. Thomas D. Meagher, Det., QMC, app. W. O., Reg. Army, 21 Dec.; from Ft. Totten, to AGD, hq., 2nd CA, Governors Isl., N. Y.

M. Sgt. John W. Denny, 9th Sign. Serv. Co., app. W. O., Reg. Army, 21 Dec.; from Ft. Shafter, T. H., to AGD, Hawaiian Dept.

T. Sgt. Jeremiah J. Savage, station hospital, 11th Med. Regt., app. W. O., Reg. Army, 21 Dec.; from Schofield Bks., T. H., to AGD, Hawaiian Dept.

ORDERS TO ENLISTED MEN

Following enlisted, to QM Motor Trans. Sch., Holabird QM Dep., Balto., Md.: S. Sgt. Theodore L. Wittman, Pvt. 1cl William B. Shelley, Pvt. Gardiner L. Hutchinson, Pvt. 1cl Dale Davis, T. Sgt. Eugene P. Ward, Sgt. Charles W. Johnson, Pvt. 1cl Michael G. Donovan, Pvt. 1cl David J. Barry, Jr., Pvt. Jay Q. Spahr, S. Sgt. John K. Burns.

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN

Sgt. Gerbacio Mabine, Btry. F, 24th FA, (P) at Ft. Stotsenburg, P. I., 31 Dec.

S. Sgt. Roy Terrellion, prior orders amended; at Selma, Ala.

1st Sgt. Thorvald E. Lindelof, DEML, at Ft. McDowell, Calif., 31 Dec.

Sgt. George N. Hardin, Tr. A, 7th Cav., at Ft. Bliss, Texas, 31 Dec.

1st Sgt. Stacey L. Norman, Btry. A, 41st FA, Bn., at Ft. Lewis, Wash., 31 Dec., with rank of Capt.

ORDERS TO RESERVES

Extended Active Duty, AG
Capt. Marvin G. Richeson, 23 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 22 Dec. 1941.

Capt. Arthur R. Brown, cont'd in AGO, Wash., D. C., until 31 Dec. 1941.

Extended Active Duty, JAG

Capt. David F. Foster, 11 Jan., to Selfridge Fld., Mich., until 10 Jan. 1942.

Extended Active Duty, QM

1st Lt. Samuel P. Davalos, (FA-Res.), from Phila., Pa., to asst. constr. qm., Jefferson Proving Ground, Madison, Ind.

1st Lt. Ivan A. Chesbro, (FA-Res.), from Chicago, Ill., to asst. constr. qm., St. Louis Small Arms Ammunition Plant, Mo.

1st Lt. James R. Rundell, from Governors Isl., N. Y., to asst. constr. qm., Camp Blanding, Fla.

1st Lt. Bennie H. Faber, (Engr.-Res.), from Ft. Crockett, Texas, to constr. qm., Santa Barbara, Calif.

1st Lt. William Edward J. Quinn, 2 Jan., to Camp Rodman, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., until 1 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Carl L. R. Meng, (Engr.-Res.), from Pres. of San Fran., Calif., to asst. constr. qm., Santa Barbara, Calif.

Following officers, asst. constr. qm., Ft. Bliss, Texas; Capt. Simon C. Curtis, Capt. Earl L. Creager, (Inf.-Res.), Capt. Henry P. Enzinger, (Engr.-Res.), 1st Lt. Ambrose J.

Malloy, (Inf.-Res.), 1st Lt. Samuel C. Roberts, (Engr.-Res.).

1st Lt. Rex De Loach, 2 Jan., to Patterson Fld., Ohio, until 1 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. Stewart McGinty, Jr., 29 Dec., to Atlanta Procurement Planning Dist., Ga., until 28 Dec. 1941.

Capt. Albert H. Hollandsworth, (CA-Res.), from Camp Shelby, Miss., to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Harry B. Darling, (Inf.-Res.), from Carlisle Bks., Wash., to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Roy C. Gregory, (Engr.-Res.), from Wash., D. C., to asst. constr. qm., Balto., Md.

Maj. Eugene M. Dwyer, (Cav.-Res.), from Governors Isl., N. Y., to asst. constr. qm., Balto., Md.

1st Lt. Ewing H. Buysse, (FA-Res.), from Governors Isl., N. Y., to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Harry S. Thomas, (MI-Res.), from Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Oscar J. Sufrin, 31 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 30 Dec. 1941.

Maj. Joseph L. Ernst, 31 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 30 Dec. 1941.

Maj. James R. Walsh, 2 Jan., to Chicago, QM Dep., Ill., until 1 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. James A. Marmouget, 3 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 2 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. James D. Poage, 30 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 29 Dec. 1941.

2nd Lt. Herman Schramm, 21 Dec., to Phila. QM Dep., Pa., until 20 Dec. 1941.

2nd Lt. Clyde C. Parker, from St. Louis, Mo., to asst. CO, Kansas City QM Dep., Mo.

Maj. Lloyd L. Stanley, (Engr.-Res.), from Camp San Luis Obispo, Calif., to Wash., D. C.

Capt. Chester W. Terry, (FA-Res.), from Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Glenn G. Bertels, from Chanute Fld., to asst. constr. qm., Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

2nd Lt. Robert E. Kraft, (Inf.-Res.), from Wash., D. C., to asst. constr. qm., Antiaircraft Firing Center, Wilmington, N. C.

2nd Lt. Alexander S. Hall, (Inf.-Res.), from Wash., D. C., 6 Jan., to asst. constr. qm., Camp Lee, Va.

2nd Lt. Benjamin McT. Gaston, 4 Jan., to Phila. QM Sch., Pa., until 3 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. John W. McDonald, 29 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 28 Dec. 1941.

2nd Lt. John E. Payton, cont'd at Jeffersonville, Ind., until 31 Dec. 1941.

2nd Lt. Edward C. Minor, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Edwin A. Mawhinney, (Cav.-Res.), from Jeffersonville, Ind., to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. George W. Noe, (Inf.-Res.), from Ft. George Wright, Wash., to asst. constr. qm., Ft. Riley, Kan.

Extended Active Duty, MC

Capt. James F. McDowell, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Jacob L. Gold, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Joseph M. Daly, 9 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 8 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. John W. Sowers, 3 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 2 Jan. 1942.

Following officers, to AC, Hawaiian Dept.: Capt. William H. McCarroll, 1st Lt. Adlore L. Boucher.

Following officers, prior orders amended; to AC, Hawaiian Dept.: 1st Lt. Louis M. Cuviller, Jr., 1st Lt. Anthony D. D'Alfonso, 1st Lt. Irvin G. Gahm.

1st Lt. Emanuel J. Levin, 3 Jan., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., until 2 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Robert L. Stern, prior orders revoked.

Following 1st Lts. from Ft. Devens, Mass., to Puerto Rican Dept. Sail N. Y. 18 Jan. 1941: Philip L. Dunkle, Forrest A. Rowell, Jr.

Following officers, from station indicated, to Puerto Rican Dept. Sail N. Y. 27 Dec. 1940: Maj. Morris G. Minner, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.; 1st Lt. Fred C. Barald, Ft. Devens, Mass.; 1st Lt. Charles T. Carroll, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.; 1st Lt. Joseph E. Dushane, Ft. Devens, Mass.

Following officers, from station indicated, to Anchorage, Alaska: 1st Lt. William T. Smith, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 1st Lt. Wendell H. Sweet, Ft. Lewis, Wash.

Capt. Edward R. Wernitznig, from Ft. Devens, Mass., to Philippine Dept. Sail N. Y. 2 April 1941.

1st Lt. Russell S. Wolfe, 3 Jan., to Barksdale Fld., La., until 2 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Robert W. Giles, 26 Dec., to Ft. Riley, Kan., until 25 Dec. 1941.

1st Lt. John A. Bellise, 4 Jan., to Army and Navy Gen'l Hosp., Hot Springs Nat'l Pk., Kan., until 3 Jan. 1942.

Extended Active Duty, DC

1st Lt. Thomas K. Mortenson, 2 Jan., to Army Med. Center, Wash., D. C., until 1 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. David F. Foster, 11 Jan., to Selfridge Fld., Mich., until 10 Jan. 1942.

Capt. Erwin W. Ferber, 3 Jan., to Letterman Gen'l Hosp., San Fran., Calif., until 2 Jan. 1942.

Capt. Euripides E. Cosimi, 20 Jan., to N. Y. Pt. of Embk., Bklyn., N. Y., until 19 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Edward D. Chase, from Ft. Bliss, Texas, to Anchorage, Alaska.

Capt. Edwin E. Swanson, from Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Hawaiian Dept. Sail S. F. 1 March 1941.

1st Lt. Garnet P. Francis, Jr., from Wash., D. C., to Philippine Dept. Sail N. Y. 2 April 1941.

1st Lt. Clyde A. Stevenson, 7 Jan., to AC Spec. Flying Sch., Selma, Ala., until 6 Jan. 1942.

Extended Active Duty, VC

1st Lt. Charles R. Wainwright, 9 Jan., to Brooks Fld., Texas, until 8 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Ervin A. Eichhorn, 6 Jan., to Army Med. Center, Wash., D. C., until 5 Jan. 1942.

Maj. Harry R. Leighton, from Ft. Williams, Mo., to Philippine Dept. Sail N. Y. 2 April 1941.

Extended Active Duty, MAC

1st Lt. Carl M. Prince, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Neal F. Marshall, 3 Jan., to Wm. Beaumont Gen'l Hosp., El Paso, Texas, until 2 Jan. 1942.

Extended Active Duty, Fin.

1st Lt. George W. Beals, from McChord Fld., Wash., to Northwest Air Dist., Spokane, Wash.

1st Lt. Basil G. Lilly, prior orders amended; to Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

Maj. Milton A. Lehr, 23 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 22 Dec. 1941.

Extended Active Duty, Engr.

1st Lt. Hamilton E. Hicks, 3 Jan., to Ft. Bragg, N. C., until 2 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Charles H. Hammond, from Ft. Huachuca, Ariz., to asst. constr. qm., Ft. Bliss, Texas.

Following Captz., from Ft. Belvoir, Va., to station indicated: Henry G. Gerdes, to Charleston, S. C., Harold C. Hill, to New Orleans, La.

1st Lt. Ralph S. Fralick, from Ft. DuPont, Dela., to 7th Engr. Bn., Ft. Custer, Mich.

2nd Lt. Robert A. Hoag, from Ft. DuPont, Dela., to 7th Engr. Bn., Ft. Custer, Mich.

Capt. Louis V. Smetana, from Ft. Lincoln, N. D., to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. John A. Beaudry, from 1st Engr. Bn., to 70th Engr. Co., Ft. DuPont, Dela.

Extended Active Duty, Ord.

Maj. James R. Cardwell, 2 Jan., to Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, until 1 Jan. 1942.

Maj. Edmund B. Moore, 1 Jan., to Erie Ord. Dep., LaCrosse, Ohio, until 31 Dec. 1941.

Capt. George F. Glass, from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., 15 Jan., to Iowa Ord. Plant, Middletown, Iowa.

Capt. Lewis A. Dorgan, 1 Jan., to Picatinny Arsenal, N. J., until 31 Dec. 1941.

1st Lt. Alfred H. Gardner, Jr., from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., 1 Jan., to Lake City Ord. Plant, Mo.

1st Lt. Wallace D. Connor, 2 Jan., to Camp Rodman, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., until 1 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. Jack W. Hoover, from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., 1 Jan., to Hoosier Ord. Plant, Ind.

2nd Lt. Walter Shalaff, prior orders revoked; from Picatinny Arsenal, N. J., to Iowa Ord. Plant, Iowa.

Following 2nd Lts., prior orders amended; from Picatinny Arsenal, N. J., 15 Jan. 1941: Richard J. Martinelli, Aldred J. Simons.

2nd Lt. Robert M. Schenck, 2 Jan., to Picatinny Arsenal, N. J., until 1 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. Walter H. Wright, 2 Jan., to Rochester Ord. Dist., N. Y., until 1 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. Victor L. Schroder, 2 Jan., to Rochester Ord. Dist., N. Y., until 1 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. Henry D. Smith, Jr., 2 Jan., to Paterson Fld., Ohio, until 1 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. Ronald E. Corbitt, 29 Dec., to Birmingham Ord. Dist., Ala., until 19 Dec. 1941.

1st Lt. Joseph L. Stearns, 3 Jan., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., until 2 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Nelson Emmons, III, 3 Jan., to Cincinnati Ord. Dist., Ohio, until 2 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Ayres W. Stoddard, from Langley Fld., Va., to McChord Fld., Wash.

2nd Lt. Scott Camp, from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., 5 Jan., to Morgantown Ord. Works, West Va.

1st Lt. Frank A. Stutz, 4 Jan., to Ord. Sch., Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., until 3 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. William R. Comber, 4 Jan., to Frankford Arsenal, Phila., Pa., until 3 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. William G. Duke, Jr., from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., to Wilmington Ord. Beg., Dela.

1st Lt. George E. Sweeney, 1 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 31 Dec. 1941.

1st Lt. Russell E. Mason, from Ft. Knox, Ky., to home and inactive status, 31 Jan. 1941.

Extended Active Duty, Sign.

2nd Lt. George B. Hart, from Wash., D. C., to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Texas.

Capt. Hilding V. Foreen, 19 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 18 Jan. 1942.

Capt. Norman I. Adams, Jr., 2 Jan., to SC Sch., Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until 1 Jan. 1942.

Capt. Herman C. Collier, 13 Jan., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until 12 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Arthur P. Carter, 3 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 2 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Ellis Smith, 1 Feb., to SC Sch., Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until 31 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. Richard O. Riegler, from Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to Philippine Dept. Sail S. F., 24 Jan. 1941.

2nd Lt. Robert C. Holmes, 20 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 19 Jan. 1942.

1st Lt. Frederic C. Shidell, Jr., 4 Jan., to SC Sch., Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until 3 Jan. 1942.

Maj. Victor H. Maymon, 27 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 26 Dec. 1941.

Extended Active Duty, CWS

2nd Lt. Bernard D. Rosen, 2 Jan., to Edgewood Arsenal, Md., until 1 Jan. 1942.

SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—As the old year retreats before the new an American man-of-war—the USS *Tuscaloosa*—is speeding across the Atlantic bound for Lisbon. Aboard is President Roosevelt's new ambassador to Marshall Petain—Admiral William D. Leahy who was drafted from the Governorship of Puerto Rico for the Vichy post when General Pershing found it impossible to accept this important mission.

At Boston another American Ambassador, Mr. William Phillips, is preparing to return to his post at Rome soon after New Year's Day. And at Buenos Aires it is expected that the American Ambassador there—Mr. Norman Armour—will soon be on his way to London as the successor of Ambassador Kennedy whose resignation is on the President's desk. With these envoys at their respective posts the government at Washington will be in a better position than it has been in recent weeks to obtain as much accurate information as possible to guide the course of American diplomacy during the coming year. Naturally their first effort will be, after carrying convincing word of the expanding program of American defense, including aid to Britain, China and Greece, to find out and interpret to their home government any changes they find in the attitude of the conquered peoples of the Old World toward their conquerors.

During the twelve months ending Wednesday next, the greater part of Europe has been beaten under the yoke of Nazi rule. In the wake of Russia's defeat of Finland and the ensuing peace by the sword for that brave little country, the Nazis last April occupied Denmark, invaded Norway and successfully resisted the efforts of the British to drive them out of the latter country. The following month the Nazis invaded the low countries and France. The Netherlands fell on 14 May and Belgium surrendered fourteen days later. Tempted by these Nazi victories Italy entered the war on the side of Germany on 10 June and twelve days later the Petain Government appealed for an armistice.

Thus by September instead of an internal breakdown or revolution in Germany, as the Allies had hoped would be compelled by the economic blockade declared by Britain and France, a series of victories, military and diplomatic, had made Germany the military master of a great part of the continent of Europe. Furthermore Germany had induced Italy to invade Egypt and at the same time was promising Spain and Portugal British colonies in Africa as a reward for their active assistance in the war.

Russia meanwhile, taking advantage of the increasing intensity with which the battle of Britain was being waged in the air and on the sea, moved to strengthen her position by taking over half of Poland, Estonia, Lithuania, eastern Finland, Bessarabia and northern Bukovina. These acquisitions were made in cooperation with Germany.

Italy chose the 19th anniversary of the Fascist march on Rome for her ultimatum to Greece demanding that important bases be surrendered. The ultimatum was followed within a few hours by the invasion of Greece by Italian troops which crossed the Albanian border. Since then a series of events have helped to slow down both the military and diplomatic advance of Germany and check the realization of the Nazi scheme for the establishing of its so called "New Order" in Europe. The defeats administered to the Italians by the Greeks and by the British fleet in the Mediterranean and by the British Army in Africa and the irritation caused Russia by the terms of the Japanese Treaty with its puppet government in China, the dismissal of Laval from Petain's cabinet by the Marshall himself, the refusal of General Weygand to return to France from Africa, the increasing solidarity of the Americas in resisting Nazi propaganda and anti-American activities in their midst, the loan of an additional \$100,000,000 to China by the United States, the shutting off of more and more American commodities to Japan, the strengthening of the American forces in the Philippines—all these have combined to change somewhat the diplomatic face of things in Europe and Asia as the new year nears. Especially have the Italian defeats influenced Yugoslavia and Bulgaria to cling to their neutrality for the present at least, meanwhile Weygand sticks to his post in Africa, holding an important key to the entire situation. The lowering of Italian morale, especially among the people at home, as defeat after defeat was inflicted their troops both in Albania and Africa, offered an opportunity that Prime Minister Winston Churchill took advantage of in his dramatic appeal to the Italian people to rebel against Hitler and Mussolini.

These events explain also in part the haste with which Admiral Leahy is proceeding to his post and the sudden decision to send Ambassador Phillips back to Rome almost immediately. They will have much to report abroad and much abroad that will need expert interpretation to Washington if American diplomacy is to meet the challenges ahead. The negotiations by which the United States obtained a chain of bases in the Atlantic stretching from Newfoundland to the northern coast of South America and the arrangements resulting from the Havana conference for the use of bases further south constitute the epochal achievement of American diplomacy during the present year. There is a base in the Caribbean Sea—which is still required to complete the defenses of this area—the island of Martinique. The question of a base there is expected to be one of the first questions Ambassador Leahy will take up with the Vichy government.

But the most expert efforts of Ambassadors Leahy at Vichy, Phillips at Rome and of Mr. Armour, if he goes to London will depend primarily for their success upon the swiftness with which paper plans of defense here at home are translated into the ships, guns, planes and other material so sweepingly promised to Britain and China and Greece, but so far from delivery to our Allies in all but name. It is for this reason no doubt that President Roosevelt will broadcast to the country tomorrow night the demands which the emergency makes upon the nation in the same serious manner that for weeks Secretary Hull has been doing to high officials of the Government at both ends of Constitution Avenue. American diplomacy will be no stronger in the new year than the armed forces that support it. This Mr. Hull knows from experience across both oceans. The lesson of this experience he is doing his best to share with all who seek his light and leading on foreign affairs.

Patrol Force, U. S. Fleet—Transfer of Capt. Richard S. Edwards, recently selected for promotion to rear admiral, from Naval Operations to command of Submarines, Patrol Force, announced today by the Navy Department, brings the total of officers of flag rank on duty with the Patrol Force to seven. A year ago, the only rear admiral with the Atlantic Squadron, forerunner of the Patrol Force, was its commander. Now, with seven flag officers or selectees to flag rank on duty with the force, the probabilities that its commanding officer shortly will be given a vice admiralty become more certain. It is even predicted in some offices that, if additional temporary ranks are given the Navy, the commander of the Patrol Force will have rank of full admiral.

The commands of the Patrol Force now are: Commander, Patrol Force, Rear Adm. Ernest J. King; Commander, Destroyers, Patrol Force, Rear Adm. Ferdinand L. Reichmuth; Commander, Aircraft, Patrol Force, Rear Adm. A. B. Cook; Commander, Submarines, Patrol Force, Captain Edwards; Commander, Train, Patrol Force, Capt. Randall Jacobs, on promotion list for rear admiral. Rear Adm. David M. Le Breton commands battleship division five, and Rear Adm. Andrew C. Pickens commands cruiser division seven, which include the battleships and cruisers, respectively, of the Patrol Force. Capt. Frank A. Braisted commands the transports in the Patrol Force Train.

Announced today with Captain Edwards' orders were three other important changes of duty. Capt. Harold M. Bemis, commanding the USS California, will become commandant of the 16th Naval District. Captain Bemis, recently selected for promotion to read admiral, will relieve Rear Adm. John M. Smealie as commandant of the 16th Naval District and of Cavite Navy Yard. Admiral Smealie's new assignment has not been announced. Capt. Harry J. Abbott, chief of staff and aide to the commander of Destroyers, Battle Force, will go to the 12th Naval District. Capt. James L. Kauffman, commander of destroyer squadron 30 will command destroyer squadron 7.

Field Artillery—Maj. Gen. Robert M. Danford, the Chief of Field Artillery, and Lt. Col. Rex W. Beasley of his office left Thursday 26 Dec., for Ft. Bragg, N. C., to witness tests of the new three-man Quarter-Ton Truck (4 x 4) and other field artillery automotive materiel now under test by the Field Artillery Board. If these small Four-Wheel-Drive Trucks prove successful in their field tests, it is contemplated that they will be substituted for motorcycles with side cars for tactical operations of the Field Artillery. Other using services are also conducting tests of these trucks. General Danford, accompanied by Col. R. S. Parrott, President of the Field Artillery Board and other Field Artillery officers, recently returned from a tour of inspection to Rock Island Arsenal and other mid-west points in connection with development and procurement of new Field Artillery materiel.

General Danford was re-elected president of the Executive Council of the United States Field Artillery Association and Maj. Thomas North and Capt. George L. Hart were elected new members of the Council at the annual December meeting held at the Army and Navy Club, Washington, D. C. Major North is on duty in the office of the Chief of Field Artillery. Captain Hart, a graduate of Virginia Military Institute, is active in local reserve circles. In civil life he is an attorney in Washington. General Danford paid high tribute to Col. LeRoy Herron, whose retirement from active membership on the Executive Council was announced. Colonel Herron entered the military service as a Private in the National Guard of the District of Columbia in 1897. He served through the Spanish-American War and the World War. He has been a member of the Executive Council of the Field Artillery Association since 1922. At the time of his retirement, he was Commanding Officer of the 315th Field Artillery of Washington, D. C. In civil life he is Advertising Manager of the Washington Evening Star. His absence from the Executive Council will be keenly felt.

The Chief of Field Artillery, Maj. Gen. Robert M. Danford; the President of the Field Artillery Board, Col. R. S. Parrott; and two officers from the materiel section of the office of the Chief of Field Artillery, Lt. Col. Rex Beasley and Lt. Col. J. W. McKelvie, returned last week from a trip to Rock Island Arsenal and other midwestern points where development and procurement phases of field artillery materiel are in progress. This week General Danford and Lt. Col. Beasley will visit Fort Bragg, N. C., in connection with activities of the Field Artillery Board.

Yards and Docks—Contract for housing facilities at Coco Solo and Balboa, Canal Zone, has been awarded on a cost plus fixed fee basis to the Leonard Construction Company of Chicago. A total of 1,400 housing units for enlisted and civilian personnel will be built at an estimated cost, including fee, of \$4,224,000.

Air Corps—Delivery has been made of the first AT-8 airplane manufactured by the Cessna Aircraft Company of Wichita, Kansas. This airplane is a two-seater, bi-motor airplane, powered with two Lycoming 280 H. P. at 2200 r.p.m. 9-cylinder, radial engines. It is equipped with two-blade constant speed propellers. The airplane has an approximate wing span of 41 ft. 11 inches and a gross weight of 5100 lbs. It is a low-wing monoplane with retractable landing gear. The wings are full cantilever constructed of solid laminated spars. The wing tips and leading edges are covered with plywood, the remainder of the wings being fabric-covered. The fuselage is constructed of welded steel tube. This is the first advanced training airplane with twin engines. It will be used for transition from single to twin-engine training. The airplane is equipped with radio and a full complement of training instruments for advance training, including automatic pilot.

Additional construction at a total cost of \$294,341 at the Southeast Air Depot, Mobile, Ala., was authorized this week by the War Department. A total of more than \$4,250,000 now has been announced for construction at this establishment. Units to occupy the new facilities will include the Air Depot headquarters, the 63rd Transport Group Headquarters and Headquarters Squadron comprising the 6th and 9th Transport Squadrons, and necessary service troops. About 1,000 officers and men will be stationed at the depot.

Army Engineers—Two Replacement Training Centers are being built for the Corps of Engineers, one at Ft. Belvoir, Va., and the other near Rollo, Mo.—each designed to accommodate 10,500 men. The centers will be opened in March and will be staffed and equipped to give three months' basic training as Engineer troops to selective service trainees assigned to the Engineers from the reception centers.

Organization of the troops at the replacement centers will parallel that being set up for the other Arms. Each center will be commanded by a brigadier general who will be assisted by a headquarters of 32 officers and a headquarters company of 2 officers and 133 men. The 32 officers will consist of a colonel as executive; a lieutenant colonel serving as coordinator of training, 22 officer instructors and eight majors—adjutant, supply officer, assistant to coordinator of training, officer in charge of basic and general instruction, officer in charge of combat instruction, officer in charge of bridging and other engineering instruction, officer in charge of pioneering instruction and officer in charge of weapons ranges. From the 133 men of the headquarters company will come 34 sergeant instructors.

At each replacement center will be two groups, each commanded by a colonel, assisted by 5 officers and 15 men. A group will be made up of five battalions, each commanded by a lieutenant colonel, assisted by a first lieutenant and 11 men. The

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basic training unit will be the company, four of which make up a battalion. Each company will consist of 252 men, 23 serving as a trained administrative and instructor cadre, and 229 of whom are selectees. Commanding the company will be a captain. He will be assisted by four lieutenants. Only one of the five officers will be a Regular, the others being Reserve officers who have completed special short courses now being held at the Engineer School to instruct them in their new duties.

Ft. Belvoir, in addition to assimilating some 10,000 trainees at its replacement center, is handling some 4,000 other trainees assigned to the Regular Army organizations at the post, both Engineer units and service detachments—quartermaster, chemist and medical.

An order for 110 portable water purification units has been placed by the Corps of Engineers, which when delivered will give the Engineers a total of 258 of the units, including five models of an experimental type. These small units which can be placed on trucks and taken anywhere are able to supply filtered and chemically treated water at the rate of 900 gallons a minute. Plans are to furnish 4 such units to each engineer battalion assigned to the triangular division, 1 to each aviation battalion and 2 to each corps combat regiment of Engineers.

To supply the needs of the larger echelons, the bigger 6,000-gallon-per-minute water purification unit has been assigned to the water supply battalion. This battalion, attached to the field army, normally will have nine of the truck-mounted units.

National Guard Bureau—Maj. Gen. John F. Williams, Chief of the National Guard Bureau, has departed from the New York Port of Embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y., aboard the United States Army Transport American Legion for San Juan, Puerto Rico, on temporary duty in connection with the supply and training of the National Guard of Puerto Rico. En route to San Juan, the American Legion will put in at Charleston, S. C., where General Williams will inspect the National Guard units already inducted into Federal Service which make up a portion of the Harbor Defenses of Charleston. These organizations are the 252nd Coast Artillery (North Carolina) and the 263rd Coast Artillery (South Carolina). Upon completion of inspection of the National Guard units in Puerto Rico, General Williams will return to Washington by way of the Panama Canal Zone on the American Legion which is scheduled to leave Puerto Rico, 28 Dec. 1940.

Armored Force—The service will be most happy to learn that reports from the Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, are that Maj. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, USA, commanding general of the Armored Force, is recuperating from a very recent operation and that there is every expectation that he will return to duty shortly. Some concern had been expressed as to the possibility of his retirement and was reported in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of 14 December, but fortunately the reports were unfounded. Upon General Chaffee's relief from the hospital, which is expected to be shortly, he is expected to take active command again of the Armored Force, which command has been exercised by Maj. Gen. Charles L. Scott during General Chaffee's illness. Because of General Chaffee's wide experience in the development of mechanization and the Armored Force, his forthcoming return to duty is of particular importance to the preparedness program.

Veterinary Corps—The Medical Department Veterinary Service has issued permanent warrants for promotion from Staff Sergeant to Technical Sergeant to Stf. Sgt. George McDessy, Panama Canal Department, and Stf. Sgt. David Leichtman, Hq. 3rd CA. Temporary promotions to Staff Sergeants have been issued to the following Sergeants: William H. Zerbey, 1st Vet. Co. (Sep.) Carlisle Barracks, Pa.; Senter Wilkins, Ft. Sill, Okla.; Louis D. Walker, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Robert P. Gilmore, Ft. Ringgold, Tex.; Norman E. Sampson, 1st Vet. Co. (Sep.) Carlisle Barracks, Pa.; Charles W. Cotton, Ft. Adams, R. I.; Sidney C. Chase, Brooks Field, Tex.; Charles L. Barton, Front Royal, QM Dep., Front Royal, Va.; Roy Cooley, Ft. Wayne, Mich.; Charles E. Fort, Carlisle Barracks, Pa.; Nicholas J. Barger, Ft. Hancock, N. J.; Michael J. Doyle, Philippine Department, Manila, P. I.; Leon W. Whittier, Hq. 1st CA, Boston, Mass.; Albert Walker, Maxwell Field, Ala., and Oran H. Ray, Ft. Riley, Kas.

Army Chaplain's Corps—New regulations regarding appointment in the Chaplain's Reserve have been issued by the War Department. The new order waives the requirement of a thesis and the submission of applications to examining boards in cases of applicants who have degrees both as bachelor of theology and bachelor of arts. If physically qualified and recommended by the Chief of Chaplains, such applicants will be appointed by The Adjutant General without further qualification.

Applicants who have neither of the degrees mentioned but who, in the opinion of the Chief of Chaplains, have the equivalent of a college and theological education of the standard characteristic of recognized institutions will be commissioned in the same manner. Inability to qualify under either category will require the applicant to prepare a thesis on a subject selected by the Chief of Chaplains and to appear before an examining board as prescribed in AR 140-5. At the discretion of the Chief of Chaplains such applicants may, in addition to the other requirements, be required to take a written examination to determine their professional fitness.

Fleet Reservist Pay—Fleet Reservists reporting aboard Navy vessels without pay accounts will be entitled to privileges given enlisted men by Article 1804, Navy Regulations, it was announced in an alnav dated 9 Nov. The article provides that whenever enlisted men are received on board a ship or at a station without their pay accounts they may at the end of two weeks, if their accounts have not yet been received, be taken up for pay commencing with the 15th day after reporting and will thereafter receive 50 per cent of the pay of their rating. After ten weeks, if accounts still have not been received, they will receive full pay less any current allotments or deductions. The withheld pay, however, will not be paid until receipt and adjustment of regular transfer pay accounts.

Coast Artillery Corps—The 65th Coast Artillery, Lt. Col. Albert H. Warner, Commanding, will leave Fort Winfield Scott beginning on 6 Jan. for change of station to the Antiaircraft Training Center, near March Field, Riverside, Calif. The Regiment will move by rail and water. The first motor serial will leave on 7 Jan. and arrive at its destination on 9 Jan., with intermediate stops near Modesto and Mojave. Two additional serials will leave 8 Jan. and arrive two days later. Upon arrival at its new station the 65th, together with its sister regiment, the 78th Coast Artillery, will serve as a nucleus for a training center for antiaircraft regiments of the National

Guard, of which three will arrive near March Field shortly after the new year.

The unit training center of the 252nd Coast Artillery will be changed from the Harbor Defenses of Charleston, S. C., to Fort Screven, Ga., for a permanent change of station. The unit has been training at Charleston, since 16 Sept. The movement of this organization, which is a 155mm gun, truck drawn Regiment, will be made as soon as adequate facilities are available at Fort Screven and in time to permit the induction of the 263rd Coast Artillery into the Army of the United States (Scheduled for about 13 Jan. 1941) at the Harbor Defenses of Charleston, S. C.

Chemical Warfare Service—Golf enthusiasts, especially those who have played the excellent nine-hole course at Edgewood Arsenal, will be interested in the details of a round played by a member of the Field Officers' Class on this course during the past summer. Lt. Col. F. L. Parks, Inf., being something of a golfer in his own right, set out to learn what effect wearing of the service gas mask would have on his game. Accordingly he donned a mask and, accompanied by Lt. Col. H. G. Coulton, Cav., played the Edgewood course in elapsed time of 1 hour and 35 minutes and did not remove his mask until his ball had been sunk on the last green. Par for the Edgewood course is 34 strokes. Colonel Parks' score was 39. The fact that the player was not unduly fatigued at the end is indicated by the fact that he played the rather difficult ninth hole in one under par.

Effect of Shell Fire on Aircraft—In its propaganda pamphlet distributed from New York, the German Library of Information this week made interesting claims as to the structural sturdiness and high stability of its military planes as revealed by the ability of some of their craft to return to their bases after being hit by British shell fire. "In one case," the German source claimed, "a Ju 87 completely lost its landing-flaps, yet managed to land successfully. In other cases, planes returned to their bases even after four-centimetre anti-aircraft shells had torn through wings and ripped 7-inch-wide holes in the inner casing and other shots had torn the side flaps away. Another Ju 87, which had had its tail shot off by an anti-aircraft shell flew more than 75 miles to its base, where it landed smoothly and safely. Again, a plane of the type that took part in the attack on the Westerplatte came too close to the water and lost its undercarriage besides bending its propeller in the impact with the water. In spite of this, it managed to make the distance to its home port, gliding to a landing on its underside."

"The damage caused by infantry fire from the ground has, with few exceptions, had little effect upon German planes," the Germans continue. "Moreover, this kind of damage does not require any difficult repairs. Even propellers which have been pierced by these shots can still be used. When a propeller blade on the left motor in a Ju 52 was hit, the motor was smashed and broke from its nacelle. The centre motor was hit too. Nevertheless, the plane managed to fly back to its home port. A Ju 52, which suffered a yard-long gash in its right wing and the loss of an aileron from a shell-hit, damaged the tip of its other wing in landing. Both wing-tips were cut off and temporarily repaired at the front. The plane remained in service until it could be taken to a repair port for permanent repairs."

Advanced Army Rank—Some discussion has arisen in Washington over the terms of the recently enacted law (public No. 845, 76th Congress) which in some quarters is interpreted as giving the Commanding general of the GHQ Air Force the distinction of being the only one of the temporary lieutenant generals who will be entitled to be retired with the rank of lieutenant general. Under present conditions the temporary rank of lieutenant general is given to the commanding generals of the four Armies, the commanding generals of the Panama and Hawaiian Departments, and the commanding general of the GHQ Air Force. However, there are no provisions of law for any of them to carry this rank over onto the retired list, unless the recently enacted law mentioned above is interpreted to permit the Air Force Commander to do so. That law was enacted at a time when the GHQ Air Force Commander was a major general with no provision of law to be retired as such. Pertinent provisions of that act read: "Any officer who shall have served four years as * * * commanding general of the General Headquarters Air Force * * * and who may subsequently be retired shall be retired with the rank, pay, and allowances authorized by law for the highest rank held by him as such * * * commanding general." Since the enactment of that law, the Commanding General of the GHQ Air Force has been given the temporary rank of lieutenant general. The general opinion seems to be that the new law will give him the right to retire with that rank.

Army Medical Corps—Two barracks, one of which will include a mess hall, will be constructed to house reserve officers who will pursue special courses at Walter Reed General Hospital at the Army Medical Center in Washington from time to time in surgery and in other medical practice, each barrack to have a capacity of 40 officers. A total of 17 barracks will be built to house enlisted personnel ordered to Walter Reed for technical training as laboratory, x-ray and dental technicians, ward masters and ward nurses, and in other capacities. A mess hall and kitchen to accommodate 750 enlisted men also will be constructed as part of a \$584,056 program authorized by the War Department on 16 Dec.

The Engineer School—More than 1,700 officers will complete courses at the Engineer School, Ft. Belvoir, Va., this fiscal year, compared to the average of 70 officers in normal times. In addition to the various courses for officers, the Engineer School will conduct during January and February a course for more than 800 noncommissioned officers who will later serve as instructors at the two Engineer Replacement Training Centers. Officer instructors for the NCO course will be selected from the graduates of the first officer instructor course which ended 18 Dec. This five-week course, designed to train Reserve officers as instructors for the replacement centers, began 12 Nov. The second course began 19 Dec. and will end 25 Jan., to be followed by a third course, 27 Jan.-1 May.

A class of 38 Regular officers has completed a course in assault tactics. Students included 30 Engineers, 3 Infantry officers, and one officer each from the Chemical Warfare Service, the Armored Force, the Air Corps, the Field Artillery and the Marine Corps. All of these officers were sent directly from organizations in the field in order to study assault tactics and other techniques used in the present war.

Since 1 July, the school has conducted four one-month refresher courses for Reserve and National Guard company officers, covering tactics and technique of the Engineers and Infantry. Four more such courses are scheduled, each for about 200 officers, with convening dates set for 7 March, 4 April, 16 May and 29 June. In February

and in April, four-week seminar courses will be held for selected officers of the Corps of Engineers and other Regulars. No courses are planned for field officers.

Two new buildings are under construction for the Enlisted Men's School, which will permit expansion from 60 to about 320 students by June. The enlisted courses, designed to train specialists for new units and for National Guard units, are repeated every three months, and include courses in heavy mechanical equipment, surveying, drafting and map reproduction and photography.

Cavalry—Tests in the field are now being conducted under direction of the Chief of Cavalry to ascertain the practicability and efficiency, under service conditions, of the newly developed small automobile, known officially as the "Truck, 1/4-Ton (4 x 4)." This new type of vehicle is a small, low-silhouette, narrow-tread, 4-wheel-drive car without armor protection, which is designed to carry three men and their individual weapons. It can also be used as a weapon or ammunition carrier. It is not contemplated that the vehicle itself will be armed.

If this vehicle proves satisfactory under the exhaustive tests now in progress, its place in the Cavalry Team will be to furnish road and cross-country transportation for small rifle units whose normal function would include reconnaissance, security, and dismounted combat. Frequently these rifle units will be employed with mechanized cavalry elements, such as Scout Car Platoons, to extend the reconnaissance and to supplement the fire power of larger units.

There are a number of Motorcycle elements within the Cavalry structure: 1 Motorcycle Platoon in a Horse Cavalry Regiment and 1 Motorcycle troop in each of the nine Corp Reconnaissance Regiments (Horse-Mechanized) and in each Cavalry Division Reconnaissance Squadron. The Reconnaissance Troop organically assigned to Triangular Divisions, of which there are 9 within the four Field Armies, contain 3 Motorcycle Squads. The Motorcycle Squad, the basic unit of all Cavalry Motorcycle organizations, consists of a corporal and five men armed with 6 pistols, 4 rifles and 2 sub-machine guns, caliber .45. Existing Tables of Organization provide that this combat group be mounted on two motortricycles, three men and their equipment to each vehicle. So far, the Cavalry has no motortricycles, the motorcycle with side car is being used as substitute equipment.

Motorcycles with side cars are low in silhouette, they can be man-handled by their crew, they have ample road speed, but they are not designed for carrying three men, they are noisy, and for tactical use in Cavalry operations they are held to lack ruggedness and adequate cross-country ability. The newly developed Quarter-Ton Truck seems to have the answer to some of these deficiencies: It is relatively quiet. Its light weight permits man-handling. It can be employed to carry either three men, or a cargo of weapons, or ammunition. Its low silhouette permits concealment. It is believed that the tests now in progress in the field will demonstrate whether or not this small car has the desired qualifications of real cross-country ability combined with high road speed and other essential features which will make it a more efficient and powerful substitute for motorcycles with side cars in Cavalry tactical operations.

Glider Training For Defense—"The defense of America is guaranteed if, over the plains of New York and New Jersey and Iowa and Texas, American boys learn to sail the air," Comdr. E. F. McDonald, Jr., USNR, president of the Zenith Radio Corp., wrote in a recent article in Collier's Magazine urging glider training for young men and boys in this country. "We need gliders and glider clubs in this country as much as we need planes," Commander McDonald wrote, adding "a boy with glider training makes a better pilot than a boy without it. He knows more about air currents and how to use them."

Pointing out that a glider is a simple and highly efficient airplane without a motor, the author asserts that gliding, by filling the gap between the time boys stop playing with airplane models and their enrollment in commercial or Army aviation schools, would eliminate the danger of America facing a shortage of men to fly the airplanes that are being built. "German pilots," says Commander McDonald, "were made in the thermals, the updrafts and down-currents of the Sudeten mountains," in stressing the importance of glider training in building up a force of trained pilots.

The article deplores the fact that not only are there but three recognized glider makers in this country, but that there are thousands of boys who cannot take up gliding because of lack of funds. As a remedy, the author suggests government help. "The government could furnish instructors and gliders for these boys if nothing else. He estimates that of the 2,000,000 boys interested in aviation, at least seventy-five percent are physically and mentally able to fly real planes in war or peace. "Once we bring soaring and gliding within reach of their purses . . . aviation will leap ahead."

Naval Ordnance—Sites for additional Naval Ordnance plants have been selected at Macon, Ga., to cost approximately \$800,000 and employ approximately 250 personnel; at Indianapolis, Ind., to cost approximately \$6,000,000 and to employ approximately 2,500 personnel; in the vicinity of Canton, O., to cost approximately \$16,000,000 and employ approximately 2,000 personnel, and in the vicinity of Detroit, Mich., to cost approximately \$12,000,000 and employ approximately 3,600 personnel.

Health of the Army—In a monthly health review for the four weeks ended 28 Sept. 1940 the office of the Surgeon General of the Army reports that the admission rate for all causes for the troops in the United States showed a slight decline, from 615 to 566 per 1000. The decrease was apparent in both diseases and injuries. The only corps areas showing general increase rates were the First and Ninth. The rate for communicable diseases increased somewhat during the month in the First and Ninth Corps Areas. The non-effective rate remained practically the same as for the preceding month. Little increase was shown in the rates for the respiratory group of diseases. There were 2,319 cases of common respiratory diseases, 206 of influenza, and 44 of primary pneumonia.

The period occasioned little change in the incidence of any of the usual diseases reported. The rate for malaria increased to 5.1 from 3.3. A total of 991 cases of venereal diseases were reported with a rate of 44.0. The rate increased in the Third, Fifth, Seventh, and Ninth Corps Areas. Nineteen cases of scarlet fever were reported in the Ninth Corps Area. Other diseases reported were Malta fever, 1; poliomyelitis, 1; paratyphoid fever, "B," 1; and rheumatic fever, 2.

Army Nurses Corps—Appointment of assistant superintendents to the nine Army Corps Areas has been completed by the Army Nursing Corps. The new assistant

superintendents all of whom have been commissioned with the rank of captain, and their assignments are: Miss Nellie Close, 8th CA; Miss Emily Weeder, 9th CA; Miss Anna Montgomery, 7th CA; Miss Mildred Carter, 5th CA, and Miss Rae Landy, 7th CA.

Army Dental Corps—Twenty-three First Lieutenants in the Dental Reserve has passed examinations for commissions of the same rank in the Dental Corps of the Regular Army and may be nominated for commissions when additional vacancies occur. Those on the eligible list are: S. Kingdon Avery, Edward E. Rose, David C. Hazard, Robert C. Sample, Walter J. Powers, George W. Rogers, James A. Kreider, Adolph C. Naderhoff, Clarence N. Reiverson, John R. Clawson, Newton A. Hightower, Jr., Howell W. Grimes, Hugh D. Avery, William H. Traynham, Jr., Raymond H. Madden, Onas L. Johns, Ralph A. Licking, Arthur S. Maxon, Lee M. Lightner, Charles R. Burns, Lloyd S. Smith, Ronald C. Doll and Joseph L. Shacklett.

Nominations of six Dental Reserve First Lieutenants who passed the same examination for commissions in the Regular Army were sent to the Senate for confirmation last week, as reported on page 411 of the *ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL* of 21 Dec.

Natl. Guard Infantry Regiments

The War Department announced this week that infantry regiments in National Guard divisions (square) are to be organized the same as infantry regiments in Regular Army divisions (triangular), but with slightly reduced personnel. This will double the antitank weapons in each regiment, which will now have 12 37mm guns instead of 6, as formerly.

According to new Tables of Organization promulgated 1 Oct. 1940, each infantry regiment consists of a headquarters company, a service company, an antitank company and three battalions, each battalion comprising a headquarters detachment, a heavy weapons (machine gun and trench mortar) company and three rifle companies. This differs from the superseded organization in the addition of an antitank company, which has absorbed the antitank platoon in the old headquarters company.

The total active strength of each regiment under the new Tables of Organization is about 3,000 enlisted men. Normally up to 10% of the regimental personnel are assigned to special duties, are on the sick list or are absent for other reasons. To keep each regiment at a 3,000-man strength at all times, the new Tables have assigned a special 10% basic allotment, or roughly about 300 additional enlisted men, to each regiment.

Under the new Tables, Regular Army and National Guard Infantry regiments have the same organization. Because of a shortage of personnel and housing, however, each National Guard regiment will be limited to a strength of 2,600 enlisted men, with no allowances for an extra 10% basics.

This figure — 2,600 — was the war strength of infantry regiments under the old Tables of Organization. The peace strength of such regiments was 1,833 enlisted men. The new Tables of Organization have eliminated peace and war strengths and provide for only one strength. The present allotted maintenance strength of National Guard Infantry regiments which have not yet been inducted into the Federal service, however, will remain at approximately 1,300 enlisted men.

No changes are contemplated at present in the organization of National Guard Infantry divisions, which are organized as square divisions or divisions containing two infantry brigades, a brigade of field artillery and certain divisional troops. A triangular division, on the other hand, comprises three infantry regiments, three battalions of light artillery, one battalion of medium artillery, and necessary divisional troops. There is no brigade organization in this type of division.

Seventh Corps Area

Brig. Gen. George V. Strong arrived in Omaha the morning of 17 Dec., and, after a brief inspection of Ft. Omaha, took active command of the Seventh Corps Area. General Strong, during the remainder of the day, met and conferred with members of his staff, met all the officers on duty at Seventh Corps Area headquarters, gave an interview to members of the press and took part in two radio broadcasts. Less than two hours after his arrival at his office, General Strong was participating in a radio interview.

The Commanding General, on Friday, was honored at a luncheon at the Omaha Chamber of Commerce where he told his listeners that the "only assurance we

have of maintaining our way of life is to be prepared at the earliest possible date to fight for it." He called for team work on the part of every man, woman and child in every community on the preparedness program. "It seems to me," General Strong said, "the time is here when everyone must submerge self interest and get behind the program irrespective of personal inconvenience, loss or sacrifice.

The first official visit by a member of Seventh Corps Area Headquarters staff to Wyoming since that state was transferred to the Seventh Corps Area was made by the Chief of Staff, Col. John C. Pegram, accompanied by representative of the Quartermaster General's office, Washington. Ft. Francis E. Warren, Cheyenne, was visited and inspected.

The Seventh Corps Area recruiting office reports that it has filled all allotted vacancies in regular army units assigned to this corps area. While the induction of selectees has gone ahead and some men who might otherwise have become interested in full term enlistments have signed up only for one year, three year regular army enlistments have continued and the Corps Area goes into the new year with a regular army strength in excess of that authorized.

During the last half of January the Seventh Corps Area is going to send 9 companies of CCC enrollees to the Ninth Corps area. The Seventh has already supplied the Ninth Corps Area with 25 companies. No reduction in the total number of companies in the Corps Area is contemplated at this time. Two hundred and two camps are now maintained. In order to form the nine companies required, the average strength of the companies in the corps area has dropped from 195 to 185.

Religion's Message to Services

Spokesmen of the Protestant, Catholic and Jewish faiths and the Chief of Chaplains of the U. S. Army will participate in a special New Year's Day broadcast to the men in the Army and Navy over Station WOR and the nationwide network of the Mutual Broadcasting System. The program, which will present "Religion's New Year's Message to America's Defense Forces," will be broadcast from 11:45 A. M. to 12 noon E.S.T. on 1 Jan.

The Protestant speaker on the program will be the Rev. Dr. Paul Dwight Moody, Director of the General Committee of Army and Navy Chaplains. Speaking for the Catholics will be the Rev. Dr. Robert E. McCormick, Military Chancellor of the Army-Navy Diocese of the Roman Catholic Church. The Jewish representative will be the Rev. Dr. David de Sola Pool, Chairman of the Committee on Religious Activities of the National Jewish Welfare Board. The program will be presided over by Col. William R. Arnold, Chief of Chaplains of the U. S. Army.

Flying Cadets Set Record

Flying Cadets of the Air Corps Advanced Flying School at Maxwell Field, Ala., established a record last week when they averaged five flying hours per student on routine training flights. The previous record, according to Capt. Burton M. Hovey, Jr., AC, the school's director of training, was three hours and 13 minutes.

The current class at Maxwell Field consists of two Regular Army officers and 102 Flying Cadets. The class commenced its 10-week course on 16 Nov. and is to be graduated on 31 Jan.

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Army Orders

(Continued from Page 443)

1st Lt. Sidney F. Wogan, 23 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 22 Dec. 1941.
Following officers, from station indicated, to Cav. Repl. Center, Ft. Riley, Kan.: 1st Lt. Henry C. Becker, Ft. Bliss, Texas, 1st Lt. Land F. Hood, Seelye, Calif., 1st Lt. Robert G. Long, Ft. Bliss, Texas, 1st Lt. Paul H. Mueller, Ft. Clark, Texas, 1st Lt. George D. Swanson, Ft. Bliss, Texas, 2nd Lt. Farrell B. Copeland, Ft. Bliss, Texas, 2nd Lt. William M. Cummings, Ft. Bliss, Texas, 2nd Lt. Walter J. D. Hewitt, Ft. Myer, Va., 2nd Lt. Grant E. Jones, Ft. Bliss, Texas, 2nd Lt. John F. Lyons, Ft. Clark, Texas, 2nd Lt. George H. Riser, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., 2nd Lt. Raymond E. Smart, Jr., Ft. Meade, S. D., 2nd Lt. William H. Ward, Ft. Myer, Va.
Following 2nd Lts., from 2nd Cav., to Cav. Repl. Center, Ft. Riley, Kan.: George T. Backe, Urcel L. Bell.

Extended Active Duty, FA

Col. Frank E. Lowe, contd. in off. of Ch. of Staff, Wash., D. C., until 7 Jan. 1942.
Capt. Samuel L. Brooks, 2 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 1 Jan. 1942.
Capt. Francis H. Brown, 2 Jan., to Selbridge Fld., Mich., until 1 Jan. 1942.
Following 1st Lts., from station indicated, to Hawaiian Dept. Sail S. F., 23 Jan. 1941: Thomas J. Badger, Pres. of Monterey, Calif., Roscoe W. Groo, Jr., Ft. Ord, Calif.
1st Lt. Paul T. Newman, from Ft. Custer, Mich., to Hawaiian Dept. Sail N. Y., 6 Feb. 1941.
1st Lt. John D. Sicher, from Madison Bks., N. Y., to Philippine Dept. Sail N. Y., 6 Feb. 1941.
2nd Lt. Edward L. Walker, from Ft. Ord, Calif., to Philippine Dept. Sail S. F., 24 Jan. 1941.

1st Lt. George Weiland, Jr., from Madison Bks., N. Y., to Philippine Dept. Sail N. Y., 2 April 1941.
2nd Lt. William W. Spruance, from Ft. Dix, N. J., to 2d Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga., Capt. John J. Ledbetter, Jr., 3 Jan., to Ft. Bliss, Texas, until 2 Jan. 1942.
Capt. Donald H. Randell, 3 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 2 Jan. 1942.
Capt. James E. O'Steen, 10 Jan., to Langley Fld., Va., until 9 Jan. 1942.
1st Lt. Garner B. Anchors, Jr., to AGD, Ft. Benning, Ga.
2nd Lt. Harry J. Beardsley, Jr., 27 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 26 Dec. 1941.
1st Lt. August A. Neuner, to asst. constr. qm., Ft. Bliss, Texas.
Capt. Orville W. Rice, 4 Jan., to asst. constr. qm., Vancouver Bks., Wash., until 3 Jan. 1942.
1st Lt. Wilbert H. Riggs, 4 Jan., to March Fld., Calif., until 3 Jan. 1942.

Extended Active Duty, CAC

2nd Lt. William F. Martin, prior orders revoked.
2nd Lt. Charles P. Downer, 2 Jan., to Savannah Air Base, Ga., until 1 Jan. 1942.
1st Lt. Elmo R. Morgan, from Ft. Huachuca, Ariz., to asst. constr. qm., Ft. Bliss, Texas.
Following officers, from station indicated, to Puerto Rican Dept. Sail N. Y., 27 Dec. 1940: 1st Lt. Frank H. Baker, Jr., Ft. Serrano, Ga., 2nd Lt. Harry W. Dille, Ft. Barrancas, Fla.
Maj. George Roscoe Geller, 4 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 3 Jan. 1942.
2nd Lt. Gordon L. Way, 4 Jan., to McChord Fld., Wash., until 3 Jan. 1942.
1st Lt. John B. Bomar, from Tuscaloosa, Ala., 6 Jan., to AC Troops, Orlando, Fla.

Extended Active Duty, Inf.

Maj. Carroll C. Batson, from Ft. Hayes, O., to asst. constr. qm., Indiana Gap Military Res., Pa.
1st Lt. Henry Alcox, 2 Jan., to Kankakee Ord. Works, Joliet, Ill., until 1 Jan. 1942.
1st Lt. William H. Downs, 19 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 18 Dec. 1941.
1st Lt. Gilbert W. Melcher, 2 Jan., to US Discipl. Bks., Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., until 1 Jan. 1942.
1st Lt. Nathan M. Fanlik, 2 Jan., to Maxwell Fld., Ala., until 1 Jan. 1942.
2nd Lt. Thomas M. Archer, prior orders revoked.
2nd Lt. John S. LaRowe, 2 Jan., to Savannah Air Base, Ga., until 1 Jan. 1942.
2nd Lt. Milton B. McClure, 2 Jan., to Duncan Fld., Texas, until 1 Jan. 1942.
2nd Lt. Elmer R. Beucus, 9 Jan., to Salt Lake Municipal Airport, Salt Lake City, Utah, until 8 Jan. 1942.
Maj. Foster K. Burket, from Wash., D. C., to asst. constr. qm., Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.
Capt. William E. Davis, prior orders amended; from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Jefferson Bks., Mo., until 14 Nov. 1941.
1st Lt. Edward J. Gujer, Jr., 3 Jan., to Wright Fld., O., until 2 Jan. 1942.
Maj. John E. Pokorny, 26 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 25 Dec. 1941.
2nd Lt. Kenneth M. Berninger, 3 Jan., to West Coast AC Tr. Center, Moffett Fld., Calif., until 2 Jan. 1942.

2nd Lt. Thomas M. Archer, prior orders revoked.
2nd Lt. Ross E. Bodenhamer, 3 Jan., to McClellan Fld., Calif., until 2 Jan. 1942.
Capt. George A. Felch, from Ft. Lewis, Wash., to 4th Inf., Seattle, Wash.
Capt. William J. Reed, 11 Jan., to McChord Fld., Wash., until 10 Jan. 1942.
Capt. John R. Brosman, 23 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 22 Dec. 1941.

1st Lt. Harry B. Hayman, from Ft. Robinson, Neb., to Reno QM Dep., Ft. Reno, Okla.
1st Lt. Carl W. Adams, 11 Jan., to Maxwell Fld., Ala., until 10 Jan. 1942.
1st Lt. Vernon L. Day, 4 Jan., to McChord Fld., Wash., until 3 Jan. 1942.
2nd Lt. Holger A. Salling, 4 Jan., to March Fld., Calif., until 3 Jan. 1942.
2nd Lt. Audley C. McDonald, 4 Jan., to MacDill Fld., Fla., until 3 Jan. 1942.
Capt. John T. Morgan, asst. constr. qm., Ft. Bliss, Texas.
1st Lt. Charles W. Turner, 6 Jan., to March Fld., Calif., until 5 Jan. 1942.

Extended Active Duty, Air

Following 2nd Lts., from station indicated, to Lowry Fld., Colo., 2 Jan.: John C. Foster, Bolling Fld., Anacostia, D. C., John Larkein, Bolling Fld., Anacostia, D. C., Robert H. Payne, Maxwell Fld., Ala., Donald E. Wilburn, Bolling Fld., Anacostia, D. C.
2nd Lt. Paul H. Goodwin, 2 Jan., to Hamilton Fld., Calif., until 1 Jan. 1942.
2nd Lt. Donald O. Dodd, 2 Jan., to Duncan Fld., Texas, until 1 Jan. 1942.
2nd Lt. William D. Croy, 2 Jan., to McClellan Fld., Calif., until 1 Jan. 1942.
Maj. Frank A. Cerruti, from Wash., D. C., 2 Jan., to Wright Fld., O.
Capt. Elmer G. Rhenstrom, 6 Jan., to Scott Fld., Ill., until 5 Jan. 1942.
2nd Lt. Paul Turner, Jr., to Lowry Fld., Colo., contd. at Maxwell Fld., Ala., until 4 Jan. 1942.

Following 2nd Lts., prior orders amended; to Ft. Douglas, Utah: James A. Anderson, Wilbur B. Beezley, James W. Cullen, Harold W. Edmonds, Gilbert E. Erb, Herbert J. Fallon, Stanley V. Fowler, John V. Gallagher, James A. Gibb, Jr., Charles A. Gibson, Henry M. Harlow, Lyman K. Harvey, Fred G. Henry, Richard T. Hernlund, Arnold R. Johnson, Donald W. Johnson, Jack L. Laubacher, Fergus O'C. Luscombe, William T. Morgan, Joseph A. Neal, Jr., Gustav H. Radebaugh, Jr., Roman T. Schumacher, Jr., Walter S. Smith, III.
2nd Lt. Jack Stagner, from Moffett Fld., Calif., to home and inactive status, 31 Dec. 1940.

Extended Active Duty, Spec.

Maj. Charles H. Woolley, 19 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 18 Dec. 1941.
Maj. Fred K. DuPuy, 6 Jan., to Wash., D. C., until 5 Jan. 1942.

Extended Active Duty, San.

Capt. Gosta Ahlstrom, 2 Jan., from St. Louis, Mo., to Med. Sect., Chicago QM Dep., Ill.

Extended Active Duty, MI

Capt. Harvey V. Rohrer, 26 Dec., to Wash., D. C., until 25 Dec. 1941.

Promotions of Reserves

Following officers, temp. promoted to rank indicated, 19 Dec.:

2nd Lt. James M. Cassaday, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt., Maj. James C. Dempsey, Inf.-Res., to Lt. Col., 1st Lt. Wayne E. Downing, CE-Res., to Capt., 1st Lt. William LaF. Lockhart, QM-Res., to Capt., 1st Lt. Phillip H. Melching, CA-Res., to Capt., 1st Lt. John R. Oatman, CA-Res., to Capt., Maj. Mortimer J. Proops, FA-Res., to Lt. Col., Maj. John Van V. Schoonmaker, Inf.-Res., to Lt. Col.
Following officers, promoted to rank indicated, 18 Dec.:

2nd Lt. William B. McWhorter, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt., Lt. Irving R. Mandelson, Inf.-Res., to Capt., 1st Lt. Sidney Schnur, Med.-Res., to Capt., Capt. Clarke M. Shaw, FA-Res., to Maj., Capt. Charles P. Smith, FA-Res., to Maj., 1st Lt. David H. Thompson, Inf.-Res., to Capt., 2nd Lt. Oliver C. Twigg, Ord.-Res., to 1st Lt.

Following officers, to rank indicated, 19 Dec.:

1st Lt. J. Will Campbell, Air-Res., to Capt., 2nd Lt. Edward B. Elliott, FA-Res., to 1st Lt., 1st Lt. Roy Jones, FA-Res., to Capt.

Following officers, temp. promoted to rank indicated, 20 Dec.:

Maj. Harry T. Atkins, CA-Res., to Lt. Col., 2nd Lt. Carl F. Chirico, CA-Res., to 1st Lt., 1st Lt. John H. Faust, CA-Res., to Capt., Capt. Edwin M. Gibbs, Inf.-Res., to Maj., 1st Lt. Charles L. Redman, Jr., QM-Res., to Capt., 1st Lt. Carri E. Stauffer, CA-Res., to Capt., 1st Lt. Willard H. White, CA-Res., to Capt.

Following 2nd Lts., to 1st Lts., 20 Dec.:

Charles B. Ballou, FA-Res., William G. Cain, Ord.-Res., Arturo Deliz, Inf.-Res.

Transfers of Reserves

Following officers, transferred to Corps indicated, 19 Dec.:

Philip J. Breman, FA, to QM, Frederick

R. Merritt, Inf., to Air, Ernest R. Swanson, Inf., to Engr.

Following officers, transferred to Corps indicated, 20 Dec.:

Frank M. Keller, Inf., to QM, Albert S. Owen, CA, to Sign., Gwyn P. Rees, CA, to AG.

1st Lt. Orren LeR. Purdue, FA-Res., to 1st Lt. QM-Res., 21 Dec.

Following officers, transferred to Corps indicated to QM, 23 Dec.:

William R. Johnson, FA-Res., Arthur F. Richards, MA-Res., Joseph T. Rundle, Inf.-Res.

ORDERS TO NATIONAL GUARD

Lt. Col. Miller G. White, prior orders revoked; contd. as member of War Dept. Genl. Staff, Wash., D. C., until 15 July 1941.

Lt. Col. Francis W. Mason, (Inf.), from GSC, Wash., D. C., to 41st Div., Camp Murray, Wash.

Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 441)

Air Sta., San Diego, Calif.; to Subm. Base, St. Thomas, V. I.

Ch. Mach. Dennis O. DuBois, det. USS Neosho abt. 20 Dec.; to off. of Insp. of Nav. Matl., Gen. Elec. Co., Schenectady N. Y.

Mach. James F. Wilbur, Jr., det. USS Wright abt. 10 Dec.; to Nav. Air Sta., Jacksonville, Fla.

21 December 1940

Lt. Ward Bronson, det. USS Blakely; to USS Chicago.

Lt. Clarence E. Coffin, Jr., det. instn. Chinese language Peiping, China; to Asiatic Fleet.

Ens. Elmore F. Higgins, upon disch. trt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.; to USS Saratoga.

Ens. Joseph D. Linehan, upon disch. trt. Nav. Hosp., Bldn., N. Y.; to c. f. o. USS Grayson and on bd. when comm.

Lt. Comdr. Lester E. McDonald (MC) det. staff, Comdr. Aircraft, Patrol Force abt. 4 Jan.; to Nav. Air Sta., Jacksonville, Fla.

Lt. Comdr. Carl H. McMillan (MC), det. USS Memphis; to Hosp. Corps Sch., Nav. Hosp., Bldn., N. Y.

Comdr. Hubert J. Lehman (DC), det. Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va., abt. 6 Jan.; to conn. establishment, Nav. Air Sta., Corpus Christi, Tex., and duty that sta. when established.

Lt. (Jg) Harlan K. Muth (DC), det. Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif., abt. 6 Jan.; to 2d Marine Brigade, Marine Corps Base, San Diego, Calif.

Lt. (Jg) Ernest L. Purdum (DC), det. Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif., abt. 6 Jan.; to 2d Marine Brigade, Marine Corp Base, San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. Harold E. Humphreys (SC), det. Navy Yd., Portsmouth, Va., in Dec.; to USS Wyoming.

Ch. Elec. Elmer E. Callen, det. USS Maryland; cont. trt. Navy Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Ch. Elec. Nat B. Frey, det. USS Vestal abt. 20 Dec.; to Asiatic Fleet.

Ch. Rad. Elec. Warren S. MacKay, det. Navy Yd., Portsmouth, Va., abt. 15 Jan.; to c. f. o. USS Washington and on bd. when comm.

Ch. Pharm. Neil H. McLean, det. Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.; to Dist. Hq., 8th Nav. Dist.

Ch. Pharm. Addie Young, det. Nav. Hosp., Chelsea, Mass., abt. 5 Dec.; to Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, Va.

Act. Pay Clk. Owen S. Davies, to Navy Yd., Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. Comdr. Wilbur L. Ashton, MC-V(S), det. instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., abt. 10 Dec.; to Nav. Air Sta., Jacksonville, Fla.

Lt. Comdr. Harold E. Walker, DE-V(G), det. 15th N. D.; to US Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Lt. (Jg) Serge Z. Brunen, E-M, det. USS Fuller, abt. 21 Dec.; to USS William Ward Burrows.

Lt. (Jg) Thomas J. Smyth, CEC-V(S), det. Detroit, Mich., on 30 Nov.; to Bu. Y. and D., Navy Dept., in Dec.; to Nav. Air Sta., San Juan, P. R.

Lt. (Jg) Hugh H. Lewis, D-V(G), det. USS Tuscaloosa in Dec.; to temp. duty in instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. George L. Reichert, Jr., D-V(G), det. Nav. Res. Midshipmen Sch., Northwestern Univ., Chicago, Ill., abt. 9 Dec.; to USS Phoenix.

Ens. William S. Rummens, D-V(G), det. USS Indianapolis in Dec.; to instn. temp. duty Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. Joseph Tullis, D-M, det. USS Kaskaskia; to USS Sangamon.

Ens. Marks P. Wangness, D-V(G), det. USS Cincinnati in Dec.; to instn. temp. duty Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

ano, P. I.

Marzelle Hesterly, Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.; to Nav. Disp., Coco Solo, C. Z. Leona Jackson, Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Calif.; to Nav. Hosp., Guam.

Evelyn Jordan, Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, Va.; to Nav. Sta., Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Sylvia M. Koller, Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Corp. Sch., Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.; abt. 14 Jan.; to Nav. Hosp.; Wash., D. C.

Dorothy P. Monahan, Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Parris Island, S. C. abt. 23 Dec., to Hosp. Corps Sch., Nav. Hosp., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Sophia G. Monteville, Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H., to Nav. Hosp., Great Lakes, III.

Catherine Richardson, Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Puget Sound, Wash.; to Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Henrietta Wiltzius, Ch. Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Calif.; to Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Dorothy M. Young, Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C., abt. 15 Jan.; to Nav. Hosp., Parris Is., S. C.

23 December 1940

Comdr. John J. Mahoney, det. staff, Comdr., Patrol Force, abt. 16 Dec.; to Secy. Gen. Bd., Navy Dept.

Lt. Comdr. William S. Howard, Jr., det. USS Russell in Dec.; to CO USS Sturtevant.

Lt. Comdr. Ralph H. Wishard, det. Aide to the Governor of Puerto Rico, San Juan, P. R.; to temp. duty 10th N. D.

Lt. Harry E. Day, ors. 16 Nov. modified. To exec. off. USS Winslow instead exec. off. USS Smith.

Lt. Herbert J. Hlemenz, det. Navy Yd., Phila., Pa., abt. 11 Jan.; to Asst. Supy. of Shipbldg., Los Angeles Shipbldg. and Dry Dock Co., San Francisco, Calif.

Lt. (Jg) Clarence M. White, Jr., det. Fighting Sqd. 4 (USS Ranger) abt. 2 Jan.; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Ens. John B. Anderson, det. USS Barney, abt. 15 Dec.; to c. f. o. USS Gwin and on bd. when comm.

Lt. Comdr. Ralph H. Hofier (MC), ors. 29 Oct. modified. To Nav. Disp., Wash., D. C., instead Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, Va.

Lt. Comdr. Walter G. Kilbury (MC), det. Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.; to 5th Defense Battalion, Mar. Brks., Parris Is., S. C.

Lt. (Jg) Myles R. Miller (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., 10 Dec.; to 5th Defense Battalion, Mar. Brks., Parris Is., S. C.

Lt. (Jg) Joseph A. Sinalo (MC), ors. CINCAF modified. To Nav. Disp., Wash., D. C., instead Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, Va.

Lt. Frederic W. Hesser (SC), det. Bu. S. and A., Navy Dept., in Dec.; to c. f. o. MS Donald McKay and on bd. when comm.

Lt. John B. Boslet (ChC), det. USS Altair in Jan.; to USS Mississippi.

Lt. Eric Aschenback, D-M, det. USS Henderson; to USS Cimarron.

Lt. Godfrey V. Wickware, SC-V(S), det. Nav. Oper. Navy Dept.; to Off. Secy. of the Navy, Navy Dept.

Lt. (Jg) John D. H. Carmichael, SC-V(G), det. temp. duty under instn. Subm. Base, New York Dept., in Dec.; to Nav. Air Sta., San Juan, P. R.

Lt. (Jg) Hugh H. Lewis, D-V(G), det. USS Tuscaloosa in Dec.; to temp. duty in instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

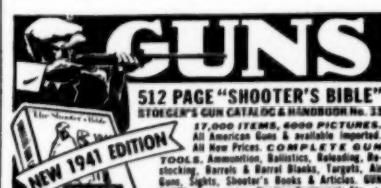
Ens. George L. Reichert, Jr., D-V(G), det. Nav. Res. Midshipmen Sch., Northwestern Univ., Chicago, Ill., abt. 9 Dec.; to USS Phoenix.

Ens. William S. Rummens, D-V(G), det. USS Indianapolis in Dec.; to instn. temp. duty Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. Joseph Tullis, D-M, det. USS Kaskaskia; to USS Sangamon.

Ens. Marks P. Wangness, D-V(G), det. USS Cincinnati in Dec.; to instn. temp. duty Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

(Please turn to Page 449)



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Posts and Stations

WEST POINT, N. Y.

24 December 1940

There are many visitors at the post for Christmas, and many of the officers and their families are away on visits for the holidays. Among those with guests at the garrison are Capt. and Mrs. Loren D. Pegg, who have the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Doremus, of Asbury Park, N. J., Capt. and Mrs. John H. Chamberlain, Jr., who have Mrs. Chamberlain's father, the Rev. Heath Brosius, of Baltimore. Capt. and Mrs. George W. Beeler have Mrs. Beeler's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Christian Stocke, of St. Louis. Mrs. Sally D. Shemwell, of Washington, is with her son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. Percy H. Lash, Jr. Mr. and Mrs. Percy H. Lash, Sr., of Cleveland, are here for a day or so, also.

Some of those who are away for the holidays are Capt. and Mrs. Ronald M. Shaw, who are at Ft. McPherson, with Mrs. Shaw's parents, Col. and Mrs. Henry Richmond; Capt. and Mrs. Charles G. Dunn, are visiting Mrs. Dunn's mother, Mrs. Albert L. Powell, at Newport News, Va.; Capt. and Mrs. James F. Ammerman are with the former's parents, at Clearfield, Pa.; Capt. and Mrs. Frederick W. Barnes are with Mrs. Barnes' parents, Col. and Mrs. Troup Miller, at Governor's Island, N. Y. Capt. and Mrs. Robert C. Leslie are in Detroit, visiting both of their families.

Lt. Col. Harrison Flickinger, retired, of Garden City, L. I., and Mrs. Flickinger, will spend Christmas with the latter's brother-in-law and sister, Capt. and Mrs. William H. Maglin. Another guest of the Maglins will be his niece, Miss Gloria Maglin of Franklin Square, L. I.

Capt. and Mrs. David W. Gray are spending Christmas at Evansville, Ind. with the former's parents. After Christmas when he returns to West Point, Mrs. Gray plans to go to Palm Beach, Fla., to enter the Florida tennis tournaments.

Capt. and Mrs. Edwin J. VanHorne will spend a day or two this week at Port Washington, L. I. with Mrs. VanHorne's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Daugherty, Jr. Capt. and Mrs. S. L. Brown are visiting members of both their families at Meriden, Conn., and East Freetown, Mass. Guests of Miss Page Schwarzwedel who will arrive later in the week are Miss Nancy Mayo, Miss Caroline Scowden, of Buffalo, and Miss Adelaide Kine, of Baltimore. Miss Ann Dahlen, of Providence, R. I. will be the guest for Christmas day and a day or so thereafter of her brother and sister-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. Chester A. Dahlen. Capt. and Mrs. E. H. McLemore will have for Christmas day, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Cornelius, of Brooklyn.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

24 December 1940

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles Adair and Mrs. Adair's mother, Mrs. Halligan, widow of Admiral John Halligan, entertained at an egg-nog party Friday afternoon at their home on Prince George St. Those assisting were, Mrs. Hamilton Gale, Mrs. Hollis Cooley, Mrs. John T. Bowers, Mrs. E. M. Jackson, Sr., Mrs. C. G. Halpine, Mrs. W. O. P. Martin, Mrs. Nichols H. Green and Mrs. Frank V. Rigler. Comdr. and Mrs. W. P. O. Clarke and Mrs. Clarke's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Coleman Rogers gave an eggnog party on Sunday at the Rogers home, Belvoir.

Capt. and Mrs. Calvin H. Cobb had as their guests for the week-end, Mrs. Charlotte Stansfield of New York and Mr. Franklin Stafford of Short Hills, N. J.

Commodore and Mrs. Edward Lloyd have their son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lloyd, Jr. of New York as their guests for the holidays.

Mrs. Benson, wife of Capt. Howard H. J. Benson entertained at a luncheon on board the USS *Reina Mercedes* in honor of Mrs. LaMou, wife of Capt. R. M. LaMou. Mrs. France, wife of Comdr. A. F. France, Jr. and their daughter, Miss Anne France, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. A. F. France on Hanover Street.

Comdr. and Mrs. G. Laurence Schetky will have as their guest for the holidays, Mrs. C. Kemble Baldwin of Scarsdale, N. Y. Mrs. Godfrey, wife of Lt. Comdr. Vincent Godfrey, USN-Ret., and her daughter, Miss Barbara Godfrey, who spent the past week as guests of Col. and Mrs. James G. Taylor, have returned to their home at Belle Vernon, Pa.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.

22 December 1940

Mrs. James O. Richardson left her Villa Apartment recently and sailed for Honolulu to join Admiral Richardson, Commander in Chief of the United States Fleet, for the holidays.

Providing gaiety during the Christmas vacation period to the household of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Gilbert J. Rowcliff are their daughters, Misses Marion and Caroline Rowcliff, who have arrived from Mills College in Northern California and are having a jolly time. Mrs. Rowcliff was one of the special guests at the Mills Alumnae breakfast this morning in Virginia Country Club, which carried out an annual Yuletide custom. Navy Juniors

participating were her two daughters and Miss Mary Elizabeth Ragle, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Harold Ragle.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Sinclair Gannon are motoring to Coronado to enjoy holiday festivities with their daughter, Mrs. Henry C. Gearing and the two children, Sinclair Gannon Gearing and Hilyer Gearing. They will return 26 Dec. to their Willowbrook apartment.

Several of the ranking officers and their wives are in Bremerton for the time being. Among these are Admiral and Mrs. C. P. Snyder, who were honored recently at a large tea dansant in the Officers' Club on Puget Sound. The guests also included Rear Adm. and Mrs. W. N. Vernou, Capts. and Mmes. Harold M. Bemis, C. W. Magruder, Neal Hughes, Jonas Ingram, W. H. Hall, Charles Pownall and A. M. Charlton, most of whom left Long Beach recently.

One of the jolly gatherings on the Christmas Day calendar is at the home which will be hosted by Capt. George Franklin Cottle (MC) and Mrs. Cottle at their home, 1512 East Ocean Boulevard. They will receive guests from noon until midnight, invitations having been sent to all members of the Wives of Navy Doctors' Club, their husbands and house guests.

One of the local families, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Cowman, are happy over the arrival of their daughter, Mrs. T. G. Wild Jr., who came from far-away Manila accompanied by her 7-months-old baby, Judith Lynn. The couple's other daughter, Mrs. Leslie J. O'Brien, Jr., wife of Ensign O'Brien of Admiral Richardson's staff, is also here from Honolulu as a guest of her parents.

Wives of officers attached to the cruiser Helena continue to be one of the most sociable groups in Long Beach. They were entertained a few days ago at a party given jointly by Mmes. A. J. Smith and L. J. Baird with 12 guests gathering for dinner at the Leilani in Belmont Shore and an evening of cards in the Covina Avenue home of Mrs. Smith.

NORFOLK, VA.

26 Dec. 1940

Comdr. and Mrs. Webster M. Thompson were hosts on Saturday afternoon at their quarters in the Navy Yard at a delightful eggnog party. Hours for calling were from five to seven and the guests numbered about forty.

Comdr. and Mrs. Duane L. Taylor have issued invitations for an eggnog party on Sunday afternoon, 29 Dec. at their home on Cambridge Crescent. Their guests will number 125.

Comdr. and Mrs. M. J. Aston will entertain Sunday, 29 Dec. at an eggnog party given at their home on Shirley Avenue. Their guests will number 80.

The officer's club in the Navy Yard was the scene of the first debutante dance of the season on Thursday night when Comdr. and Mrs. May Livingston Lewis entertained in honor of their debutante daughter, Miss Katherine Livingston Lewis. The club was beautifully decorated with Christmas greens, poinsettias and white chrysanthemums and the table decorations were red candles, red and white carnations and white chrysanthemums. The guests who numbered about 200 were received by Comdr. and Mrs. Lewis and their daughter. Dancing began at 10 o'clock and a buffet supper was served at midnight.

The wives of the officers attached to the USS New York gave a bowling party Wednesday night at the Air Station Alleys and later were entertained by Mrs. Walter W. Strombehn at her home on Hampton Blvd.

Mrs. F. C. McCune entertained the wives of officers of the USS New York with a luncheon given Thursday in the Ames and Brownley tearoom.

Mrs. John E. Reinberg, Jr. and Mrs. John S. Roberts poured tea Monday afternoon at the bridge tea held at the Commissioned Officers' Mess in the Naval Base. Other members of the Naval Base Bridge Club who had tables were Mrs. Adrian McClure, Mrs. Louis E. Mueller, Mrs. A. E. Bartlett, Mrs. L. S. Kellogg, Mrs. H. D. McHenry, Mrs. E. M. Woodson, Mrs. C. C. Laws, Mrs. A. L. Haas, Mrs. M. J. Aston, Mrs. E. J. Stoffel, Mrs. Daniel Lynch, Mrs. C. R. Hoffecker, and Mrs. John Wymond.

Capt. and Mrs. Erskine Hill entertained on Sunday afternoon at a cocktail party given at their home at Virginia Beach.

Capt. and Mrs. Paulus P. Powell will entertain at a cocktail party Thursday, 2 Jan. at the Officers' Club, Naval Base. Their guests will include the officers of the USS Omaha and their wives.

Mrs. H. Nixon Coulter was hostess on Saturday night at a cocktail party given at her home in Lakewood in honor of her house guests, Lt. and Mrs. M. Henry Eppes. Mrs. Coulter's other guests were Comdr. and Mrs. O. A. Sundquist, Lt. and Mrs. Sidney Fredberg, Mrs. James Peterson, Lt. William Fairborn, Lt. Wayne Cargill, Jerome Peterson, Lt. and Mrs. William McCormick, Mrs. Walter E. Zimmerman, Lt. Briscoe Chipman, Comdr. James Benjamin, Mrs. James Trotman, Miss Mary Sie Trotman and C. E. Denny. Following the cocktail party, Mrs.

Coulter entertained at a supper party when her guests included Commander and Mrs. Sundquist, Mrs. Peterson, Lieutenant Chipman, Miss Gloria Coulter and Jerome Peterson.

2ND ARMY HQ., MEMPHIS, TENN.

23 Dec. 1940

Mrs. Arthur B. Conrad, Jr., and Mr. Joseph A. Conrad will spend the holidays with their parents, Col. and Mrs. Arthur B. Conrad at their home, 1876 Central Avenue, Memphis.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Y. Hamlen and Capt. and Mrs. Douglas M. Kilpatrick will also spend the holiday season with Colonel and Mrs. Conrad. Mrs. Hamlen and Mrs. Kilpatrick are daughters of Colonel and Mrs. Conrad. The Hamlens are driving down from Champaign, Ill., and the Kilpatricks are coming down from Wright Field, Ohio. Mr. Arthur and Joseph Conrad are students at the University of Illinois.

Colonel Conrad is G-4 on General Lear's Staff.

Miss Betty Ellen McBride and Robert Bruce McBride, 3d, will spend the holiday season with their parents, Col. and Mrs. Robert Bruce McBride, Jr., at their apartment in the Parkview Hotel. Colonel McBride is on the staff of Second Army Headquarters. Robert McBride pledged Alpha Tau Omega at Indiana University while Betty is a Tri Delt.

Mr. Charles W. Walker will spend the holiday season with his parents, Col. and Mrs. Fred L. Walker at their home at 665 E. Parkview South. The Walkers are also planning a trip to Bradenton, Fla., during the holidays. Mr. Charles W. Walker is attending Knox College, Galesburg, Ill. Colonel Walker is on the staff of the Second Army Headquarters.

Col. and Mrs. Owen Albright and their daughter, Miss Frederica Albright, 2240 Jefferson Avenue, are planning a trip to Florence, Ala., during the holiday season. Colonel Albright is on the staff of Second Army Headquarters.

Capt. William M. Connor, Jr., 18th Field Artillery, Ft. Sill, Okla., will spend the holidays with his parents, Col. and Mrs. William M. Connor at their home at 2151 Poplar Avenue. Colonel Connor is on the staff of Second Army Headquarters.

Capt. and Mrs. George O. Riggs and their son, Anthony Iva Neville Riggs, will spend the holidays with Col. and Mrs. Francis A. Englehart. Colonel Englehart is a member of the staff at Second Army Headquarters, and Captain Riggs is on duty at the San Antonio Arsenal, San Antonio, Tex.

Mrs. N. L. Hemenway will spend the holidays with Col. and Mrs. Frederic V. Hemenway, at their home at 625 North Trezevant. Colonel Hemenway is on the staff at Second Army Headquarters. Mrs. N. L. Hemenway, sister-in-law of Colonel Hemenway, expects to arrive Christmas day, by plane from Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. John Forbes will spend the holidays with Captain and Mrs. King, Jr., at their home at 245 North Hawthorne St. Mr. and Mrs. Forbes are the parents of Mrs. King. Captain King is on the staff at Second Army Headquarters.

The family of Lt. Paul Baker will arrive in Memphis during the holidays. Mrs. Paul H. (wife), Paul Hamilton Baker (son) and Diane June Baker (daughter). Lieutenant Baker is a member of the staff at Second Army Headquarters.

Mrs. Morris C. Foote will arrive in Memphis during the latter part of the holidays for approximately two weeks for a visit at the home of her son, Col. William C. Foote, at the Parkview Hotel Apartments. Colonel Foote is a member of the staff of Second Army Headquarters.

The family of Col. Marion O. French, Chief of Staff of the Second Army, arrived in Memphis on Saturday. Mrs. French and the two children motored here from Chicago (Lake Forest), Ill., where the French's have been living for the past three years. Colonel and Mrs. French's daughter has been attending Lake Forest Academy while their son is now in high school.

Colonel and Mrs. French have leased a house at 72 Lombardi Drive, where they will make their home while in Memphis.

SAN DIEGO-CORONADO, CALIF.

22 December 1940

Capt. Henry C. Gearing, commanding officer of the Naval Training Station, and Mrs. Gearing have chosen the first day of the new year for their open house which is to be held in their quarters from 4 to 7 o'clock. Invitations have been extended to a group of officers attached to the station and their wives, retired service friends and civilian guests.

Another social event scheduled for the first week in 1941 is the smart cocktail and dancing party to be given by Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Bradford E. Grow. A large number of invitations have been mailed for the affair which will take place at the La Mesa Country Club between 4 and 7 o'clock on 4 January.

During the past week this area has been the scene of a gay social whirl. Among the many lovely parties was the Christmas afternoon "at home" given by Lt. Comdr. and Mrs.

J. F. Luton in the playroom of their Loma Portal home to which about sixty-five friends were asked.

Seated together Christmas eve in Hotel del Coronado were Vice Adm. and Mrs. William S. Pye, who were down from Long Beach; Capt. and Mrs. Henry G. S. Wallace, Miss Mary Marjorie Wallace of Pomona College; Henry Wallace, Jr. and Ens. John Bristol Pye.

Col. and Mrs. Samuel Howard were joined by members of their family for their Christmas dinner. Seated with them at their Marine Base quarters were Mrs. John M. Arthur, Mrs. Paul White, Betty Howard and Lt. and Mrs. Bowen Aserson.

Capt. William Chambers, (MC), USN, and Mrs. Chambers were hosts Friday evening at an after-Christmas party in their Naval hospital quarters.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Ellsworth Sparks entertained last Sunday in their quarters, Naval Fuel depot, between 5 and 7 o'clock.

A large group of Coast Guard officers and their wives were guests Sunday at an afternoon party when Ens. and Mrs. B. D. Shoemaker, Jr., and Ens. and Mrs. R. E. Hammond entertained in the home of the former couple.

Capt. W. K. Harrill, USN, and Mrs. Harrill were hosts Friday when they entertained 90 friends at the North Island Commissioned Officers' mess between 5 and 7 o'clock.

Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 447)

Rose H. Lavigne, Nurse, det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa.; to Nav. Sta., Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Orders to Ensigns, USNR

The assignments of the below-listed officers, A-V(N), US Naval Reserve, have been changed as indicated opposite their names:

John H. Anderson, from USS Saratoga, to NAS, Pensacola.

Max P. Bailey, Jr., Weldon A. Baird Charles L. Bardwell, Carl A. Benscoter, George F. Brown, William H. Chester, from NAS, Pensacola to NAS, Jacksonville.

John P. Conn, Jr., from USS Honolulu, to NAS, Jacksonville.

Charles S. Coombs, Henry B. Cowap, Robert L. Dahllof, William R. Donnell, from NAS, Pensacola to NAS, Jacksonville.

Otto Alexander Finley, from NRAB, Oakland, to NAS, Pensacola.

Gordon Forbes, Walter J. Frasier, from NAS, Pensacola, to NAS, Jacksonville.

Robert M. Freeman, from NAS Pensacola, to NAS, Miami.

William Freeman, from Utility Squad 1, to 3, USS Rigel.

Ralph A. Fuoss from NRAB, Oakland, to NAS, Miami.

John Chapman Gilbert, John F. Gray, David A. Green, William D. Harrington, from NAS, Pensacola, to NAS, Jacksonville.

Reed K. Henderson, from Pat. Sq. 25, to NAS, Jacksonville.

John S. Hill, William Hudspeth, from NAS, Pensacola, to NAS, Jacksonville.

Edwin L. Klem, from USS Mississippi to NAS, Pensacola.

Eric A. Lohmann, from NAS, Pensacola, to NAS, Jacksonville.

Edward M. Owen, from NRAB, Philadelphia, to NAS, Anacostia, D. C.

Salvatore J. Patroni, from Pat. Sq. 43, to NAS, Jacksonville.

Norman L. Paxton, from NAS, Pensacola, to NAS, Jacksonville.

William V. Pettengill, from NAS, Pensacola, to NAS, Jacksonville.

William H. Pipkorn, Garland Poffenbarger from NAS, Pensacola, to NAS, Jacksonville.

Sam L. Silber, from NAS, Pensacola, to NAS, Miami.

Carl D. Simonsen, from NRAB, Oakland, to NAS, Pensacola.

Bradford G. Swonetz, from NAS, Pensacola, to NAS, Jacksonville.

Lloyd W. Van Antwerp, from USS Lexington to NAS, Miami.

Alexander D. Walter, Jr., NRAB, Philadelphia, to Naval Reserve Flight Selection Board, 4th Naval District.

The following officers, A-V(N), USNR, who were issued orders for release from active duty have been recalled to active duty in the assignments indicated opposite their names:

Calder Atkinson, NRAB, Anacostia.

Paul K. Blesh, NRAB, Miami.

Walter L. Curtis, Jr., NRAB, Miami.

Gilbert J. Fraenchein, NRAB, Anacostia.

David Halperin, NRAB, New York.

Isaac J. Heizer, Jr., NRAB, Miami.

Kenneth A. Kuchner, NRAB, New York.

John A. Porter, NAS, Miami.

John Sizankas, NRAB, New York.

Milton W. Swan, NRAB, St. Louis.

Jesse D. Taylor, NAS, Pensacola.

George N. Whittier, NRAB, St. Louis.

Cole L. Windham, Pat. Sq. 52.

Orders for Ens. Frank J. Peterson, A-V

(Please turn to Page 451)

Society*(Continued from Page 448)*

former deputy chief of staff, and Mrs. Gasser who have been motoring for the past six months through the western states, have returned to Washington and are at Wardman Park.

Mrs. Charles F. Osborn, widow of Comdr. Osborn, is now living at 816 North Dubuque St., Iowa City, Iowa. Miss Janet Osborn is enrolled as a student at the St. Mary College, Leavenworth, Kas.

Mrs. W. E. Pattison French, widow of Col. French, is spending the Holidays in Rochester, N. Y., visiting Mr. and Mrs. Irving Sears Underhill, the latter the daughter of Col. Marion Ogilvie French, USA.

Col. and Mrs. George Cocheu were hosts at their usual merry party, an annual event of Christmas Eve, entertaining at their home in Foxhall Road, Washington.

Comdr. Frank Slingluff, USN, and Mrs. Slingluff entertained at a brilliant Christmas party for their daughter, Suzanne, presenting her to their friends at a dance at the Sulgrave Club, Wednesday night.

The dance was preceded by a Christmas party given for Miss Slingluff and Miss Joan Dodd by Mr. John A. Sobotka Jr., whose grandfather was associated with the old Austro-Hungarian Embassy in Connecticut ave., when Baron Hengelmuller was the Ambassador.

Miss Slingluff was herself a hostess at a buffet supper Saturday night last, asking friends to meet her cousin and house guest, Miss Elizabeth Moser. Both young women were entertained at breakfast Sunday morning at the Army-Navy Country Club by Miss Margaret H. Gearing. Miss Slingluff shared honors at a luncheon with Miss Lucy Marbury, at which Miss Jane Rust was hostess, Thursday.

Miss Mary Stuart Price, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Allen Ingram Price, debutante of this season, was the luncheon guest of Comdr. and Mrs. C. J. Sabalot who entertained a company of young persons at the Army-Navy Country Club Saturday last.

Comdr. R. K. Awtrey, USN, has been called back to the service for active duty and he and Mrs. Awtrey and daughter, Alice are again in their house at 2905 R. Street after being in Georgia. Their other daughter, Anne, student at Ward Belmont College, is with them for the Holidays. They also have a son, Midshipman R. K. Awtrey, Jr., at the Naval Academy.

Capt. E. C. Raguet, USN, and Mrs. Raguet were among those who went out of town Christmas, and they journeyed to New London, Conn., to be with their son-in-law and daughter, Lt. John Davidson, USN, and Mrs. Davidson.

Mrs. Raguet's brother-in-law and sister, Capt. Oscar Smith, USN, and Mrs. Smith who were recently visiting in Washington, but also maintaining a house at Virginia Beach, have given that up and with their daughter, Betty, are at Eustis, Fla., with Mrs. Smith's family, for Christmas.

Gen. and Mrs. A. J. Bowley are now settled in their home, 3801 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Maryland.

Col. and Mrs. Thomas C. Musgrave have purchased the residence at 400 Alameda Circle, Olmos Park, San Antonio, Texas and are taking up residence there immediately.

Cadet Frank H. Linnell is spending the Christmas holidays with his parents, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Frank E. Linnell in Madison, Wisconsin. Cadet Linnell graduates from the USMA in June.

Capt. Amon Bronson, USN-Ret., and Mrs. Bronson entertained recently at their home in Wardour in honor of their

son and daughter-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. Ward Bronson, USN. Lt. and Mrs. Bronson were married on 18 Dec. at the home of the bride in Charleston, S. C. They will sail shortly for Honolulu where Lieutenant Bronson joins his ship, the USS Chicago.

The following Army guests arrived at the Hotel Barclay, New York City, during the week ending 21 Dec.: Capt. J. L. Inskip, of West Point, and Cadets W. H. Woodward; C. R. Finley, Jr.; S. L. James; J. R. Orwalt; A. H. Weigel; I. Perkin; C. A. P. Duffie; M. W. Sullivan; F. B. Wallace; W. R. Mullane; F. J. Roberts; and W. A. Hughes, all of the U. S. Military Academy.

Mrs. Herbert J. Brees, wife of Maj. Gen. Brees, Commander of the Eighth Corps Area, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., is stopping in Washington at the Martinique and will be joined by General Brees for the Holidays.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. M. J. Foster are spending some time at the Martinique. Other recent guests at the Martinique: Col. and Mrs. R. G. DeVoe, Ft. Monroe, Va., Capt. and Mrs. Allan Farquhar of Norfolk, Va., Lt. Col. and Mrs. W. R. Buckley and Maj. H. V. Ellis of Boston, Mass.

Weddings and Engagements*(Continued from Page 448)*

Carl A. Buechner, Mr. Milton Adams, Paul Craig, USA, and Cadet Robert Edwards, brother of the bridegroom.

The bride who is the daughter of Mrs. Alexander Mortimer Milton, and the late Colonel Milton, is one of the popular young army juniors of Washington, and will be much missed when she goes with Lieutenant Edwards to make her home at Ontario, Calif., where he is to be an instructor at the Cal-Aereo Training School of Aeronautics.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Kellam, daughter of Mrs. Frederick Caesar Augustus Kellam and the late Colonel Kellam, and Lt. John Porter Tomhave, son of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Tomhave, of Montavideo, Minnesota, were married in a beautiful ceremony at the Ft. Sam Houston Post Chapel, on Saturday evening, 14 December, with Chaplain Brauns officiating.

The church was beautifully decorated with garlands of plume fern, white blossoms. Two white candelabra with cathedral tapers stood behind a plaque of white gladioli and calla lillies, on either side of the altar, which was gilded with the plumes of fern.

The groomsmen were Lt. Roscoe C. Crawford, AC, from Randolph Field; Lt. D. J. Jackson, Medical Corps, Ft. Clarke; Lt. C. Cheppard, FA, Ft. Sam Houston; Lt. Clifford L. Miller, Cavalry, Ft. Clark.

Lt. Charles John Parsons Jr., Cav., from Ft. Clark, Texas, was the best man.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Nellie Joe McCabe, Helen Dodge, Mary Helen Hunt, of Brackettville, cousins of the bride, and Miss Frances Swenker, of Brady. The maid of honor was Miss Susanne Yerby, of San Antonio, cousin of the bride. They were gowned alike in net frocks, made with tight basques, puffed sleeves and the skirt wide and full, and from a narrow ruffle on the skirt the net was gathered to double fullness, sweeping behind into a short train. The bridesmaids frocks were in regal blue and their cascade bouquets of gold camelia Ranunculi and Miss Yerby's was in deep gold. She carried a cascade bouquet of deep blue and pale blue delphinium, and their headdresses were rosettes of ruffed tulle, matching their dresses, with short circular veils of the tulle.

Little Sylvia Welch, daughter of Mrs. J. E. Welch, was flower girl, and she wore a miniature replica of the bride's gown, her little bouquet was a hand cluster of gardenias, bouvardia, and puffs of white tulle.

The lovely bride entered with Col. O. W. Bell, a close friend of the late Colonel Kellam. She wore a beautiful wedding

gown of ivory satin; the bodice a tight basque, with vertical shirring on either side. A beautiful skirt, ending in a very long oval train. The sleeves were full at the shoulder, and were long, and pointed over the hands, and the neckline was heart-shaped. She wore a triple strand of pearls. Her headdress was of pleated ivory illusion adorned with a delicate band of orange blossoms, and to this was gathered a cascading short tier and the long train veil, which extended beyond the train of her dress. She carried a lovely bouquet of gardenias, with clusters of bouvardia and puffs of white tulle.

After the wedding, a reception was held in a suite at the Gunter Hotel. In the receiving line were Mrs. Kellam, Mrs. Tomhave and the bride and groom, and the bride's attendants. Mrs. Kellam wore a pansy blue crepe dinner dress, with a draped skirt, and long sleeved jacket. Her hat was a draped turban of American beauty rose velvet, with a shadow lace veil. Also assisting in receiving the guests was Mr. Henry Voltmann, of Brackettville, grandfather of the bride.

After their wedding trip Lt. and Mrs. Tomhave will be at home at Ft. Riley, Kansas.

Col. and Mrs. R. C. Brady of Corozal, announce the engagement of their daughter, Bonita Mary Brady to Lt. Landis O. Carter, Air Corps Reserve, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence O. Carter of Charleston, S. C. Miss Brady is a graduate of Berte's Fashion Studio, Philadelphia, Penna. Lieutenant Carter is a graduate of Clemson College, Clemson, S. C., Class of 1938, and from Kelly Field in 1939. No date has been set for the wedding.

At the chapel of the Army Medical Center, Washington at 3:00 p.m. on Friday, 13 Dec., 1940, Miss Margaret Fielding Garrison, daughter of the late Colonel Fielding Hudson Garrison, Medical Corps, US Army, and Second Lt. Hayden Estey, FA, son of Major Harold Watson Estey, Corps of Engineers, were married. The ceremony, which was attended only by members of the two families and a few intimate friends, was performed by Chaplain (Lt.-Col.) Henry R. Westcott, USA. The bride's two sisters, Mrs. Johnson Thomas Heare and Miss Patricia Garrison were respectively matron-of-honor and maid-of-honor. The groom's brother, Mr. Harold W. Estey, was best man. The bride was given away by Lt. Col. Edgar Erskine Hume, Medical Corps, an intimate friend of the late Colonel Garrison. After a honeymoon at Havana, Mr. and Mrs. Estey will be at home at 1661 Crescent Place, Washington.

Following the wedding there was a reception at the Shoreham Hotel. On that occasion Lt. Col. Edward H. Brooks, chief of the Statistics Branch of the War Department General Staff, who is the groom's commanding officer, surprised him with the presentation of his commission as First Lieutenant, FA, Reserved. The oath of office was administered by Colonel Hume.

Capt. and Mrs. Jones H. Ingram, USN, announce the engagement of their daughter Mary-Birch to 1st Lt. Lawrence Coker Hays, Jr., USMC, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Coker Hays of Atlanta, Ga.

Miss Ingram was graduated from Holton-Arms School in Washington, D. C., and attended Connecticut College, and Scripps College in California. She is a member of the Service Sorority and the Junior League.

Lieutenant Hays was graduated from Boys High School, Atlanta, Ga., and attained a Bachelor of Science Degree from the Georgia School of Technology in 1937. He was an outstanding athlete, being alternate captain of the football team, and awarded letters in basketball and track. He is a member of Omicron Delta Kappa, Anak honorary societies and Kappa Sigma social fraternity. After graduation Lieutenant Hays accepted a commission as Second Lieutenant in the Marine Corps and in 1938 graduated from the Marine Officers Basic School in Philadelphia, Pa. He is now stationed at the

Navy Yard, Puget Sound. The wedding will take place in the early Spring.

Maj. and Mrs. Logan Shutt of the 77th Coast Artillery, Ft. Bragg, N. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary Robbins, to Lt. Joe Leonard Pleasants, Inf. USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Pleasants of Greensboro, N. C. The wedding will take place at Ft. Bragg, in February.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Kenneth F. Hanst, Inf., of Columbus, O., announce the marriage of their daughter Rose Mary, to Mr. Norman Wagner, of Columbus, O., on Saturday 21 Dec. Mr. and Mrs. Wagner will be at home after 1 Jan., 1941, at 3008 Neil Ave., Columbus, O.

The wedding of Miss Abigail Louise Roberson, daughter of Col. John A. Roberson, Cav., USA, and Mrs. Roberson, to 1st Lt. Vincent L. Boylan, Cav., USA, took place at the home of the bride's parents at Omaha.

The Rev. Joseph Suneg officiated in a candle-light service held in front of the fire-place which was banked with Christmas greens and pine cones. Ropes of green and wreaths decorated the house.

The bride wore a princess gown of white satin with a heart-shaped neck line. Her tulle veil fell from a coronet of heirloom rosepoint lace her mother wore in her veil. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses and sweetpeas. The bride's only ornament was a string of pearls the gift of the groom.

Mrs. Thomas Morton of Annapolis, cousin and matron of honor, wore a sapphire blue crepe gown embroidered in gold. She wore a headdress of blue tulle and carried a bouquet of Talisman roses.

The bridegroom, son of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Boylan of Brooklyn, N. Y., was attended by Lt. Henry Leland Crouch of Ft. Riley.

The bride and bridegroom departed on a wedding trip to Monterey, Mexico. For traveling the bride wore a green tweed hat and suit. She wore a corsage of pink camellias. After their trip they will be at home at San Antonio, Tex.

The wedding of Miss Rose Mary Hanst, daughter of Lt. Col. Kenneth Frederick Hanst, Inf., USA, and Mrs. Hanst, to Mr. Norman Otto Wagner, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Norman O. Wagner, of St. Louis, Mo., took place last Saturday afternoon at four o'clock in the chapel of the First Community Church, Columbus, O. The Rev. Roy A. Burkhardt officiated at the informal ceremony, at which only members of the immediate families, and a few intimate friends, were present. The chapel was simply decorated in Southern smilax, a large cluster of silver eucalyptus, and tall cathedral candles. The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a suit of light weight navy wool trimmed in silver fox, and matching hat. She wore a shoulder corsage of purple orchids. Mrs. Stowe Thompson Sutton of Washington, D. C. was matron of honor and only attendant of the bride. She wore a gown of dark grey crepe studded in silver nailheads, and a small velvet hat in shades of purple and American Beauty. Her corsage was of Rubrum lilies. Mr. Robert Boyles of Columbus, was best man. Mr. R. W. Tracy of Columbus, and Cadet Kenneth F. Hanst, Jr., of the USMA, and brother of the bride, were the informal ushers. The bride's mother wore a gown of rust lame', with brown hat and accessories. Her flowers were Lester Hibbard roses. The groom's mother was attired in soldier blue crepe, with matching turban, and her corsage was of yellow roses.

Immediately after the ceremony, an informal reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 29 West Kelso Road. After a short honeymoon, the couple will be at home at 3008 Neil Ave., Columbus, O.

Among the out of town guests were Mr. Felix Elliott of Kingwood, W. Va., grandfather of the bride; Mr. and Mrs. Norman O. Wagner of St. Louis, Mo.; parents of the groom; Maj. and Mrs. Stowe Thompson of Washington, D. C.; Lt. Col. and Mrs. Joseph W. Whitney of Xenia, O. (Continued on Next Page)

Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 449)

(N) USNR, assigning him to duty at the Naval Air Station, Pensacola, have been cancelled. He will continue duty in Scouting Squadron Seven (USS Quincy).

Coast Guard OrdersRear Rdm. Russell R. Waesche
USCG, Commandant

Lt. E. E. Fahey, det. Bkln. Air Sta., 3 Jan. 1941, assigned Salem Air Sta., as Commanding Officer.

The following appointed Student Coast Guard Aviators, det. unit indicated, 11 Jan. 1941, assigned temp. duty Charleston Air Sta., S. C., for abt. six weeks, upon completion of which assigned Naval Air Sta., Pensacola Fla., to report 22 Feb. 1941: Lt. (jg) Richard Baxter, Maritime Service Trng. Sta., Hoffman Is., N. Y.; Lt. (jg) D. W. Weller, Bibb, orders 3 Dec. cancelled; Ens. R. M. Dudley, Northland; Ens. C. W. Schuh, Mojave.

Chf. Mach. E. A. Guenet, det. Hq. abt. 13 Jan. 1941, assigned Elizabeth City Air Sta., N. C.

The following Chief Boatswain's Mates issued acting appointments as Boatswain: M. B. Peterson, Eastham Sta., Mass.; G. W. Pruitt, Broadwater Sta., Va.; F. E. DeRosia, St. Joseph, Sta., Mich.

Chf. Radioman J. R. Caulk, Coast Guard Radio Sta., Ft. Hunt, Alexandria, Va., issued acting appointment as Radio Electrician.

The following Chief Yeomen issued acting appointments as Pay Clerk: L. D. Young, Bibb; H. L. Weyrauch, New Orleans Trng. Sta., Algiers, La.; Charles Bogan, New York District Office.

Mach. E. A. Himmel, det. Rush, assigned Sterling Engine Co., Buffalo, N. Y., for duty as assistant inspector of engines for the Coast Guard.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Harrell of St. Louis, Mo.; and Cadet Hanst.

A quiet service Christmas morning in St. Paul's Episcopal church, San Diego, Calif., united in marriage Miss Jean Hall of Ann Arbor, Mich., and Dr. Gennaro Basilicato, USN. Only close friends of the couple witnessed the ceremony which was performed by Canon C. Rankin Barnes.

A wedding breakfast was served following the service at the Casa Del Rey Moro in Balboa Park.

Dr. Basilicato and his bride have taken an apartment at the Park Manor in San Diego. The officer is on duty at the dispensary, Naval Air Station.

OBITUARIES

Brig. Gen. Roger Brooke, MD, USA, died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., on 18 Dec.

General Brooke, son of an old and illustrious Maryland family, was born in Sandy Springs, Md., 14 June 1878. He was educated in the public schools of Maryland and received his degree of Doctor of Medicine at the University of Maryland in 1900. The following year he was appointed 1st Lieutenant of the Medical Corps and was an honor graduate of the Army Medical School in 1902. Shortly after graduation General Brooke was ordered to the Philippines Islands where he served for two years with troops and one year in the First Reserve Hospital, Manila.

Returning to the United States in 1905 General Brooke was stationed at Fort Bayard, New Mexico, where the tuberculosis hospital of the Army was then located. During the ensuing four years he devoted his entire attention to a study and research in tuberculosis under the guidance of Colonel George E. Bushnell, Medical Corps, an international authority on this subject. At the termination of this assignment he was ordered to the London School of Tropical Medicine, Greenwich, England, where he was graduated with the highest honors.

In 1909 General Brooke was returned to the Philippines Islands where he became Chief of the Surgical Service at Fort McKinley.

Upon his return to the States in 1911 he was assigned to duty at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, where he became Chief of the Medical Service, a position he held until the year 1915 when he was ordered to Washington, D. C., for duty in the Attending Surgeon's Office. Upon America's entrance in the World War, General Brooke, then a Lieutenant colonel, was transferred to Camp Greenleaf, Georgia, where he was Senior Instructor and Assistant Commandant of the Medical Officers' Training Camp. For his work at Camp Greenleaf, General Brooke was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal.

In 1919 he became Chief of the Division of

Tuberculosis and Internal Medicine, Office of the Surgeon General, in Washington, D. C. Due to his widespread knowledge of the medical requirements of soldiers invalided home from the World War he was appointed Medical Consultant to the Central Office, Veterans' Bureau, Washington, D. C., where he served for two years prior to his sailing to the Panama Canal Zone for duty as Chief of the Medical Service of the Gorgas Memorial Hospital. Here General Brooke continued the intensive study and research in tropical medicine which ultimately was to see him a national authority on that subject.

Upon his return to the United States in 1927 he took over the command of the Station Hospital at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, where his studies of tuberculosis and tropical and internal medicine were continued. It was during this tour of duty that the erection of a new station hospital for Fort Sam Houston, Texas, was conceived, and in the accomplishment of which General Brooke played an important part.

In 1933 General Brooke was recalled to the Surgeon General's Office for duty as Chief of the Professional Service Division, an assignment which he held until 1935, when he was accorded the honor of commanding Letterman

General Hospital, his present assignment. In addition to his unusual administrative and executive ability General Brooke is internationally known as an authority on all phases of preventive medicine. In recognition of his professional ability the following medical societies claim his membership: American Medical Association; American College of Physicians; American College of Surgeons; American Congress of Internal Medicine; American Society of Tropical Medicine; and other less widely known organizations given over to the advancement of modern medicine and surgery.

In recognition of his ability and attainments and his distinguished service to the Medical Department, U. S. Army General Brooke was promoted to the rank of Brigadier General on 29 Jan. 1938, while in command of Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif. On 16 March 1940, he was transferred to the Medical Field Service School, Carlisle Barracks, Pa., where he assumed command.

Colonel Mueller was born 12 July 1875 in Peoria, Ill., entered the U. S. Military Academy in 1897 graduating in 1901. He was also a graduate of the School of Application for Field Artillery and Cavalry 1905, Cavalry Advanced School 1926 and the Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth in 1927. He was retired for physical disability in January 1939 just six months before reaching the statutory age of retirement.

Colonel Mueller is survived by his wife Katherine B. Mueller who resides at 10300 Fuerte Dr., La Mesa, Calif.

Lt. Col. John S. Butler, CE, USA, and Mrs. John S. Butler, of Denver, Colo.

CASTLE—Died at Wilmette, Ill., 5 December 1940. Mrs. Lucy Pierce Castle, wife of Col. Charles W. Castle, USA-Ret.

CLARK—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 15 Dec. 1940, W. O. William J. Clark, USA.

COLLINS—Died at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., 10 Dec. 1940. Mrs. Mary H. Collins, wife of Capt. Forrest E. Collins, USA-Ret.; mother of Mrs. R. W. Broughton, wife of 1st Lt. Rowland W. Broughton, Jr., CAC, USA; and Patricia A. Collins.

CROWTHER—Died as result of airplane crash near San Luis, Cuba, 23 Dec. 1940, 1st Lt. James W. Crowther, USMC.

DEWESE—Died near Comfort, Texas, 13 Dec. 1940, 2nd Lt. Theodore D. DeWeese, Jr., Air-Res.

HARRIS—Died at Lexington, Ky., 15 December 1940, Mrs. Harris, mother of Lt. Col. Field Harris, USMC, and Lt. Comdr. Andrew E. Harris, USN; grandmother of Lt. William F. Harris, USMC.

HILL—Died at Washington, D. C., 25 Dec. 1940, Mrs. Minnie Waldo Hill, mother of Ralph W. S. Hill; and grandmother of Lt. George L. Conkey, USN, Mrs. Royce Powell, Ralph Conkey, John Conkey and Snowden Conkey.

HOUSE—Died at New York, N. Y., 26 Dec. 1940, Mrs. Loulie Hunter House, 81, widow of Col. Edward M. House, USA.

HUNT—Died at Chattanooga, Tenn., 21 Dec. 1940, Capt. Percy E. Hunt, USA-Ret.; husband of Mrs. Elizabeth Hunt, Sarasota, Fla., and sister, Mrs. Vera Reynolds, of Oklahoma.

HUNTINGTON—Died at her residence, 102 Afden Street, Chevy Chase, Md., 25 Dec. 1940, Mrs. Aline B. Huntington, wife of Col. Philip W. Huntington, USA-Ret., and mother of Mrs. Charles E. Woodruff, Jr.

JOHNSON—Died at Naval Hospital, Norfolk Va., 19 Dec. 1940, Lt. (jg) Webster Cochran Johnson, USN, husband of Mrs. Carey Shands Johnson, 431 Delaware Avenue, Norfolk, Va.

JUENEMANN—Died at Sawtelle, Calif., 10 December 1940, Col. George F. Juenemann, USA-Ret.

MUELLER—Died at La Mesa, Calif., 14 December 1940, Col. Albert H. Mueller, USA-Ret., husband of Mrs. Katherine B. Mueller, 10300 Fuerte Dr., La Mesa, Calif.

MURRAY—Died at Portland, Me., 26 Dec. 1940, Brig. Gen. Peter Murray, USA-Ret.

NICHOLSON—Died as result of airplane crash near San Luis, Cuba, 23 Dec. 1940, 1st Lt. Charles R. Nicholson, USMC.

PEARMAN—Died suddenly in Berkeley, Calif., 17 Dec. 1940, Mrs. Mabel Catele Pearman, mother of Mrs. Joseph M. Colby, Mrs. Louise B. Neilson, Mr. Edgar Pearman, and Mr. Horace Pearman.

REGAN—Died at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., 15 Dec. 1940, 2nd Lt. Michael Regan, USA-Ret., husband of Mrs. Marie Regan.

STOKEY—Died at Atlanta, Ga., 14 Dec. 1940, Mrs. William P. Stokey, wife of Col. W. P. Stokey, USA-Ret.; and mother of Miss Margaret Stokey, Miss Kathleen Stokey, Mr. William F. Stokey and Mr. Roger P. Stokey; and sister of Mr. Cecil Farmer of Sharon, Pa.

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Died

BUTLER—Died at Hampton, Va., 19 Dec. 1940, John Saul Butler, Jr., son of the late

Food and National Defense
BY LT. COL. JAMES A. TOBEY, Sn.R.
Chairman of the Committee on Food and
Nutrition in National Defense of the
Institute of Food Technologists

RECOGNIZING that proper subsistence is an essential factor in the winning of wars, the Institute of Food Technologists has appointed a Committee on Food and Nutrition in National Defense. Since its organization in November, this committee has endeavored to be of practical service by working closely with appropriate officials of the Army and Navy, the National Defense Advisory Commission, and other governmental and extra-governmental agencies.

The Institute of Food Technologists is a professional society comprised of American scientists who are concerned with all aspects of food technology. Included in its membership of nearly 1,000 are chemists and biochemists, bacteriologists and microbiologists, engineers and sanitarians. The objective of the Institute is to correlate and coordinate the aims, efforts and knowledge of those engaged in the manufacturing, processing and distribution of foods prepared on a commercial scale, and in research pertaining thereto.

The personnel of the Institute's Committee on National Defense indicates the scope of the scientific activities of its members in the food field. The chairman is Dr. James A. Tobey, Director of the American Institute of Baking of New York and Chicago. Other members include:—

Dr. A. W. Bitting, Food Technologist, San Francisco.

Dr. F. C. Blanck, H. J. Heinz Co., Pittsburgh.

Dr. L. V. Burton, Editor of Food Industries, New York.

Dr. E. J. Cameron, National Canners Association, Washington, D. C.

Dr. W. V. Cruess, University of California, Berkeley.

Dr. W. H. Eddy, Good Housekeeping Bureau, New York.

Dr. B. W. Hammer, Iowa State College, Ames.

Dr. E. H. Harvey, Wilson and Co., Chicago.

Dr. J. W. Kellogg, Institute of American Meat Packers, Chicago.

Dr. O. W. Lang, Hooper Foundation, San Francisco.

Dr. B. E. Proctor, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge.

Dr. J. H. Shrader, Editor of Journal of Milk Technology, Wollaston, Mass.

Dr. F. W. Tanner, University of Illinois, Urbana.

Dr. E. H. Wiegand, Oregon State College, Corvallis.

Also members of the committee in an ex-officio capacity are the president of the Institute, Professor S. C. Prescott, Dean of Science at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology; and the secretary, Dr. G. J. Hucker of the New York Agricultural Experiment Station, Geneva. Many of the members of the committee hold commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps or are veterans of World War I, in which they served in the Nutrition Division of the Sanitary Corps, the Quartermaster Corps, and various other branches of the United States Army.

As a service to national defense, this committee is making available personnel data of value to the War and Navy Departments, and is attempting to provide a reservoir of qualified persons for necessary military duties and essential industrial occupations during a national emergency.

The committee also stands ready to undertake any special assignments requested of it, either through the facilities of individual companies or persons, where feasible, or through committee action.

Another important activity of this group has been the task of keeping the members of the Institute informed regarding national defense affairs, and performing specific services for members in connection with military duties.

Every great commander has realized that the stamina and fighting ability of his soldiers has depended primarily upon the quantity and quality of their rations. The importance of adequate nutrition for our troops has been fully understood by our own military authorities, with the result that the American soldier who receives his daily quota of bread, milk, meat, eggs, fruits, and vegetables, is the best-fed of any fighting man in the world.

The problem of food in actual warfare, both for the soldier and the civilian, is of course more acute than the problem of garrison feeding. In the solution of this complex problem, the Institute of Food Technologists and the industrial firms represented by it hope to be of real service.

Blaik to Be New Army Coach

Brig. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger, Superintendent, U. S. Military Academy, announced this week a complete change in the football coaching policy at West Point, with the appointment of a civilian group headed by Earl H. Blaik, Dartmouth mentor since 1934. Blaik succeeds Capt. William H. Wood.

"The uncertainty of being able to secure the desired Army officer football coaches during the existing national emergency was one factor considered in making the change," stated General Eichelberger.

The Dartmouth coach is bringing with him to West Point his entire coaching staff. Along with his fellow West Pointer, Harry O. Ellinger, his line coach, Red Blaik is bringing four other civilian assistants.

Andrew Gustafson, former University of Pittsburgh fullback and Blaik's backfield coach at Dartmouth since 1934, will have the same position with the cadet team. The end coach will be Frank Moore, who played under Biff Jones at Louisiana State University and who joined Blaik at Dartmouth this past season on the recommendation of Biff Jones. While coaching ends at Oklahoma University under Jones, Moore developed three All America ends.

Ellinger's assistant line coach will be Averill Daniel, another University of Pittsburgh star, who has been at Dartmouth since 1938. Daniel played tackle for one year with the Green Bay Packers and is a specialist in handling men in that position. Blaik will bring with him also his highly successful trainer since 1934, Rollin Bevins.

The Blaik-Ellinger combination has an Army background. Blaik, appointed from Ohio in 1918 was graduated in 1920 as a 2nd Lieutenant and served two years before resigning to go into the contracting business in Dayton, Ohio. The lure of football brought him back to West Point in 1927 as assistant backfield coach, where he remained under three head coaches through the 1938 football season. The head coaches in this period were Captain Lawrence (Biff) Jones, Major Ralph Sasse, and Lieutenant Garrison Davidson.

Harry Ellinger appeared at West Point in 1921 as a Plebe appointee from the Pennsylvania National Guard and played football at guard alongside Ed Garbisch, Army's All America center. Ellinger was not commissioned upon graduation because of physical disability. He turned to football coaching immediately and was brought back to West Point in 1928, remaining until the close of the 1933 season, when he went to Dartmouth with Blaik.

The date when Blaik will take over his new duties is not definite, but he and his staff will be ready for spring practice at West Point.

National Guard Examinations

Announcement was made this week by the War Department that officers, warrant officers and enlisted men of the National Guard relieved from duty because of failure to pass physical examinations upon induction are entitled to re-examination under the modified standards announced 15 Nov.

Just prior to induction of the first National Guard units on 16 Sept., the War Department announced that officers would have to pass the physical examination prescribed AR 40-100 and AR 40-105, and that the standards prescribed would be "strictly adhered to."

A number of National Guard officers were refused induction because of failure to pass the examination. On 15 Nov. the War Department changed its policy to require only one examination and to state that if a final type examination cannot be given until after induction it should include only phases not covered by a preliminary examination. The revised policy

further stated: "In passing upon the physical qualifications of commissioned officers ordered to active duty, it is desired that reasonable waivers be granted where the interests of the government or of the military service is not compromised. Corps Area and Department commanders . . . are authorized to waive physical defects . . . if such defects will not interfere with the satisfactory performance of field duties appropriate to the grade and assignment of the individual concerned, and if the nature of the defect is such that it is not likely to be aggravated to a disabling degree as a result of active military service."

The new policy just issued permits re-examination of officers and men who fail to pass the examination while the policy of "strict adherence" to standards was in effect.

The War Department also will permit National Guardsmen to take their final type physical examination up to 60 days from date of induction so that they might avoid embarrassing complications in their personal affairs.

Referring to the latest decision, Maj. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, Md. Nat. Gd., chairman of the legislative and resolutions committees of the National Guard Association, said, "the National Guard now has everything for which they made requests from the War Department, and our thanks go to General Marshall, as we believe he is the one individual responsible for this splendid result."

Permission to take examinations required for induction, relaxation of physical standards, and the provision for re-examination of officers and men originally passed over, were three of the four policies for which the National Guard campaigned. The fourth request, granted shortly after the first units were inducted, simplified promotion procedure for National Guard officers.

Marine Corps

Organized Marine Corps Reserve battalions mobilized for duty at San Diego, Calif., are being merged with existing units of the Fleet Marine Force to bring those units to full strength. Battalions of the Organized Reserves on the East Coast, now training at Quantico, are also scheduled to lose their identity and will probably go to Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to augment the 1st Brigade of the Fleet Marine Force. The 4th Battalion (infantry) of Newark has already been sent to Parris Island where it was merged with the 7th Battalion (artillery), to increase the size of the artillery unit. The 7th Battalion is engaging in firing practice.

Both the 1st and 2nd Brigades are scheduled for early conversion to divisions, each with a major general commanding and a brigadier general second in command. Each division will have three regiments of infantry, a battalion of 75-mm pack artillery to support each regiment, a battalion of 155-mm howitzers, and supporting engineer, supply, transport and medical troops.

Brig. Gen. John Marston will be detached from headquarters, Department of the Pacific, about 15 Feb. and assigned to the Fleet Marine Force, San Diego. It is understood General Marston will be the brigadier in the 2nd Division when the 2nd Brigade expands to division size.

Two other changes of importance were ordered this week. Brig. Gen. Charles F. B. Price will leave the Naval Examining Board on 6 Jan. to relieve General Marston. Col. Joseph C. Fegan will also leave Washington 6 Jan. for the FMF at San Diego, for assignment by the commanding general, probably to a regimental command. Departure of Colonel Fegan will leave Lt. Col. E. W. Skinner as acting director of the Reserve Division, whose functions have been greatly lightened by the mobilization of all Organized Reserve elements.

Maj. Gen. Thomas Holcomb, major general commanding, returning from an inspection of the Parris Island base, declared himself highly pleased with progress of construction there, as well as morale and training of troops. The post soon will have an adequate water supply, remedying a serious condition which long has existed, General Holcomb said. A deep-well, 3,840 feet deep and believed to be the world's longest, is now being

drilled on the post. Barracks construction is progressing satisfactorily, the commandant said, and the rifle range has been expanded to care for the increased personnel there. A flying inspection of the 1st Marine Brigade in Guantanamo is to be undertaken by the commandant this winter if conditions permit. If appearances before Congress do not conflict and the world situation does not worsen, General Holcomb will fly down to Cuba for a short visit.

Mr. Compton Inspects

Returning from a lengthy inspection trip of West Coast naval facilities on 26 Dec., Assistant Secretary of the Navy Compton declared himself pleased with the progress of ship construction observed.

With the primary objective of inspection of shipbuilding facilities, Mr. Compton and his party visited the Seattle area, the San Francisco area, the Los Angeles-San Pedro area and the San Diego area. He stated that private plants converting vessels to Navy use were doing a "fine job," that Navy yards were proceeding satisfactorily with their overhaul work and that expansion of facilities was proceeding on schedule.

Mr. Compton left Washington 1 Dec., accompanied by Mr. Joseph W. Powell, special assistant for shipbuilding, Capt. L. M. Atkins of the shore establishments division and Comdr. Ralph M. Riggs, aide. He actually returned from his trip 23 Dec., but spent Christmas at his New Jersey home, arriving in Washington the night of 26 Dec.

Sewage Disposal Study

To assure adequate and proper sewage disposal in the many new camps which are now being constructed as a part of the National Defense program, the Construction Division of the Office of The Quartermaster General has negotiated a contract with two engineering organizations which are to study, plan, and make recommendations for sewage treatment.

Construction for Hawaiian Dept.

Construction of additional temporary buildings and facilities at Hickam and Wheeler Fields in the Hawaiian Department was authorized this week by the War Department at a cost of \$1,687,100.

Units to be constructed include enlisted men's barracks, mess halls and day rooms; officers' quarters and mess buildings, and supply, technical and administration facilities.

National Guard Inductions

Two additional National Guard Divisions and a number of smaller units will be ordered to a year's active duty during January by virtue of an executive order signed by the President on 23 Dec.

The executive order provides that on 6 Jan. the following units shall be inducted into Federal service:

HQ and HQ. Bat. 101st CA Brig.
200th CA (AA).
204th CA (AA).
206th CA (AA).
208th CA (AA).
215th CA (AA).
216th CA (AA).
260th CA (AA).
265th CA (HD).
102nd CA Bn. (AA).
105th CA Bn. (AA).
106th CA Bn. (AA).
142nd FA.
184th FA.
142nd Cav.
201st Inf., less 3rd Bn.
101st Anti-tank Bn.
104th Anti-tank Bn.
193rd Tank Bn.
151st Med. Bn.
120th Ob. Sq.

On 13 Jan. the following units will be ordered to duty:

HQ and HQ. Bat. 73rd FA Brig.
111st FA.
190th FA.

263rd CA (HD).
300th CA (AA).

113th Cav.

135th Med. Reg.

102nd Anti-tank Bn.

101st Sig. Bn.

101st Rad. Int. Co.

The 26th Division will be ordered to duty 16 Jan.

On 17 Jan. the 38th Division and the 113th Observation Squadron will be inducted.

FINANCE

Financial Digest

The Treasury Department and the Federal Reserve Board are paying close attention to the factors in the National economy, which make for inflationary tendencies. They include the rises that have taken place in industrial production, wages and prices. The index of the Federal Reserve Board fixed November production at 131, an increase of 31 over the average for the 1935-39 period. According to the National Industrial Conference Board, wages in 25 industries advanced from 72.7 cents per hour last January, to 74.4 cents in October. The Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates that the index for wholesale prices has reached 79.8, the highest point since March 1938.

These figures indicate that we have entered upon a period of increasing production, employment, wages and prices, and the increase will be accelerated as the armament billions pour from the Treasury. It is the expectation of the Administration that the next two years will see general employment, and the practical disappearance of the WPA and other agencies of relief. The President also is disposed to eliminate all government expenditures not directly connected with defense. The savings thus effected will help to reduce government disbursements, but the federal bill will continue high, necessitating heavy increase in the Public Debt and higher taxes. Large wage increases will accompany armament production, and greater sums will be available for corporate and individual spending. It would seem certain that prices will go up, but the officials are confident there will be no steep rise for food, clothing and rent. Their confidence is based in part upon the closure of many of our agricultural export markets and the likelihood that there will be no substantial enlargement of the domestic demand for food. The indication that food prices will be kept down does not appeal to the farmers, who, doubtless, will insist upon further relief. One effect of government interference with natural economic laws is found in the matter of pork products. The corn loans made to farmers have caused them to limit their pig production, and a rise in prices of this food is forecast for the spring.

The President has a great deal of power to curb inflationary tendencies, but more is needed, especially in the matter of price control. A continuing study of the latter is being made, among others, by Mr. Leon Henderson, of the subordinated Advisory Defense Commission. It is expected the President will discuss the need of additional authority in a message to Congress during the impending session, and in view of the imperative necessity of preparing to prevent damaging inflation there is no doubt of immediate enactment of his recommendations.

That the rise in production, wages and prices, will affect security prices is the judgment of many officials in Washington. In support of their view, they point to the report made by the Securities and Exchange Commission on Xmas Eve on the market value and volume of sales on all securities exchanges during November. The market value of total sales was \$901,058,123, an increase of 40.3 per cent over October, and of stock sales, excluding rights and warrants, \$876,128,694, an increase of 48.3 per cent over October. The volume of stock sales, excluding rights and warrants, was 36,826,571 shares, an increase of 55.2 per cent over October's total.

Arlington Cantonment

The United States Postal Service has authorized the establishment of a postal station at Arlington Cantonment, Va., as a branch of the Arlington, Va., post office.

To facilitate the delivery of mail to the Headquarters and the personnel of the 12th Infantry and of Arlington Cantonment such communications should bear the following postal address: "Arlington Cantonment Station, Arlington, Virginia," the Post Office Department's official designation of the branch office.



MERCHANT MARINE

Merchant Marine

The Maritime Commission, after a hiatus of several months, is back in the shipbuilding business again.

Last week, as reported in these columns, it asked bids for construction of five diesel-propelled gasoline tankers for the Navy.

This week it invited bids for, first, a group of C-2 type cargo vessels, either steam or diesel, and, second, for a group of C-2 diesels. Bids will be opened on the optional types 6 Jan. and award may be made to any yard of one to six vessels. The commission actually plans to order six, but may place several contracts if prices are considered satisfactory. On 13 Jan., bids on the diesels will be opened, and it is planned to order four, that being the maximum to be awarded to any one bidder. More than one contract may, however, be placed under this invitation.

Times of delivery of these vessels will be so arranged, it was learned, that bidders now holding Government contracts may undertake construction without enlarging present facilities. In other words, the Commission is endeavoring to place contracts so that construction of new merchant vessels may proceed uninterrupted, and new ships be laid down as ways now occupied are cleared.

The Maritime Commission of 23 Dec. received two bids for construction of two transports for the Marine Corps. Specifications of these vessels have been withheld, but their lines will approximate those of the C-3's. Pusey and Jones of Wilmington bid \$7,268,540 for each of two, adjusted price, and Consolidated Steel Corp. of Los Angeles asked \$4,375,000 for each of two, adjusted price. Consolidated also submitted a fixed price bid \$200,000 higher for each ship.

Still pending, and—according to the Maritime Commission—still "alive" is a Seattle firm's bid to construct two luxury liners for the trans-Pacific trade.

The "Barrel" Is Scrapped

"Ships for Britain" won't mean any more government laid-up ships. There aren't any! To be opened 7 Jan., as previously announced, are bids for purchase of 24 laid-up ships, "as is, where is" without restriction on use. The British will be bidding.

When this group is sold there will remain of the once large laid-up fleet only 20 vessels, 10 of which have been reconditioned for possible emergency use by this nation. Both the Navy and the Maritime Commission are said to be opposed to selling any of these 20 ships.

Private sales, too, have declined in recent weeks. This week the Maritime Commission approved sale of a single schooner to British interest. Last week there were no approvals.

There are still privately owned vessels which could be sold, of course, and there is the new construction which legally cannot be disposed of. But laws can be amended, or variously interpreted.

31 Ship Contracts Awarded

Contracts have been awarded by the Navy Department to private shipyards for the construction of 31 additional naval vessels at an estimated cost of \$265,765,500 and for expansion of facilities at the shipyards receiving contracts, at an estimated cost of \$6,600,000.

The shipyards, number of vessels, and limit of cost on the expansion of facilities, follows:

Willamette Iron and Steel Corp., Portland, Ore., 2 Minelayers, \$1,000,000.

Lake Washington Shipyards, Seattle, Wash., 6 Seaplane Tenders (small).

Associated Shipbuilders, Seattle, Wash., 4 Seaplane Tenders (small), \$700,000.

Ingalls Shipbuilding Co., Pascagoula, Miss., 4 Net Layers, \$2,000,000.

Moore Dry Dock Co., Oakland, Calif., 2 Submarine Tenders; 5 Submarine Rescue Vessels.

Sun Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co., Chester, Pa., 3 Destroyer Tenders, 3 Seaplane Tenders, \$2,500,000.

Los Angeles Shipbuilding & Dry Dock Co., San Pedro, Calif., 2 Repair Ships, \$400,000.

Construction Ahead of Schedule

Construction of the cantonment at Ft. Custer, Battle Creek, Mich., designed for the accommodation of approximately 28,000 troops and involving 19 separate projects, has not only kept abreast of schedule, providing housing requirements and other facilities for troops as they arrive, but is ahead of schedule despite difficulties of weather conditions and sandy soil, the War Department announced this week.

Construction was begun on 19 Aug., and it is estimated, barring unforeseen set-backs due to weather conditions, that construction of all buildings will be completed by the latter part of February, 1941.

USMA Sports

West Point, N. Y.—Army's boxing, fencing and polo teams will engage in 22 matches during the 1941 season, it was announced this week by Lt. Col. Louis E. Hibbs, Graduate Manager of Athletics.

Boxing

Jan. 18, Bucknell; 25, West Virginia; Feb. 1, Western Maryland; 8, Syracuse; 15, Virginia at Charlottesville; 22, Penn State at State College; March 1, Cornell; 8, Intercollegiates at Syracuse.

Fencing

Jan. 18, Cornell; 25, Penn State; Feb. 1, New York Athletic Club; 8, Yale; 15, Harvard; 22, Princeton; March 1, Navy, Yale, Harvard and Princeton at Princeton; 8, New York University at New York; 12, Columbia; 22, St. John's University; 29, Intercollegiates at New York.

Polo

Jan. 18, Norwich; 25, Yale; Feb. 1, Pennsylvania Military College; 15, Princeton; March 1, Cornell.

Western Michigan Reserve

Western Michigan Reserve Officers gave a testimonial banquet and farewell party in Grand Rapids on 23 Dec. for Lt. Col. Rhodes F. Arnold, Inf., their district executive, who has been ordered to duty at Nacimiento, Calif., 1 Jan. A bound copy of a resolution expressing regret at his departure and signed by all of the officers was presented to Colonel Arnold.

Reserve affairs in western Michigan will be taken over by Lt. Col. William H. McCarty, Inf., who was ordered to active duty in Colonel Arnold's office last September.

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since 20 Dec. 1940

Last promotion to the grade of Col. Claude M. Thiele, CAC, No. 85. Vacancies—None. Senior Lt. Col.—Cedric M. S. Skene, CAC, No. 86.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Byron A. Falk, Sig. C., No. 2251.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Martin H. Burek, FA, No. 1497.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Elvin F. Maughan, AC, No. 232.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—E. Harrison Williams, CE, No. 350.

Non-Promotion List

1st Lt. Leon J. Numatville, (Capt., Army of U. S.), Medical Corps, promoted to Captain, Medical Corps.

1st Lt. Henry C. Vedder, (Capt., Army of U. S.), Medical Corps, promoted to Captain, Medical Corps.

1st Lt. Charles S. Winston, (Capt., Army of U. S.), Dental Corps, promoted to Captain, Dental Corps.

1st Lt. Jay J. Palmer, (Capt., Army of U. S.), Medical Corps, promoted to Captain, Medical Corps.

1st Lt. Walter J. Reedy, (Capt., Army of U. S.), Medical Corps, promoted to Captain, Medical Corps.

1st Lt. Albert W. Kuske, (Capt., Army of U. S.), Medical Corps, promoted to Captain, Medical Corps.

1st Lt. Thomas E. Patton, (Capt., Army of U. S.), Medical Corps, promoted to Captain, Medical Corps.

Capt. Robert E. Bitner, Medical Corps, promoted to Major, Medical Corps.

Capt. Frederick W. Hagan, Chaplain, promoted to rank of Major, Chaplains.

Warrant Officers

420 on the eligible list to be Warrant Officers. Appointments have been made through C. T. Meagher.

3 on the eligible list to be Band Leaders

(white). Appointments have been made through Peter A. Parkinson.

2 on the eligible list to be Band Leaders (colored). Appointments have been made through John J. Brice.

4 Warrant Officers have been discharged for the purpose of accepting active duty as Reserve Officers.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

The following officers of the Civil Engineer Corps who were recently selected for promotion to captain have, or will become eligible for promotion on the dates shown opposite their names:

Henry F. Bruns, 23 June 1938.

John T. Mathews, 1 July 1940.

Paul J. Seares, 1 July 1940.

Ben Morell, 1 July 1941.

Carl A. Trelax, 1 July 1941.

Alden K. Fogg, 1 July 1941.

Ralph E. Thomas, 1 July 1941.

Edward C. Seibert, 1 July 1941.

William Henry Smith, 1 July 1941.

Edward L. Marshall, 1 July 1941.

John J. Manning, 1 July 1941.

William M. Angus, 1 July 1941.

Lewis B. Combs, 1 July 1941.

MARINE PROMOTION STATUS

Last commissioned in grade

New Army Regulations*(Continued from First Page)*

of paragraph 5, or by the orders of higher authority.

"(4) Preservation, proper application, and use of public property.

"(5) Enforcement of laws and regulations, including the exercise of court-martial jurisdiction in accordance with the Articles of War.

"(6) Proper condition of quarters.

"(7) Enforcement of rigid economy in public expenditures.

"(8) Correction of all irregularities and extravagance he may discover or which may be reported to him.

"(9) Guarding of the public interests in every particular.

"(10) Preservation and promotion of harmonious relations with civilians.

"c. The duties listed in b above and those which are mentioned hereafter as pertaining to the post commander may be delegated in whole or in part to the post executive unless such delegation is prohibited by the provisions of paragraph 3b.

"d. Training facilities and supervision of training.—The post commander will be responsible for providing all units at his post with a proportionate share of available and appropriate training facilities. Responsibility for the supervision of the training of a unit will rest with such unit's next higher tactical commander unless otherwise ordered by higher authority.

"e. Report to higher commander.—Upon his reporting to his station for duty, upon his departure on leave, or upon his relief from or return to duty, the post commander will inform his next higher territorial commander concerned in writing of the pertinent dates and facts concerning such change of status and, if applicable, the name of the officer who will be post commander in his absence.

"f. Staff of post commander.—A post commander will appoint a staff to assist him in the administration of his post. Such staff will be separate and distinct from any staff which he may have by reason of being the commander of a tactical unit and will be selected from members of the station complement. The official designation and address of the staff officers will be, the executive, the adjutant, the quartermaster, the surgeon, etc., followed by the name of the post.

"g. Post executive.—The post executive will be the senior officer of the station complement not ineligible to command under the provisions of paragraph 3, AR 600-20."

41st Inf. (Armored)

The officers and ladies of the 41st Infantry (Armored), Ft. Benning, Ga., attended a dinner dance Wednesday night, 18 Dec. 1940, at the Cherokee Lodge, Columbus, Ga. The affair was the first regimental social function sponsored by the unit since its organization at Fort Benning in mid-August. Guests of honor were Col. and Mrs. A. C. Gillem, and Lt. Col. and Mrs. Geoffrey Keyes.

An interesting sidelight of the party was the presentation by Lt. Col. P. W. Newgarden, the regimental commander, and Mrs. Newgarden of gifts provided by the 41st Infantry (Armored) Officers' Association. Recipients of wedding presents were: Lt. and Mrs. A. J. Anderson, Lt. and Mrs. J. P. Campbell, Lt. and Mrs. W. C. Hess, Lt. and Mrs. H. A. Carroll, Lt. and Mrs. M. J. Heller, and Lt. and Mrs. E. W. Gates. Baby cups were presented to the following-named motherproxies: Mrs. M. J. Morin, Mrs. O. H. Moore, Mrs. R. T. Dunn, Mrs. W. N. Bushaw, and Mrs. R. E. Bynum.

Sixty-five couples and twenty-two stags attended the function and a pleasant time, apparently, was had by all.

Assume Reserve Duties

1st Sgt. Robert E. Ragan, Co. D, 68th Armored Regiment, has been discharged at Ft. Benning, Ga., to assume his new duties as a Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Reserve. He is now stationed at the Overseas Discharge and Replacement Depot at Ft. Moultrie, S. C. Lieutenant Ragan enlisted as a private in the 2nd Tank Company at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., on 2 Dec. 1926 and reached the grade of First Sergeant in August, 1940.

1st Sgt. Walter M. Oakes of the same company also relinquished his duties as an enlisted man to assume his new duties as a First Lieutenant in the Infantry Reserves and is now stationed at Ft. Bragg, N. C. Lieutenant Oakes enlisted as a private in Co. D, 9th Infantry on 22 Feb. 1929 and was made First Sergeant on 1 Dec. 1940.

Progress in Radio

A "year-end statement" issued this week, by Col. David Sarnoff, Sig.-Res., President, Radio Corporation of America, states:

"Opportunities for radio to progress are as unending as the years. As Time turns the calendar to 1941, the New Year brings promise of advances all along the line of communications. Research and engineering, working with such forces and tools as electrons and the vacuum tube, can be depended upon to deliver new achievements in radio within the year.

"The progress to be expected is mirrored in radio's record of 1940. National defense will continue as the No. 1 program of the laboratories, manufacturing plants and broadcasting studios.

"The New Year inherits from the Old, new and powerful short-wave transmitters, prominent among them two modern installations now being put on the air at Bound Brook, N. J., by the National Broadcasting Company. These stations, operating with directional beam aerials, are designed to increase the dependability and clarity of reception throughout Latin America.

"For home reception too, American broadcasters constantly are improving their transmitters by taking advantage of the latest devices. An outstanding example in this field of development is WEAF's new transmitter at Port Washington, Long Island, which sprays its clear-toned waves over an all-water route to New York as testimony of the effectiveness of modern radio.

"Experiments in television and frequency modulation will be continued as the engineers test new devices and explore the possibilities in both fields. A demonstration of large-screen television in a New York theatre is one of the early prospects of the New Year. The camera-eye of television is being made more sensitive; it becomes effective without intense illumination. Through research on improvement of the optical system, progress is being made in enlargement of the pictures without loss of definition.

"The unfathomed science of electronics is such a part of radio that the directions in which it may advance are unlimited. Today inventions in radio are spreading their usefulness in other industrial fields. Among the paramount research developments of 1940, which will be extended to 1941, is the electron microscope developed in the RCA Laboratories. Capable of magnifying bacteria and other tiny particles of matter far beyond any size heretofore obtainable with the most powerful optical microscopes, this instrument is opening new fields for exploration in bacteriology, industry, physics and chemistry. It holds much promise for the future.

"At the end of this year, as in the past, the scientific victories in radio will be traced to the laboratory. Research and American ingenuity form an unbeatable combination for the advance of science in the public interest."

Ft. Bragg Construction

The Army building program at Fort Bragg, N. C., where one of the largest cantonment areas of the country is under construction, is not only being completed on schedule but more than 6,000 officers and men already have moved into new housing built since 1 Sept. and finished ahead of schedule. Construction of buildings to accommodate the rest of the garrison totaling nearly 65,000 officers and men is progressing rapidly.

Completion dates of projects now under construction, and which will be met according to Lt. Col. Lawrence L. Simpson, Constructing Quartermaster, follow: 2 Jan., 41st Eng. area, 1st Bn. 6th FA area; 6 Jan., balance of 9th Div. area; 15 Jan., half of 2,000 bed cantonment hospital; 25 Jan., water mains project; 27 Jan., one Nat. Guard area for 112th FA, 178th FA and 134th Med. Reg.; 30 Jan., balance of cantonment hospital; 10 Feb., 48th QM area, 1st Bn. 76th CA (AA) area and 1st Bn. 77th CA (AA) area; 15 Feb., part of FA replacement center for initial cadre; 1 Mar., balance of FA replacement center to accommodate 16,500 officers and men, and 15 Mar., bakery, refrigeration and sewage projects.

Three Selection Boards Named

Membership of three Navy selection boards was announced today by the Navy Department.

The three boards, one for the Medical Corps, one for the Supply Corps, and one for the Naval Reserve, will convene 6 Jan.

Rear Adm. Charles M. Oman (MC), USN, will be president of the board which will select commanders of the Medical Corps for promotion to captain and lieutenant commanders for promotion to commander. Members of the board will be Capts. Dallas G. Sutton, Gardner E. Robertson, Joseph J. S. McMullin, Gordon D. Hale, Harold L. Jensen and Jesse W. Allen, all of the Medical Corps. Comdr. Joseph J. Kaveney (MC), USN, will be recorder.

Heading the selection board which will recommend officers of the Supply Corps for promotion to grade of rear admiral will be Rear Adm. Arthur F. Huntington (SC), USN. Members will be Rear Adms. Trevor W. Lutze and Ray Spear, of the Supply Corps. Comdr. William J. Carter (SC), USN, will be recorder.

Capt. Lew M. Atkins, USN, will be president of the selection board which will recommend officers of the line of the Naval Reserve, Class CC-V (S), engineering officers for construction duty only, for promotion to grades of commander and captain. Members of the board are Capt. Harold E. Saunders, USN, Capt. Adrian R. Marron, USN, Capt. Albert L. Swasey, (CC-V (S)), USN, and Comdr. Gordon W. Nelson, USN. The recorder will be Lt. Kenneth H. Kalmusbach (D-V (S)), USN.

West Point Examinations

Eight National Guardsmen in New York have been named by Governor Lehman to take the entrance examinations for the United States Military Academy in March. The men selected finished highest in competitions held in November at New York City, Fort Dix and Fort McClellan where most of the units of the 27th and 44th Divisions already in the Federal Service are stationed.

Pvt. Henry A. Grace, Battery B, 187th FA, a student in the West Point Department of the Brooklyn Academy stands first on the list. Four other students of the same academy also are among those named to take the examinations. They are: Sgt. Paul F. Jones, Co. C, 102nd Anti-Tank Bn.; Pvt. Marvin Shapiro, Battery A, 187th FA; Pvt. Robert G. Conrad, Co. D, 102nd QM Reg., and Sgt. Alexander T. Armstrong, Co. C, 102nd Anti-Tank Bn.

Christmas Greetings

The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is pleased to acknowledge with thanks and reciprocity the many messages of good wishes sent to it on the Christmas season. Among them were the following:

The Remount Service and The American Remount Association; Brig. Gen. F. B. Watson, USA-Ret., and the USMA Class of '93; the 8th Reconnaissance Troop, 8th Division, Ft. Jackson, S. C.; the Chief of Finance and the officers on duty in his office; the Retired Officers' Association; Lieutenant Colonel Pearson, Major Rohan, Captain Owings, Captain Gruber, Staff Sergeant Crichton, and Sergeant Herald, of the Army Information Service; The Hydrographic Office, U. S. Navy; the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice; the 11th Engineers, Ft. Clayton, Canal Zone; Mr. Edgar S. Gorrell; Mr. Charles J. Leach; Mr. Mark O'Dea; Mr. Wallace Magathan, Jr.; Mr. Al Davis; Aeromarine Corporation of America; the Glenn L. Martin Company, and many others.

Prevention of Flu

"It has been demonstrated that troops in Army stations are comparatively less susceptible to the spread of influenza and other respiratory diseases than are nearby civilian communities," the War Department announced this week. An example was cited of one southern community which was struck particularly hard by the wave of flu, while soldiers in adjoining Army camps who live a more hardening outdoor life, who have the best of food and who are dressed uniformly in adequate clothing

were almost free from the disease. Blame for the report and spread of influenza was placed on the uncertain weather conditions at this time of year. It was added that flu is particularly prevalent in the fall and early winter when it is hard to decide whether or not to "turn on the heat."

Promotion of War Officers

The Judge Advocate General has interpreted the Act of 13 June 1940, providing for promotion of retired Army officers who were decorated and officially recommended in writing for promotion during the World War but who did not obtain the higher rank, to include all such decorated officers who were returned to the United States for assignment to new units even though the promotion of these officers was not recommended in writing. Since these officers would have been promoted one grade on their arrival in the United States it is considered they are entitled to promotion under a strict interpretation of the Act.

Navy Basketball

Annapolis, Md.—Navy's 1941 basketball schedule is announced as follows:

4:30 p.m. Jan. 8	Catholic University
8:30 p.m. Jan. 11	Columbia University (at New York City)
4:00 p.m. Jan. 15	Gettysburg College
2:30 p.m. Jan. 18	Penn State College
4:00 p.m. Jan. 22	Georgetown University
2:30 p.m. Jan. 25	Univ. of N. Carolina
2:30 p.m. Feb. 1	Univ. of Virginia
4:00 p.m. Feb. 5	Univ. of Maryland
8:30 p.m. Feb. 8	Duke University (at Durham, N. C.)
4:00 p.m. Feb. 12	George Washington Univ.
2:30 p.m. Feb. 15	Wm. and Mary College
4:00 p.m. Feb. 19	Univ. of Pennsylvania
2:30 p.m. Feb. 22	Temple University
2:30 p.m. Mar. 1	U. S. Military Academy

(All games at Annapolis, except as noted.)

Gene Tunney Commissioned

James J. Tunney, former heavyweight champion of the world, on 20 Dec. was tendered a commission as lieutenant commander in the Naval Reserve by Secretary of the Navy Knox, in the presence of Undersecretary Forrestal and ranking Navy and Marine Corps officers.

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Rank for Army Nurses

The former custom of addressing members of the Army Nurse Corps by the title of their relative rank has been restored by the War Department.

The Adjutant General this week issued a letter rescinding effective 18 Dec. the policy of referring to members of the corps as "Nurse" or "Chief Nurse," as the case might be.

Now nurses will be referred to in both correspondence and direct address as "Second Lieutenant." Chief nurses will be referred to as "First Lieutenant." Assistant superintendents will be addressed as "Captain," and the superintendent of the Army Nurse Corps will be referred to as "Major."

In practice, under the former policy it had been the custom in speaking to nurses to employ the title "Miss" in lieu of "Nurse" or "Lieutenant."

Second Corps Area**Ft. DuPont, Del.**

Maj. Gen. Karl Truesdell, First Division Commander, visited this post on 17 Dec. to inspect training of the 1st Engr. Bn.

Chemical warfare supplies on this post was inspected on 18 Dec., by Col. Leigh F. J. Zerbee, Corps Area Chemical Officer.

An informal visit by Brig. Gen. Forrest E. Williford, Commanding General of the 2nd Coast Artillery District, New York, was made here on 18 Dec.

Basketball supplies for the week at this post were: Co. A, 1st Engr. Bn., 29, 70th Engr. Co., 27, QMC Det., 37, Hqrs. Co., 1st Engrs. Bn., 28, Co. C, 1st Engr. Bn., 35, Qm. Det., 20, Co. B, 1st Engr. Bn., 40, Medicos, 14.

On Tuesday, 24 Dec. Santa Claus visited this post and distributed presents and candy to the children. In the evening the singing of Christmas carols were conducted under the supervision of Chaplain Samuel E. Donald.

Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.

Col. Eley P. Dennison, commanding officer of the 18th Infantry, was the guest speaker at a radio broadcast over station WMCA, in which the regimental band also participated.

The Holy Name Society of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church on Fourth Ave., Brooklyn, gave a "mug party" in which approximately 300 enlisted men and several officers from this post attended. Entertainment was given by both soldier and civilian talent. Refreshments were served, and the speakers included Col. T. L. Crystal, Chief of Staff of the First Division; Col. Eley P. Dennison, post commander, and Monsignor Joseph Kelly.

Over a nation-wide hook-up, over station WEAF, General Karl Truesdell, 1st Division Commander, delivered an inspiring address and presented the Fourragere—the French Croix de Guerre decoration awarded to the Division during the World War—to Private Michael Cunningham of A Company, 18th Infantry.

Ft. Hancock, N. J.

The weekly amateur show presented in the YMCA auditorium was a huge success. More than 700 soldiers were present.

The Glee Club of the Brooklyn, N. Y., lodge of Elks, No. 22, under the leadership of Lawrence McCarthy presented a program of outstanding talent featuring soloists, quartettes, dancing chorus and story tellers.

The Honor Legion Boys Band from New York City Police Department were also guest artists for this affair. The band was under the leadership of Major Hackett and William Ryan. The Post Recreation Officer is Major Edward C. Richards, 245th C. A.

Madison Barracks, N. Y.

The Corps Area Commander, Brig. Gen. Irving J. Phillipson, accompanied by his aide, Capt. Cary V. Hutchinson, Cav., paid a brief visit to this post on Wed., 18 Dec. While here, General Phillipson made an inspection of the construction activities here and at Pine Camp, N. Y.

Headquarters Battery, First Division Artillery, is holding top place in the Post

basketball League, which started a few weeks ago.

Ft. Niagara, N. Y.

Arriving from Fort Ontario, N. Y., Lt. Col. Clayton G. Herman, Inf., has been assigned to duty as Executive Officer of the 1213th Service Unit.

Bids on the \$197,000 building program for this post were opened this week by the Quartermaster. No awards have been made at this time but are expected to be announced in the near future.

Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

Capt. Edward F. Engel, Seneca Falls, N. Y., First Lieutenants Sheldon Church, Albany; William G. Ford, Buffalo; Martin B. Tinker, Ithaca, all Medical Reserve officers, reported for duty at the station hospital this past week.

Two members of the Army Nurse Corps Reserve, Miss Anna Zahradnick, and Miss Margaret Sanders, reported at the station hospital during the past week, at the station hospital this past week.

Two Regular Army Instructors of the 369th C. A. (AA); Col. Chauncey M. Hooper, Commanding Officer of the 369th, and seven members of his staff, all arrived on Saturday, 21 Dec., on an inspection tour in connection with the arrival of the 369th CA, next month for one year's training.

Plattsburgh Barracks, N. Y.

Testing the efficiency of the Winter equipment under severe conditions, one hundred and five enlisted men, under the direction of ten officers, left for one week's ski and snowshoe training at Lake Placid, N. Y. The men already had two week's of ski and snowshoe maneuvers at this post. The detail leaving this week will be replaced by another similar group next week.

Regimental gas training has completed its first phase with the conclusion of the gas school for officers and noncommissioned officers under the direction of Lt. Theodore J. Voll, CWS-Res. Unit gas schools are now under way and will continue for two or three weeks more. The Anti-Tank Company has been conducting anti-tank defense exercises at the nearby Macomb Military Reservation at Schuyler Falls. Even the 26th Infantry Medical Detachment has its own winter problems, with ski and snowshoe training for the men and with practice exercises in carrying patients by litter under winter field conditions.

Ft. Tilden, N. Y.

Maj. Ignacio C. de Azambuja, of Brazil, in company with Major Godfrey from Corps Area Headquarters, visited this post on 16 Dec. Major Harold P. Hennessy, 7th CA, commander of the post, welcomed the guests.

A Christmas party was held on Friday evening, 20 Dec. Gifts were distributed among the men.

Ft. Totten, N. Y.

Standing of the 1st division, inter-battery tournament of the 26 games of basketball played to date: Battery A, won 3 games, and lost none, has an average of 1.000. Battery D, won 2, lost none, also averaged 1.000. Hq. Btry. 1st Bn., won 1 and lost 1, average .500. C Battery won 1 and lost 2, average .333. B Battery lost 2, average .000; and the QMC also lost 2, and averaged .000. In the 2nd division, F Battery won 2 and lost none, average 1.000. Hq. Btry., won 2 and lost none, also averaged 1.000. H Battery neither won nor lost, but still average 1.000. G Btry. won 1 and lost 1, average .500. E Btry. won 1 and lost 2, average .333, and Hq. Btry. 2nd Bn., lost 3, and averaged .000.

New York University**R. O. T. C.**

Staff Sergeant Frank C. Flick, who, for the past seven years has been the ranking non-commissioned officer with the ROTC unit here, has accepted an appointment as a warrant officer in the U. S. Army, and assigned to the Adjutant General's Department, Headquarters, Second Corps Area, Governors Island, N. Y.

Bakers and Cooks Promotions

The War Department this week announced promotion of 199 non-commissioned officers of the Quartermaster Corps with bakers and cooks ratings, to act as instructors in food preparation for trainees to insure good meals for all of the thousands of men to be inducted into the service. The promotions will be made the latter part of this month and will come from temporary lists of eligibles. The permanent eligibility list of bakers and cooks has been exhausted.

Technical Sergeants with a bakers and cooks rating, or First Sergeants of bakery companies, will be eligible for promotion to Master Sergeant (bakers and cooks). Staff Sergeants with bakers and cooks rating or First Sergeants, bakery companies, will be eligible for promotion to the grade of Technical Sergeant, bakers and cooks.

Enlisted men in all branches of the Army who either have graduated from the Bakers and Cooks courses or from one of the schools for bakers and cooks will be eligible for promotion to Staff Sergeant, bakers and cooks, and enlisted men of the Quartermaster Corps who have successfully completed the bakers course at one of the bakers and cooks schools may be promoted to Staff Sergeants, bakers.

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